Instruction Manual

μR1800

Models 4370□□
μR1800 Recorder

YOKOGAWA ◆

Yokogawa Electric Corporation

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the μR1800 Recorder.
To take full advantage of all functions of the μR1800 Industrial Recorder, and to operate this instrument correctly and efficiently, please read this Instruction Manual carefully before use.

NOTES
• YOKOGAWA reserves the right to change this manual at any time without notice.
• If you find any ambiguities or errors in this manual, please inform YOKOGAWA.
• This manual is the eighth edition, July 1998.
Previous editions were released as follows:

November '92	first edition
May '93	second edition
October '93	third edition
April '94	fourth edition
October '95	fifith edition
April '96	sixth edition
May '98	seventh edition
July '98	eighth edition

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- The μR1800 is a Component Type instrument and should be mounted on a panel.
- The μR1800(except portable type) is a Safety ClassI instrument (provided with terminal for protective earthing).
- The μR1800(except portable type) is an EN55011(EMI standard) Group 1, Class A instrument.
- This instrument complies with Inatallation Category ll.

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific WARNINGS given elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. YOKOGAWA Electric Corporation assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

General definitions of safety symbols used on equipment and in manuals

Explanation: To avoid injury, death of personnel or damage to the instrument, the operator must refer to an explanation in the instruction manual.

Protective grounding terminal: To protect against electrical shock in case of a fault. This symbol indicates that the terminal must be connected to ground before operation of equipment.

High temperature: To avoid injury caused by hot surface, don't touch the heatsink.

WARNING

A **WARNING** sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, condition or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or death of personnel.

CAUTION

A **CAUTION** sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, condition or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part of the product.

WARNING

Power Supply
Ensure the source voltage matches the voltage of the power supply before turning on the power.

Protective Grounding
Make sure to connect the protective grounding to prevent an electric shock before turning on the power.

Necessity of Protective Grounding
Never cut off the internal or external protective grounding wire or disconnect the wiring of protective grounding terminal. Doing so poses a potential shock hazard.

Defect of Protective Grounding and Fuse
Do not operate the instrument when protective grounding or fuse might be defective.

Fuse
To prevent a fire, make sure to use the fuse with specified standard (current, voltage, type). Before replacing the fuse, turn off the power and disconnect the power source. Do not use a different fuse or short-circuit the fuse holder.

Do not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere
Do not operate the instrument in the presence of flammable liquids or vapors. Operation of any electrical instrument in such an environment constitutes a safety hazard.

Never Touch the Interior of the Instrument
Inside this instrument there are areas of high voltage; therefore, never touch the interior if the power supply is connected. This instrument has an internal changeable system; however, internal inspection and adjustments should be done by qualified personnel only.

External Connection
To ground securely, connect the protective grounding before connecting to measurement or control unit.

CONTENTS

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

This manual describes the standard functions, operation procedures and some of the optional functions of the pen model and dot printing model of the μR1800 recorder.

To use this manual in the most efficient way, please refer to the following table. In this table the aim of the user is broken down into five broad categories. Please check which are applicable to you and refer to the corresponding chapters.

Purchase & Installation	First Time Setting	Daily Operation	Changing Settings	Maintenance & Trouble-shooting	Chapters
●	●	●	●	●	Safety Precautions
○	○		○		1 Features and Functions
●					2 Before Operation
●					3 Installation
	●	●	●	○	4 Component Names and Functions
	○	●	○		5 Daily Operation
	●		●		6 How to Enter Settings
	●		●		7 Basic Settings
	○		○		8 Auxiliary Settings (AUX)
	○		○		9 Changing Initial Settings
○	○		○	○	10 General Specifications
				●	11 Maintenance
	○		○	●	12 Troubleshooting

● : necessary to read   ○ : optional to read

For operation procedures of options, which are not described in this manual, refer to specific option manuals.

Chapter 1 FEATURES AND FUNCTIONS

This chapter describes the main features and functions of the µR1800 recorder. The µR1800 is equipped with all the functions which can be expected in a modern recorder, whereas its functions also reflect the latest user requirements.

1.1 Features

The µR1800 recorder is a precision measuring instrument that is equipped with many outstanding features:

Compact sized, high reliability: Its compact size (depth 220mm) allows you to install the µR1800 where only a limited space is available. In case of the pen model, a contact-free potentiometer and a brushless-DC servomotor contribute to its high reliability. In case of the dot printing model, high reliability is obtained by the use of high break down voltage solid-state relays.

Universal inputs: Inputs like DC-voltage, Thermocouple (TC), Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD), and Digital Input (contact) can all be conveniently used. There is no need to change any dipswitches; the type of input can be set using the key-board.

Easy interactive setting: The setting procedure has been made very easy, by using only panel keys. The µR1800 asks you to select the desired settings, without the need for remembering difficult setting-codes.

Large informative operator display: The large sized, VFD, display shows the measured data (including the engineering units) or clock, and bargraph at the same time. There are two types of bargraph available: percentage-display, and center-zero display. Because of its 1%-resolution, the bargraph displays very accurately.

Continuous pen recording for up to four channels (pen model only): Depending on your µR1800 model type, the µR1800 can measure up to four channels simultaneously. This allows you to decrease the number of recorders you require.

Universal power supply (except for /P1 model): The µR1800 accepts 90 to 250VAC (except 132 to 180VAC), and 50/60Hz without any problems, or need to turn switches. Therefore the µR1800 is compatible with a wide variety of power supplies.

High performance: The sampling speed of the µR1800 pen model is high at 125 ms, whereas the recording cycle of the µR1800 dot printing model is 6 ch./10 seconds, or 12ch./15sec., 18ch./20sec. or 24ch./30sec. depending on the model.
The µR1800 is equipped with many functions. Special functions can be ordered as an option. Furthermore, its power consumption is low (4pen model; 30VA under normal operation conditions).

Easy maintenance: Because of the use of many contact-free parts, the need for maintenance has been decreased. The µR1800 is designed in modules, which decreases the time needed for maintenance extensively.

Closed case: The closed case of the µR1800 allows it to be used in many environments. The front door is in accordance with DIN 40050-IP54.

Computer interface and memory card: If equipped with this option, the µR1800 can store and retrieve measured data as well as setting data, using an IC memory card or directly from your PC. The available interface is RS-422-A.

Based on international safety standards: The µR1800 (except portable type) is based on international safety standards, such as the IEC 348.

1.2 Summary of Functions

This paragraph describes a summary of the main functions, together with a recording example.

RECORDING

Trend: records in a way that the dots do not overlap (dot model only)
Zone: records on different bands (zones) for individual channels
Partial: expands part of the recording range for detailed examination
POC: Pen Offset Compensation: removes the time-axis offset between pens (pen model only)

PRINTOUT

Channel printout: contains channel No. besides analog recording (dot model only)
List printout: contains date, time, chart speed (1 & 2), channel No. or tag, range, span values, scale values, partial values and contents of messages (for example, see 5.3.4)
Manual printout: contains date and time, channel No., type of alarm, latest measured values, units (for all channels)
Alarm printout: contains channel or tag No., type of alarm, level, mark ($\triangle$ for occurence, $\triangledown$ for recover; in case of the dot model, red and blue respectively) and alarm ON/OFF-time
Periodic printout: contains date & time, tag or channel No., POC ON mark ($\ast$; for pen model only), unit, scale markings (may not be printed while alarm occurs), chart speed, measured values and recording color (for pen model) and time tick (for dot model)
Message printout: contains time and message
Recording start printout: contains time when recording starts
Chart speed change: contains time and new chart speed
SET UP List printout: contains initial settings concerning analog recording, digital printing, alarms, burnout, RJC and options (for example, see 5.3.5)

NOTE The alarm, channel (for dot model), periodic, message, recording start and chart speed change printout depend on the chart speed. The size of the characters varies depending on the chart speed.
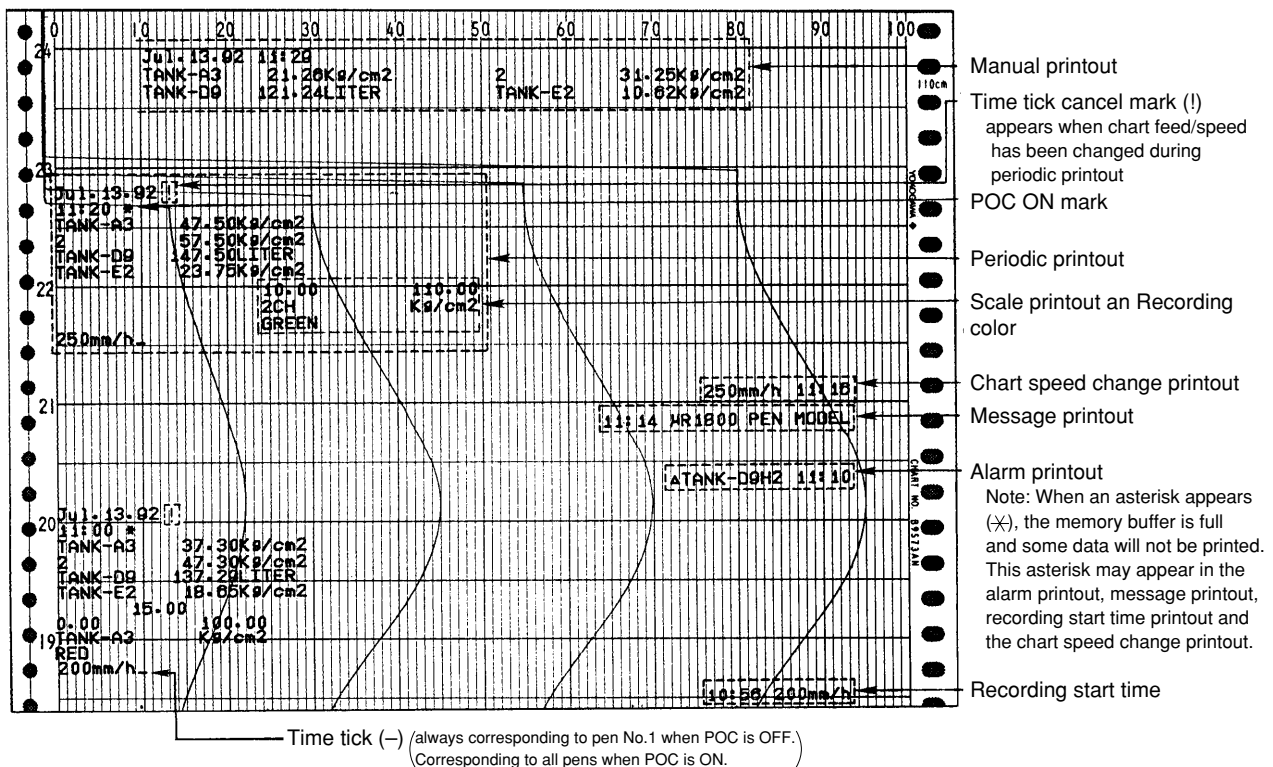
Figure 1.1 Recording Example for Pen Model

1 - 2

Alarm printout
Note: When an asterisk appears (∗), the memory buffer is full and some data will not be printed. This asterisk may appear in the alarm printout, message printout, recording start time printout and the chart speed change printout.

Message printout
Chart speed change printout
Time tick (–)∗1
Manual printout

Periodic printout
Channel printout

Recording start time
Time tick (–)∗1

∗1: will not be printed when the time does not correspond with the correct place on the chart.

Figure 1.2 Recording Example for Dot Model

ALARM

Type of alarms:
- H: high limit
- L: low limit
- h: high difference limit
- l: low difference limit
- R: rate-of-change limit on increasing signal
- r: rate-of-change limit on decreasing signal

Hysteresis: hysteresis value as a % of span which can be 0% or approx. 0.5%

Alarm output relay: when alarm occurs, the relay will be activated (optional)

Reflash: monitors repeating alarm occurrences among a group of alarms sharing the same output relay (optional)

FAIL/Chart-end output: output relay is activated when chart reaches its end and/or when failure of equipment occurs (optional)

INPUT

Type of inputs:
- TC: Thermocouple
- RTD: Resistance Temperature Detector
- DC-voltage
- DC-current: using optional external shunt resistor
- DI: Digital Input (contact)

Burnout: when TC-wire is broken, pens will move to left or right side

Filter: (signal damping) selects the time constant of signal damping (for pen model)

Moving average: selects the number of samples for moving average (for dot model)

DISPLAY

Left-referenced bargraph: measured data are displayed as a %, on a 0 to 100% scale
Center-zero bargraph: center of the recording span is reference and deviation is displayed as a bargraph
Clock: year/month/day and hours/minutes/seconds
Measured data: AUTO: all channels will be shown alternately
MAN: a specified channel only will be shown
Alarm: channel No., type of alarm (display), channel No. (underneath bargraph, for dot model)
Status indicators: RCD: illuminated when recording is in progress
POC: illuminated when POC is being used (for pen model)
SET: illuminated when in SET Mode
AUTO: illuminated when AUTO display is used
MAN: illuminated when Manual display is used
CLK: illuminated when Clock display is used
ALM: illuminated/flashing when alarm occurs
CHT: illuminated when approx. 2cm are left till chart end (option)
BAT: illuminated/flashing when battery needs to be replaced

CALCULATION

Difference calc (DELT): takes the difference between the measured values of two channels
Linear scaling (SCL): sets different scale (and unit) to a specific range
Square root (SQRT): takes the square root of measured data
MATH: calculates basic arithmetic computations, SQRT, ABS, LOG, EXP, logical and relational computation (optional)
TLOG: calculates statistic computation for time axis (optional)

COMPUTER INTERFACE (Optional)
RS-422-A

IC MEMORY CARD (Optional)
Storage and retrieval of setting parameters and measured data

REMOTE CONTROL (Optional)
Message printout, manual printout, periodic printout, recording ON/OFF, chart speed change, TLOG START/STOP, IC memory card trigger.

Chapter 2 BEFORE OPERATION

This chapter describes the preparations to be made before you can operate the µR1800 recorder. To use the µR1800, it is necessary to read this chapter first.

2.1 Handling Precautions

Cleaning
The µR1800 contains many plastic parts, like door window and panels. Therefore never attempt to clean the µR1800 with chemicals like benzene or thinner.

Static electricity
Do not bring any objects charged with static electricity near the signal terminals. This might cause malfunction.

Insecticide sprays, etc.
Do not allow any volatile substances such as insecticides etc. to come in contact with the front door, the operation panel, etc. Do not allow rubber or vinyl to remain in contact with the recorder for long periods.

After use
Ensure that the power switch is turned to the OFF position.

In case of malfunction
Never continue to use the instrument if there are any symptoms of malfunction such as unusual sounds, smell, or smoke coming from the instrument. Immediately disconnect the power supply and stop further use of the instrument. If such abnormal symptoms occur, contact your sales representative or nearest service center.

2.2 Checking the Contents

This µR1800 was thoroughly inspected before it was shipped from the factory. However, when you receive the µR1800, check that all accessories are present and in the correct quantities. Also check the external appearance of the µR1800 to ascertain that no damage has occurred.

2.2.1 Checking Accessories and Appearance

The µR1800 should be accompanied by the accessories indicated in figure 2.1. Check that all are present in the correct quantities. Also check the external appearance of the µR1800 to ascertain that no damage has occurred. If you discover any problem concerning the quantity of accessories or external appearance, please contact your sales representative or the nearest service center. Addresses may be found on the back cover of this Instruction Manual.
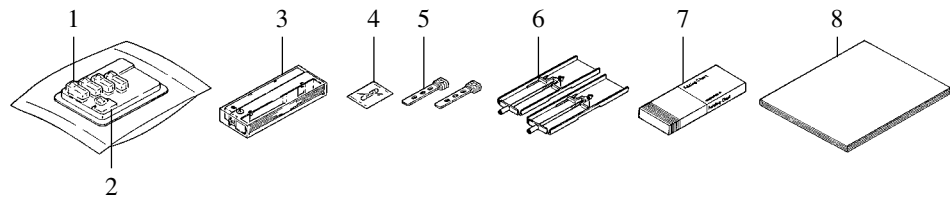
No.	Description	Quantity	Remarks
1.	disposable felt pen (for pen model)		
	• 1 pen model	1	red
	• 2 pen model	2	red, green
	• 3 pen model	3	red, green, blue
	• 4 pen model	4	red, green, blue, violet
2.	plotter pen (for pen model)	1	purple
3.	ribbon cassette (for dot model)	1	
4.	fuse	1	250V 750mA time lag (except for /P1 model)
		1	250V 5A time lag (for /P1 model) Recorders with a gray power switch
		1	250V 800mA time lag (except for /P1 model)
		1	250V 5A time lag (for /P1 model) Recorders with a white power switch
5.	key	2	key-lock
6.	mounting brackets	2	
7.	Z-fold chart paper	1	approx. 20 meters
8.	Instruction Manual and Quick	1	one each
	Reference power cord	1	for portable type

Figure 2.1 Accessories

Table 2.1 Spares

Name	Part Number	Description
Z-fold chart paper	B9573AN	(1 chart/unit), order quantity: 6 units
disposable felt-pen	B9902AM	red (3 pcs./unit), order quantity: 1 unit
disposable felt-pen	B9902AN	green (3 pcs./unit), order quantity: 1 unit
disposable felt-pen	B9902AP	blue (3 pcs./unit), order quantity: 1 unit
disposable felt-pen	B9902AQ	violet (3 pcs./unit), order quantity: 1 unit
plotter pen	B9902AR	(3 pcs./unit), order quantity: 1 unit
ribbon cassette	B9906JA	(1 pc./unit), order quantity: 1 unit
fuse	A1438EF	(4pcs./unit), order quantity: 1 unit 250V 750mA time lag (except for /P1 model)
	A1102EF	(4pcs. /unit), order quantity : 1 unit 250V 5A time lag (for /P1 model) Recorders with a gray power switch
	A1512EF	(4pcs. /unit), order quantity : 1 unit 250V 800mA time lag (except for /P1 model)
	A1513EF	(4pcs. /unit), order quantity : 1 unit 250V 5A time lag (for /P1 model) Recorders with a white power switch
mounting brackets	B9900CW	(1 pc./unit), order quantity: 2 units
key (for key-lock)	B9900HZ	(1 pc./unit), order quantity: 2 units
lubricating oil	B9901AZ	(1 pc./unit), order quantity: 1 unit

2.2.2 Removing Packings

The internal assembly is secured in position by packings to safeguard against damages during transit. When you unpack the recorder, remove the packings as follows:
Open the µR1800 front door and swing open the display by grabbing the tabs located at the lower right and left side of the display and pulling these tabs up. See figure 2.2a.
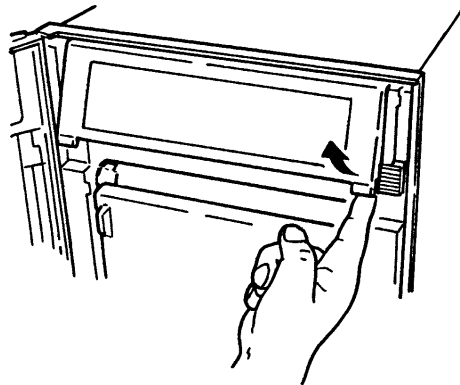
Figure 2.2a Swinging Up the Display   **Figure 2.2b Closing the Display**
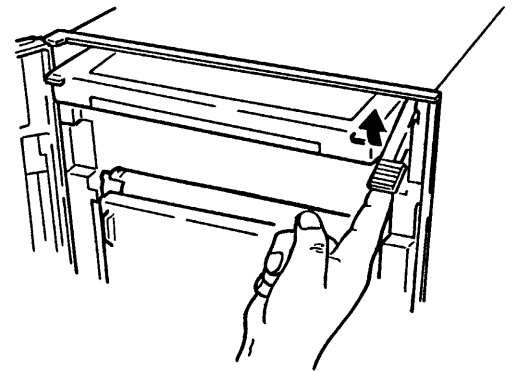
Then remove all the packings as shown in figure 2.3.
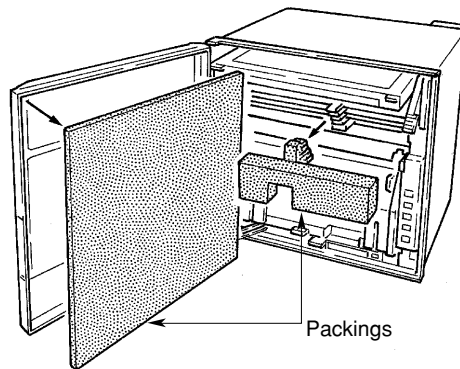
Packings   Packings

Figure 2.3a Removing Packings in   **Figure 2.3b Removing Packings in**
**   case of Pen Model**   **   case of Dot Model**

After having removed the packings, close the display by pulling the 'release'-handle until this handle is at the same level as the display. Then push the display back into its normal position until the tabs click shut. See figure 2.2b.

2.2.3 Checking Model Code

When you receive your µR1800, check the information on the nameplate to make sure that it is as specified by your order. If you open the front door and remove the chart cassette, you will find the model code mentioned on the nameplate located as shown in figure 2.4. Please check if model code (MODEL) is correct.

Nameplate
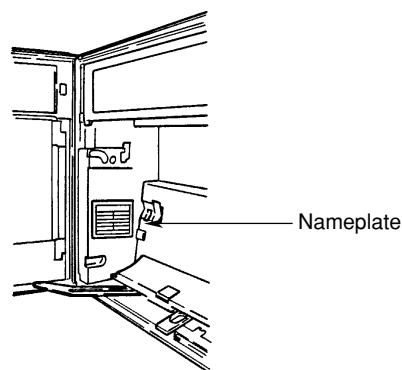
Figure 2.4 Checking Model Code

Chapter 3 INSTALLATION

This chapter describes the installation of the µR1800, like the installation site, the mounting and wiring. To install the µR1800 properly, it is necessary to read this chapter.

3.1 Installation Site/Mounting

3.1.1 Installation Site

The µR1800 installation site should be chosen to meet the following conditions as close as possible:

Installation site should be panel-mounted only. The µR1800 is especially designed for panel mounting.

The µR1800 should be placed in a well ventilated area.

The µR1800 will be adversely affected if the unit is exposed to direct sunlight or installed near a heater. Choose a location near room temperature (23°C) with minimal temperature fluctuations.

To expose the µR1800 to soot, steam, moisture, dust, corrosive gases etc. will adversely affect it.

To use the µR1800 within strong electro-magnetic fields may cause malfunction. Please avoid installing near electro-magnetic objects.

To install the µR1800 in a location susceptible to mechanical vibrations will adversely affect the mechanical parts and the quality of recording. Please choose an installation site characterized by minimal mechanical vibrations.

This µR1800 must be installed horizontally (however, mounting may be inclined up to 30° backwards from vertical).

To use the µR1800 within domestic establishments and within establishments directly connected to a low voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes may cause malfunction of other equipments. Please avoid using in domestic environment.

3.1.2 Mounting

1 The μR1800 should be mounted on at least 2mm (and up to 26mm) thick steel panel.

2 Insert the μR1800 into the panel cutout.

3 Hold the bottom of the μR1800 and mount it on the panel using the mounting brackets supplied, as shown in figure 3.1. (If still in place, remove the seals covering the holes for the mounting brackets.)
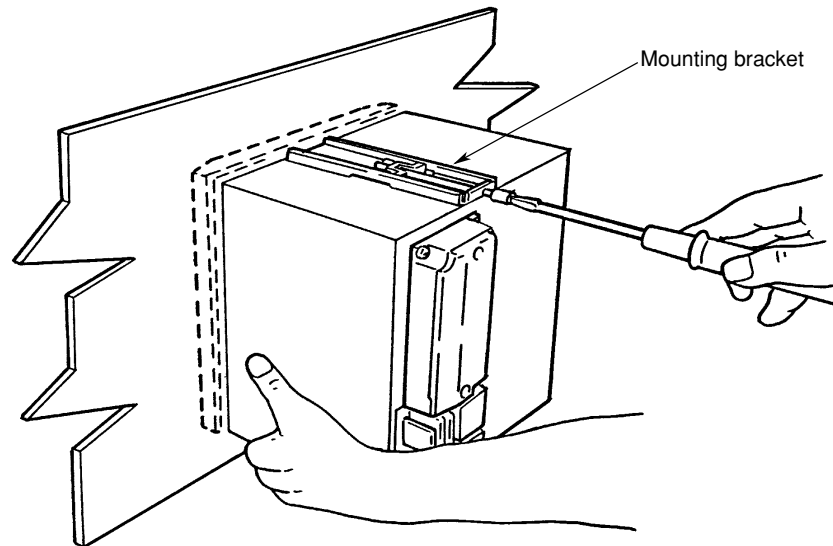
Mounting bracket

Figure 3.1 Mounting

3.1.3 Dimensional Drawings

Panel Cutout & Spacing

Unit : mm
(approx. inch)
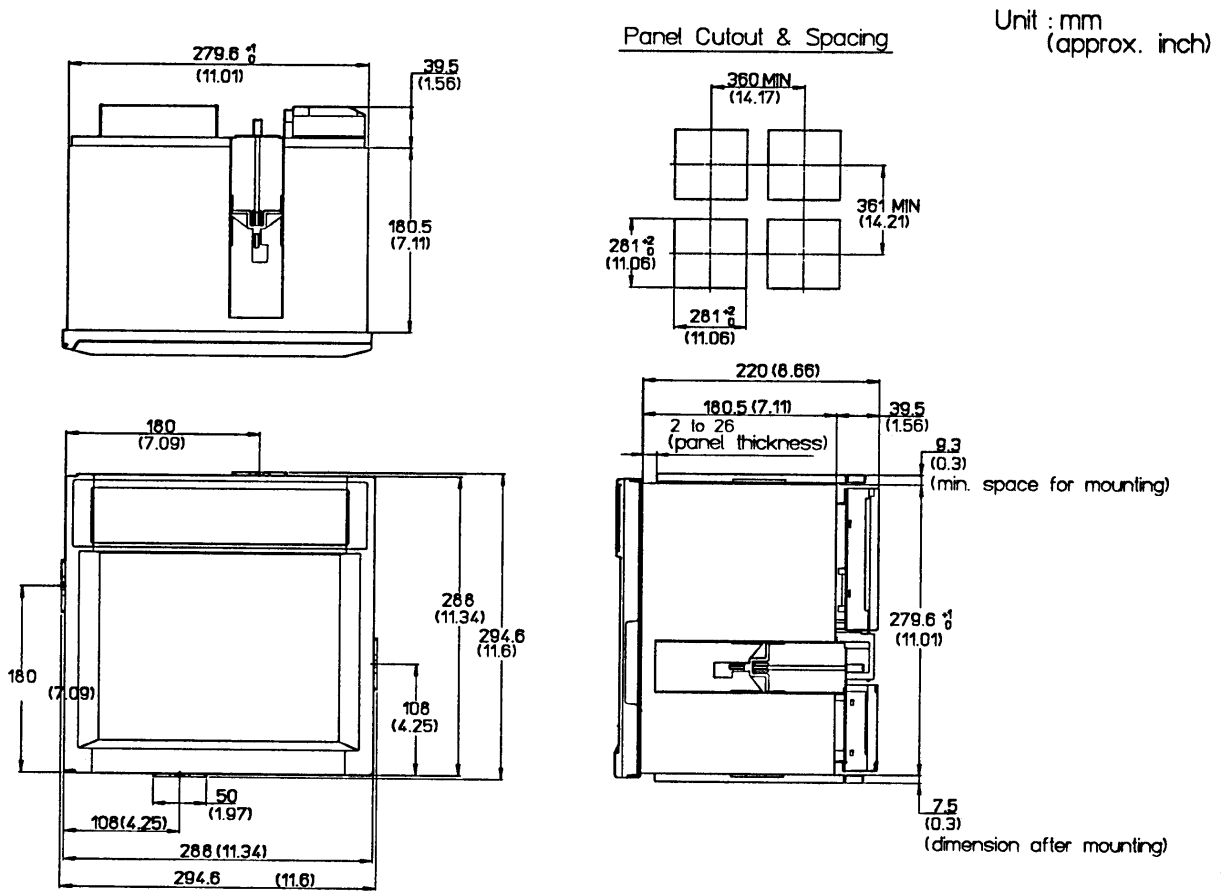
Figure 3.2 Panel Cutout and Spacing (including mounting brackets)

NOTE • The μR1800 should be mounted by only two brackets, either on the top & bottom of the recorder, or on the left & right side of the recorder.
  • The portable type has different dimensions.

3. INSTALLATION

3.2 Wiring ⚠

This paragraph describes the wiring at the rear panel.
3.2.1 Rear panel arrangement
3.2.2 Power supply wiring
3.2.3 Input wiring
3.2.4 Alarm output wiring
3.2.5 FAIL/Chart end output wiring
3.2.6 Remote control wiring

> **CAUTION**
>
> Make sure to fasten the wiring at the rear wall of the mounting panel and employ some kind of strain relief between the rear wall and the recorder.

3.2.1 Rear Panel Arrangement

Power supply terminal Block for /P1 model

Each terminal block can be removed for easy wiring by loosening these screws. To ensure proper contact, make sure to fasten the screws properly.

Used terminal screws: ISO M4, length: 6mm
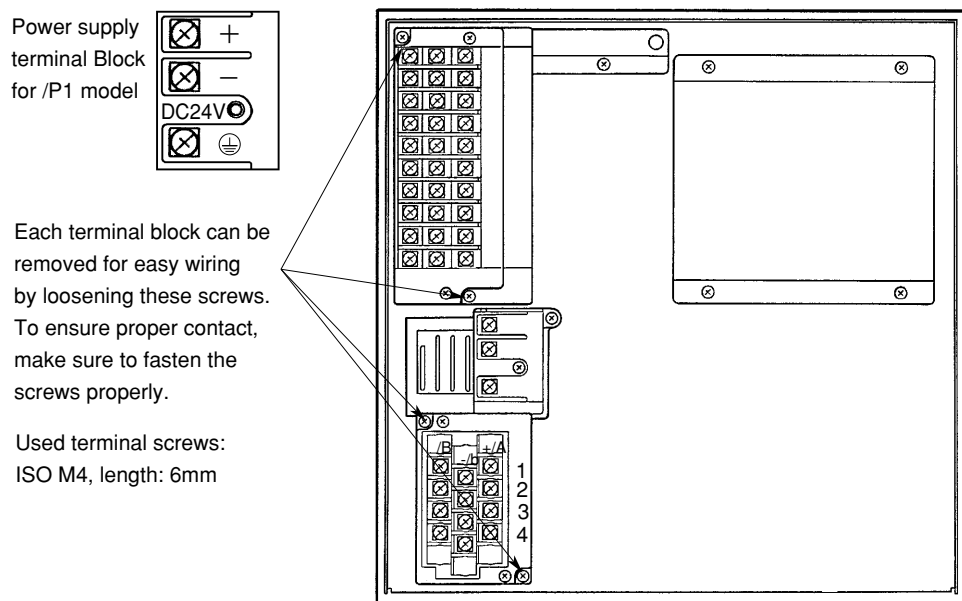
Figure 3.3a Rear Panel Arrangement in case of Pen Model

Power supply terminal block for /P1 model

Each terminal block can be removed for easy wiring by loosening these screws. To ensure proper contact, make sure to fasten the screws properly. Do NOT change the place of the terminal block!

Used terminal screws: ISO M4, length: 6mm
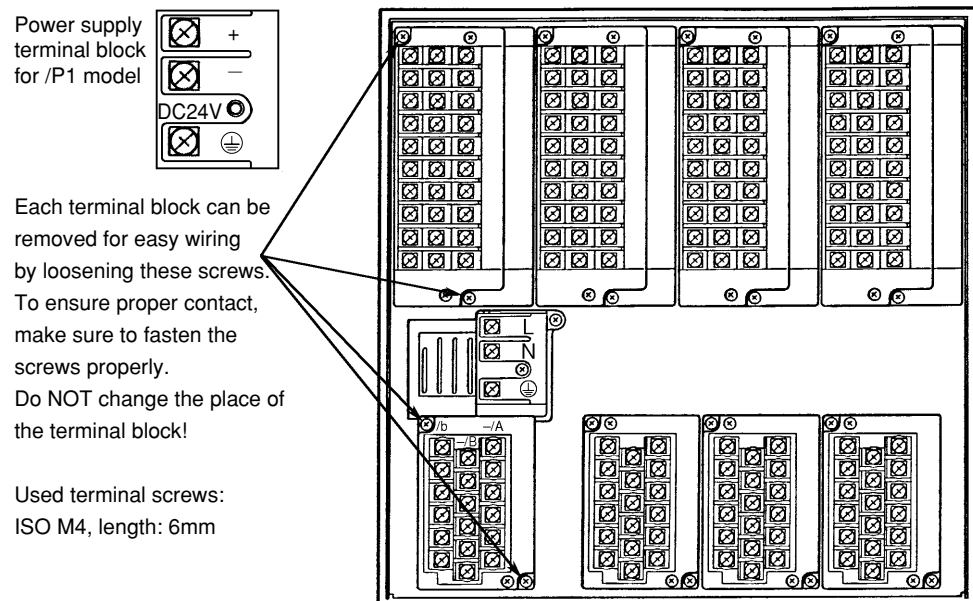
Figure 3.3b Rear Panel Arrangement in case of Dot Model

3.2.2 Power Supply Wiring ⚠

1 Make sure the power switch is turned OFF and remove the transparent cover at the rear of the µR1800.
2 Connect the power supply wires and the protective ground wire to the power terminals and the ground terminals as shown in figure 3.4.
3 Replace the transparent cover.
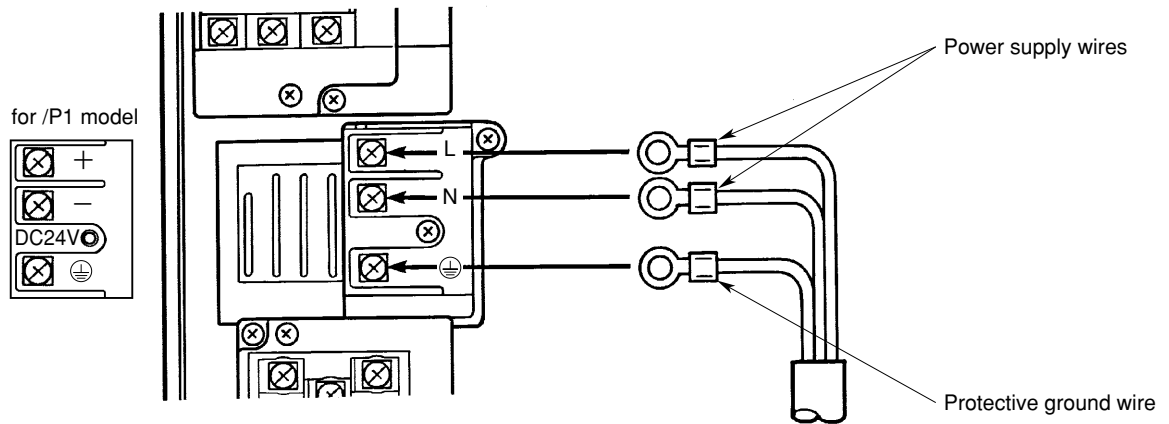
Figure 3.4 Power Supply Wiring

NOTE
- Do not apply power supply of 132 to 180VAC. This might affect the measuring accuracy.
- In case of portable type, plug the female end of power cord into the socket on the rear panel.
- To prevent an emission of electromagnetic disturbances, separate the power supply wires from the other wires at least 0.1m. Over 0.5m is recommended.

WARNING

To prevent an electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF and connect the ground terminal using a class 3 resistance of 100Ω or less.
For power and ground wiring termination, use "crimp on" lugs (for 4mm screws) with insulation sleeves (see figure 3.5).
To prevent fire, use 600V PVC insulated wire (AWG18) for power and ground wiring (cross sectional area of 0.83mm^2 or thicker, anti-galvanic corrosion finish, insulation thickness should be more than 0.8mm, insulation resistance should be more than 50MΩKm at 20°C, approved EN60 320 (VDE0625), and do not remove the transparent cover.
Make sure to apply a power switch in the power supply cord with the following characteristics:
Others than /P1 model
- rated power current > 1A
- rated rush current > 60A
- fuse(s) of 2A to 15A is (are) necessary.
/P1 model
- rated power current > 3A
- rated rush current > 70A
- fuse(s) of 5A to 15A is (are) necessary.
The power switch and fuse used in the power supply cord should be
- CSA approved (for use in North America)
- VDE approved (for use in Europe).

3.2.3 Input Wiring ⚠

1 Make sure the power switch is turned OFF and remove the transparent cover at the rear of the μR1800.
2 Connect the input wires to the input terminal.
3 Replace the transparent cover.

It is recommended that "crimp on" lugs (for 4mm screws) with insulation sleeves be used for leadwire ends. See figure 3.5.
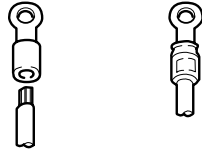
Figure 3.5 "Crimp on" Lugs

In case of clamped input terminals, do not use "crimp on" lugs.

Since the input terminal will be affected by changes in temperature (e.g. because of wind), make sure to replace the transparent cover after wiring.
Even after replacement, take care not to expose the terminals to fans, etc.
Suggestions to minimize noise pickup:
• The measuring circuit wiring should be run as remote as possible from the power and ground wires.
• It is recommended that shielded wires be used to minimize noise pickup from an electrostatic induction source. The shielding wire of the cable should be connected to the μR1800 ground terminal (only one ground line).
• To minimize noise from an electromagnetic induction source, twist the measuring line cables in short and equal spaces.
• The to be measured object should be free from noise. However, if it isn't, make sure the measuring circuit is isolated and the to be measured object is grounded.

If TC and RJC is used, the temperature of the input terminals should be as stable as possible. Therefore, make sure to use the transparent cover. The thermal capacity of the wiring should be small (recommended $\emptyset \leq 0.3$mm).
Refrain from wiring the input parallel. However, if you do, then
• do not use the burnout function
• ground the equipments at the same point
• turning ON/OFF the power might cause malfunction
• RTD cannot be wired parallel.

WARNING

To prevent an electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF and connect the ground terminal using a class 3 resistance of 100Ω or less.

CAUTION

If you have an input of DC ≤ 2V or a TC, don't apply an input voltage exceeding ±10VDC.
Do not apply a max. common mode voltage more than 250VAC rms (50/60Hz). The recorder and measured values will be adversely affected.
Add following to 'CAUTION'
This instrument complies with Inatallation Category ll.

NOTE

To prevent an emission of electromagnetic disturbances, separate the input wires from the other wires at least 0.1m. Over 0.5m is recommended.

Pen Model
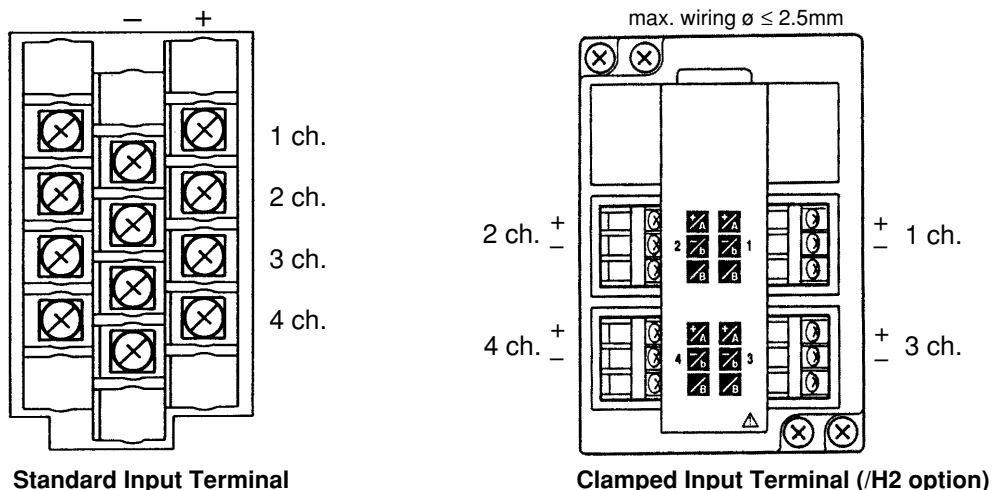
Figure 3.6 DC V, Thermocouple and Contact Input in case of Pen Model
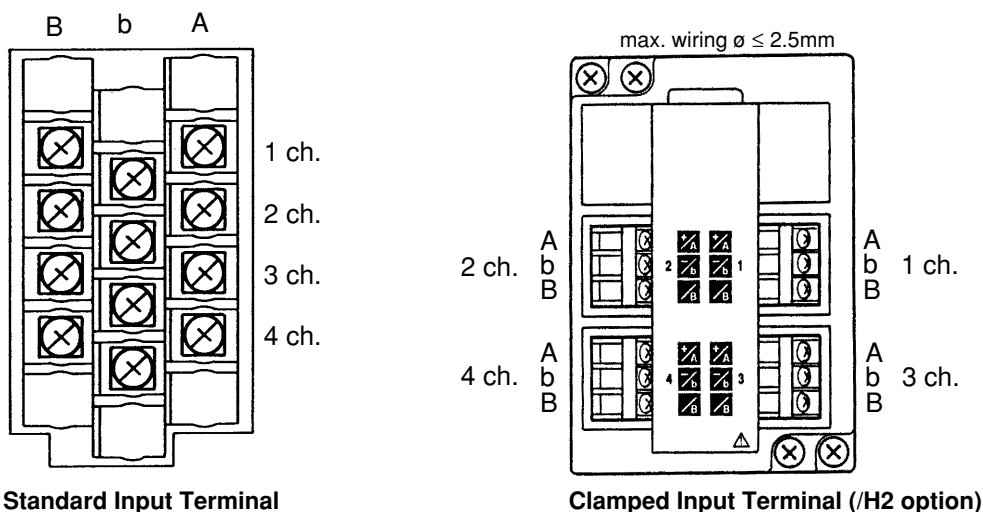
Figure 3.7 Resistance Temperature Detector Input in case of Pen Model

DC Voltage Input/DI Input (contact)

Thermocouple Input

Resistance Temperature Detector Input

Leadwire resistance:
10Ω max./leadwire
Three wire resistances
should be approx. equal.
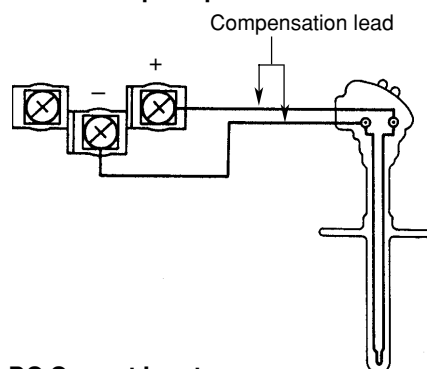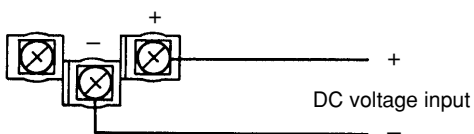
DC Current Input
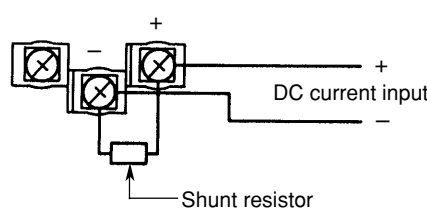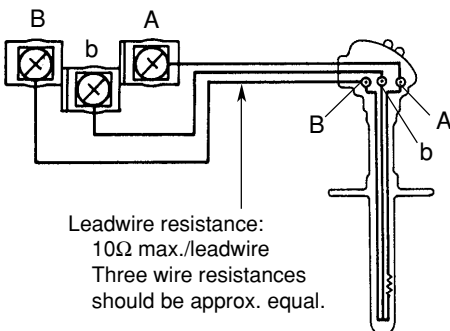
NOTE: For 4 to 20mA input, shunt resistance
value should be 250Ω ±0.1%.

Figure 3.8 Wiring Input Terminals in case of Pen Model

Dot Printing Model

Standard Input Terminal

Clamped Input Terminal (/H2 option)

max.wiring ø ≤ 2.5mm
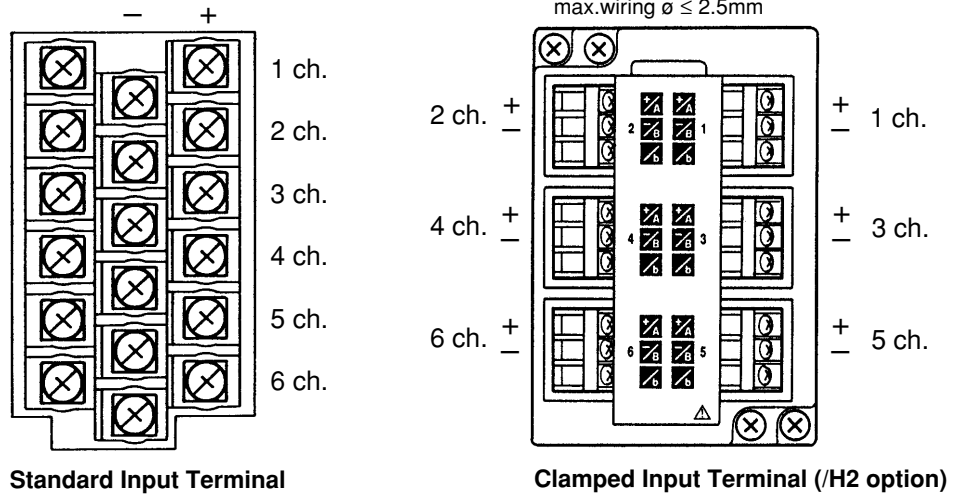
Figure 3.9 DC V, Thermocouple and Contact Input in case of Dot Model

Standard Input Terminal

Clamped Input Terminal (/H2 option)

max.wiring ø ≤ 2.5mm
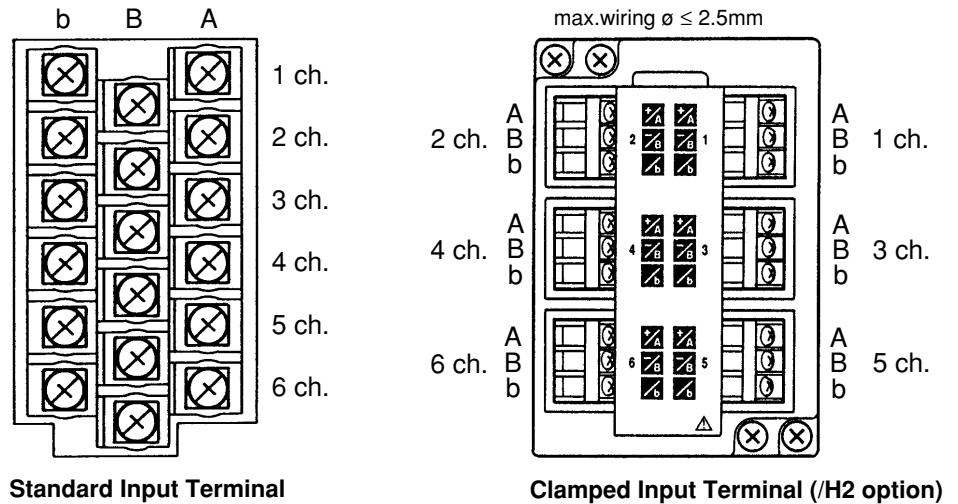
Figure 3.10 Resistance Temperature Detector Input in case of Dot Model

DC Voltage Input/DI Input (contact)

DC voltage input

Thermocouple Input

Compensation lead

Resistance Temperature Detector Input

Leadwire resistance:
10Ω max./leadwire
Three wire resistances
should be approx. equal.

DC Current Input

DC current input

Shunt resistor

NOTE: For 4 to 20mA input, shunt resistance
value should be 250Ω ±0.1%.

NOTE: In case of 3 leg isolated RTD (/N2 option), there is no difference between B and b.
However, A and b are designated to be the current line for measurements.

Figure 3.11 Wiring Input Terminals in case of Dot Model

3.2.4 *Alarm Output Wiring* ⚠

1 Make sure the power switch is turned OFF and remove the transparent cover at the rear of the μR1800.

2 Connect the alarm output wires to the alarm output terminal. Do NOT change the place of the therminal block!

3 Replace the transparent cover.

Depending on your option, your alarm output terminal will be arranged like one of the following:


```
    ALARM              ALARM              ALARM
 1 NO  C  NC        1 NO  C  NC        1 NO  C  NC

 2 NO  C  NC        2 NO  C  NC        2 NO  C  NC

                    3 NO  C  NC        3 NO  C  NC

                    4 NO  C  NC        4 NO  C  NC

                                       5 NO  C  NC

                                       6 NO  C  NC

      ⚠                  ⚠                  ⚠
 option /A1         option /A2         option /A3
 2 contacts        4 contacts         6 contacts
```
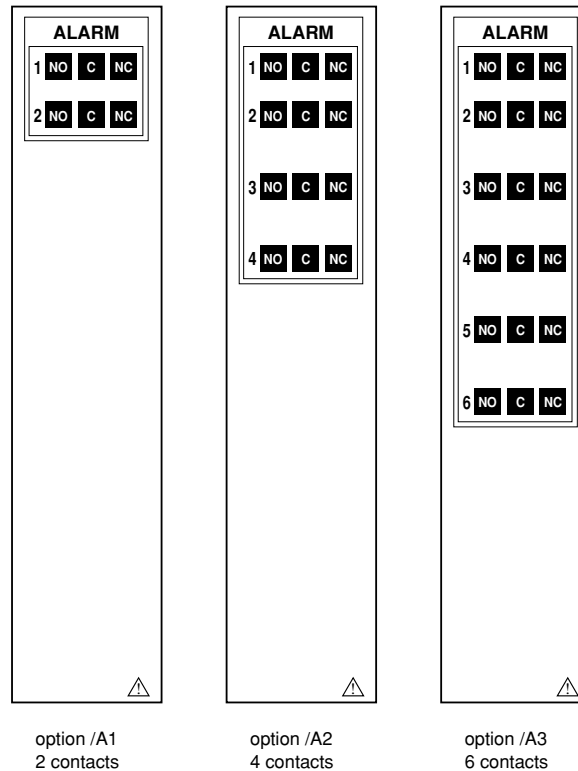
Figure 3.12 Alarm Output Terminals

CHARACTERISTICS:

Output type: relay transfer contact (energize/de-energize type switchable)
Output capacity: 250VAC (50 or 60Hz), 3A
                     250VDC, 0.1A (resistive load)
Dielectric strength: 1500VAC (50 or 60Hz) for one minute between output terminal
                     and ground terminal

To adjust initial settings, see 9.1.

WARNING

• To prevent an electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF during wiring and ensure the ground terminal is connected using a class 3 resistance of 100Ω or less.
• Ensure the ground terminal is connected using a class 3 resistance of 100Ω or less.
• Use "crimp-on" lugs with insulation sleeves for all connections if a voltage of more than 30 VAC or 60 VDC is applied to the alarm output or fail/memory end output. Furthermore, use doubleinsulated wires (withstand voltage performance: more than 2300VAC) for those wires which apply 30 VAC or 60VDC. All other wires can be basic-insulated (withstand voltage performance: more than 1350VAC). To prevent electric shock, do not touch the terminal after wiring and make sure to re-attach the cover.

NOTE To prevent an emission of electromagnetic disturbances, separate the alarm output wires from the power supply and input wires at least 0.1m. Over 0.5m is recommended.

3.2.5 FAIL/Chart End Wiring ⚠

1 Make sure the power switch is turned OFF and remove the transparent cover at the rear of the μR1800.
2 Connect the FAIL/Chart end output wires to the FAIL/Chart end output terminal.
3 Replace the transparent cover.

The FAIL/Chart end terminals (option) are arranged as follows:
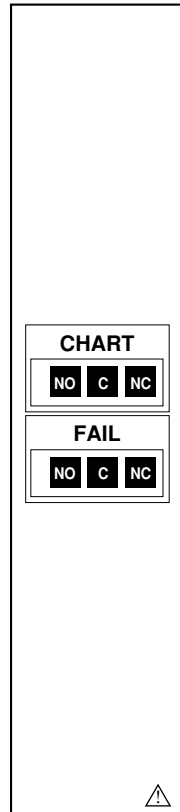
Figure 3.13 FAIL/Chart End Output Terminal

The FAIL/Chart End output relay is of the de-energize type. See 5.3.9 for details.

WARNING

• To prevent an electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF during wiring and ensure the ground terminal is connected using a class 3 resistance of 100Ω or less.
• Ensure the ground terminal is connected using a class 3 resistance of 100Ω or less.
• Use "crimp-on" lugs with insulation sleeves for all connections if a voltage of more than 30 VAC or 60 VDC is applied to the alarm output or fail/memory end output. Furthermore, use doubleinsulated wires (withstand voltage performance: more than 2300VAC) for those wires which apply 30 VAC or 60VDC. All other wires can be basic-insulated (withstand voltage performance: more than 1350VAC). To prevent electric shock, do not touch the terminal after wiring and make sure to re-attach the cover.

NOTE To prevent an emission of electromagnetic disturbances, separate the FAIL/Chart end wires from the power supply and input wires at least 0.1m. Over 0.5m is recommended.

3.2.6 Remote Control Wiring ⚠

1 Make sure the power switch is turned OFF and remove the transparent cover at the rear of the μR1800.
2 Connect the REMOTE output wires to the REMOTE output terminal. Make sure to connect every terminal with the c(ommon) terminal. Use shielded wires to prevent electromagnetic interference.
3 Replace the transparent cover.

The remote control terminal (option) is arranged as follows:
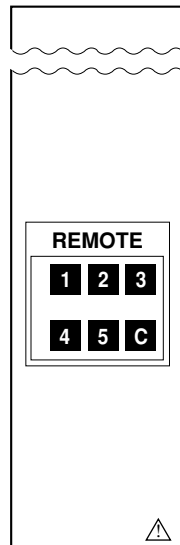
Figure 3.14 Remote Control Terminal

CHARACTERISTICS:

Input signals: dry contact or open-collector (TTL or transistor)

Input types for each function
(1) recording start/stop   level
(2) change chart speed   level
(3) start/stop TLOG computation   level
(4) printout messages   trigger
(5) get a manual printout   trigger
(6) get a periodic printout   trigger   } 250 ms minimum
(7) trigger IC Memory Card   trigger

Input conditions: ON voltage (0.5V maximum) (30mA DC)
                      Leakage current in OFF state (0.25mA maximum)
                      Signal duration (250 msec minimum)
Input type: Photocoupler isolation (one side common)
                      Internal isolated power source (5V ±5%)
Dielectric strength: 500VDC between input terminal and ground terminal, 1min.

To adjust initial settings, see 9.8.

WARNING   To prevent an electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF during wiring and ensure the ground terminal is connected using a class 3 resistance of 100Ω or less.
The outer conductor must be grounded at the ground terminal.

NOTE   To prevent an emission of electromagnetic disturbances, separate the remote control wires from the power supply and input wires at least 0.1m. Over 0.5m is recommended.

3. INSTALLATION

Chapter 4 COMPONENT NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

This chapter describes the names of components, together with a short summary of their functions.
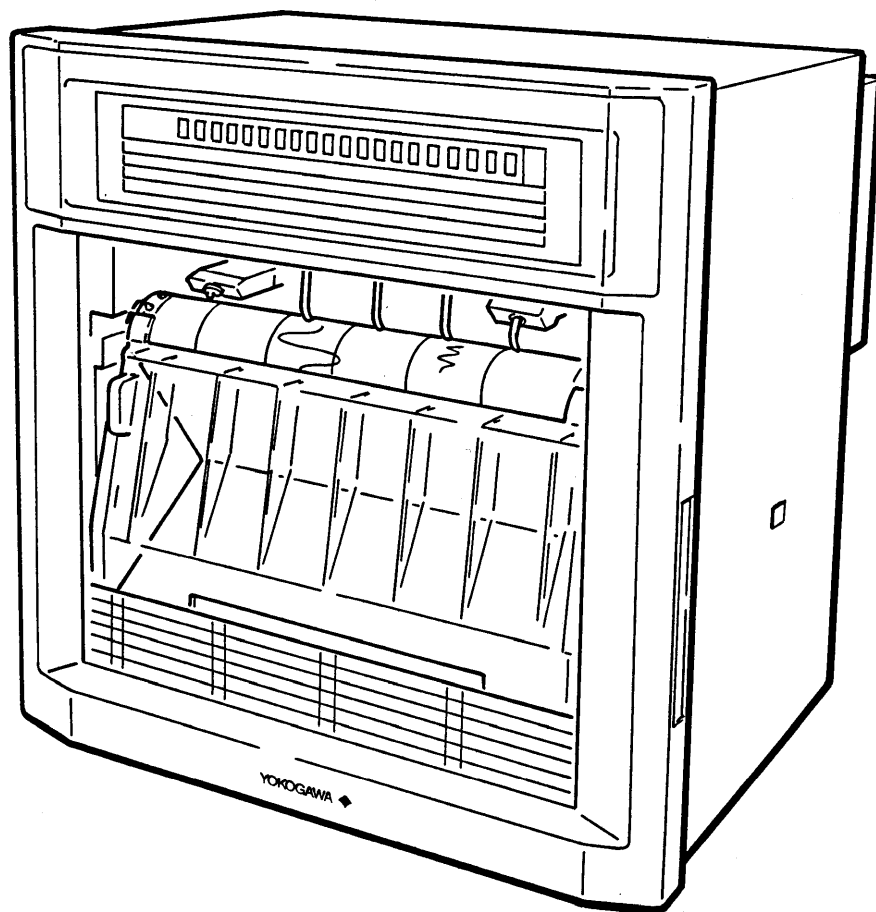
Figure 4.1 External View (pen model)

4.1 Front Panel
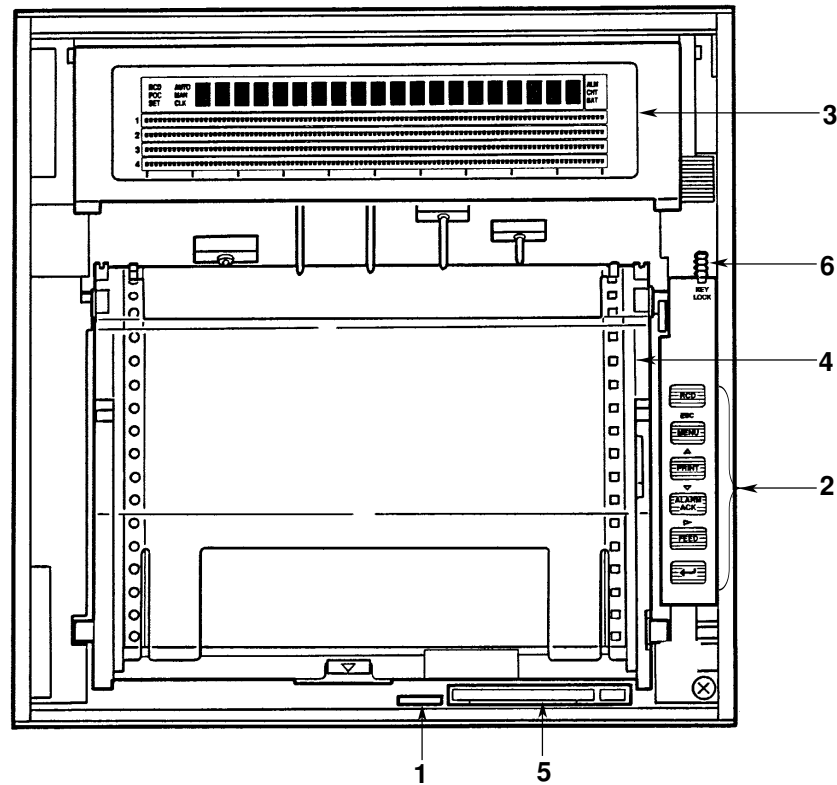
Figure 4.2 Front Panel (4 pen model)

1 Power switch

Pressing this button will result in switching the power ON or OFF.

2 Keyboard

The keyboard consists of six keys:

| RCD | **(RCD-key)**

Pressing this key will result in starting or stopping the recording.

| ESC / MENU | **(Menu-key/Esc-key)**

The MENU function is to select the type of display (see 5.3.8), to start SET UP List
printout and message printout (see 5.3.5, 5.3.6) etc., and to switch between Operation
and SET modes (see 6.1).
The ESC function is to escape to the previous level in the (setting) flow while entering
parameters.

| △ / PRINT | **(Print-key/Cursor Up-key)**

The PRINT function is used to get a manual printout or list printout printed onto the
chart (see 5.3.3, 5.3.4).
The △ function: The display is designed in an interactive way, which means that it
will ask you to enter the necessary data. In case there are several possibilities to
choose from (e.g. ON or OFF), use this key to show the next choice.

▽
ALARM
ACK   **(Ack-key/Cursor Down-key)**

The 'ACK'-function is used to acknowledge alarms. Note that this function is only effective if the alarm relay is in the hold-mode (see 5.3.7), and if the indicator status is in the hold-mode (see 5.3.7). When you press this key in case an alarm occurs and the ALM-indicator is flashing, the current alarm situation will be indicated and the relay will be reset.

The ▽ function: The display is designed in an interactive way, which means that it will ask you to enter the necessary data. In case there are several possibilities to choose from (e.g. ON or OFF), use this key to show the previous choice.

▷
FEED   **(Feed-key/Move to Next Digit-key)**

The 'FEED'-function feeds the chart paper until this key is released (see also 5.3.2). The ▷ function moves the cursor to the next digit while setting parameters. Please note that there is not a back-space key provided. For that reason, the cursor moves from the last digit to the first digit again (see 6.2).

↵   **(Ent-key)**

The 'ENT'-function allows you to keep the data you entered during the setting procedure. Pressing 'ENT' results in moving to the next display in the same (setting-) flow. Pressing 'ENT' after the 'SET OK'-display appears, results in starting the same (setting-) flow again.

3 Large sized VFD (Vacuum Fluorescent Display)

The display can show characters, bargraphs, and functions.
The backside of this display also illuminates the chart.

4 Chart and chart cassette

The recorder uses a Z-fold chart, 20 meter in length, with an effective analog trend recording width of 180mm. The chart is stored inside a chart cassette.

5 IC Memory card slot (optional)

IC Memory cards are inserted into this slot for use.

6 Key-lock

The key supplied with the recorder should be removed from the key-hole to lock the recorder. See 5.4. To use the key-lock, see 9.10.

4. COMPONENT NAMES AND FUNCTIONS
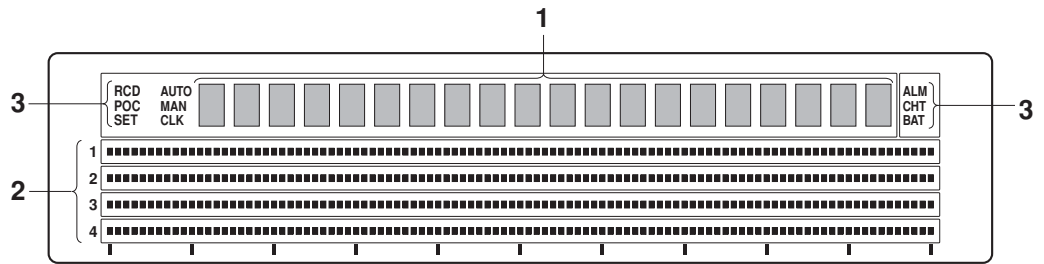
4.2 Display

Figure4.3a Display (4 pen model)
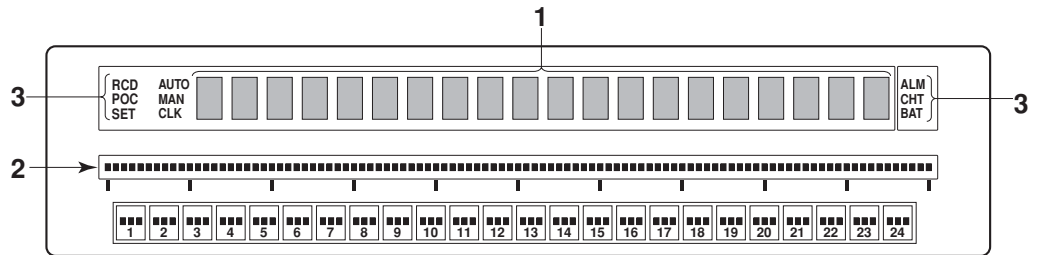
Figure 4.3b Display (dot model)

1 5 × 7 dot matrix (20 characters)

Used for data display, clock display, monitor display and setting display (see also 5.3.8).

Data display:	Channel No. or tag, type of alarm, measured data, units
Clock display:	(year, month, day) and (hour, minutes, seconds)
Monitor display:	Operating conditions of IC Memory Card and TLOG function
Setting display:	Every parameter can be set by interactive display.

2 Bargraph

Measured values of each channel will be displayed with 1% resolution (analog display). The alarm set points will also be displayed. The colors of the bargraph correspond to the colors of the pens. Two ways of display can be selected:

Left-referenced (%) bargraph

Center-zero bargraph
(center of the recording span is reference and the deviation is displayed as a bargraph)
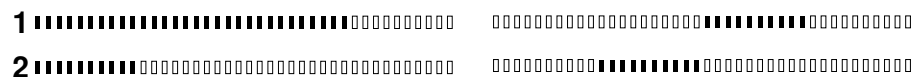
The squares underneath the bargraph show the occurrence of an alarm in the corresponding channel. They illuminate/flash in the same way as the ALM-indicator.

3 Status indicators

RCD: Illuminated when recording is in progress.

POC: Illuminated when Pen Offset Compensation is being used (only for pen model).

SET: Illuminated when you are working in the SET Mode.

AUTO: Illuminated when the AUTO display is used.

MAN: Illuminated when the Manual display is used.

CLK: Illuminated when the Clock display is used.

ALM: This VFD will flash or illuminate when an alarm occurs.

> Hold-mode: If the ACK-key is pressed, the flashing will stop and the VFD will illuminate. After the alarm stops, the VFD will turn off. (If the ACK-key is not pressed, the flashing stays even if the alarm recovers, see also 5.3.7).
>
> Non-hold-mode: VFD will illuminate until the alarm recovers (pressing the ACK-key in this case will have no effect, see also 5.3.7).

CHT: Illuminated when there are approx. 2cm left till chart end (option).

BAT: Illuminated when the battery for setting data backup needs to be replaced. Flashes when the battery of the IC Memory Card needs to be replaced.

Chapter 5 DAILY OPERATION

This chapter describes the daily operation of the µR1800, excluding settings.
Please read this chapter carefully before operation.

5.1 How to Switch the Power ON/OFF

The power switch is located behind the door, at the front side, in the middle of the lower front (see figure 5.1a.). The power is supplied to the instrument when the power switch is in the position as shown in figure 5.1b. The power is OFF when the power switch is in the position as shown in figure 5.1b. The power can be turned ON/OFF by alternately pressing the switch. When you do not use the instrument, please turn 'OFF' the power.

Power switch

Figure 5.1a

ON

OFF
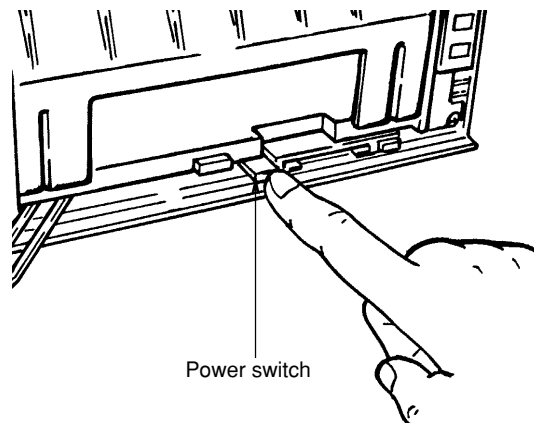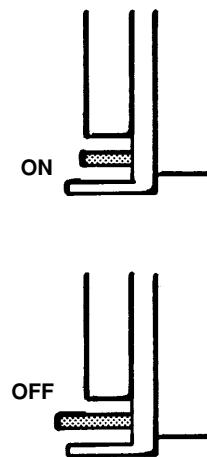
Figure 5.1b

NOTE   After turning ON the power, the µR1800 will first perform a self diagnostic check for several seconds.

CAUTION

The warm-up time is approx. 30 minutes. (However, just after finishing the wiring, it might take longer. Especially if you removed the input terminals during wiring.)
If the input wiring is connected parallel with other equipments, switching the power ON/OFF should not be done.
If error message appears on the display or is printed on the chart, please refer to the Error Message Table at sect.12.1.

5.2 How to Install (& Replace) Chart, Pens, Ribbon Cassette and Battery

5.2.1 How to Load (& Replace) the Chart

1 Open the front door of the unit.

2 The power can be either 'ON' or 'OFF', but recording should be 'OFF'.

3 Fan chart paper thoroughly at both ends before loading.

4 While gently pressing the chart paper compartment lock tab, located in the middle at the lower front, in the direction of the arrow, swing and lift the compartment away from the unit (see figure 5.2).

Lock tab
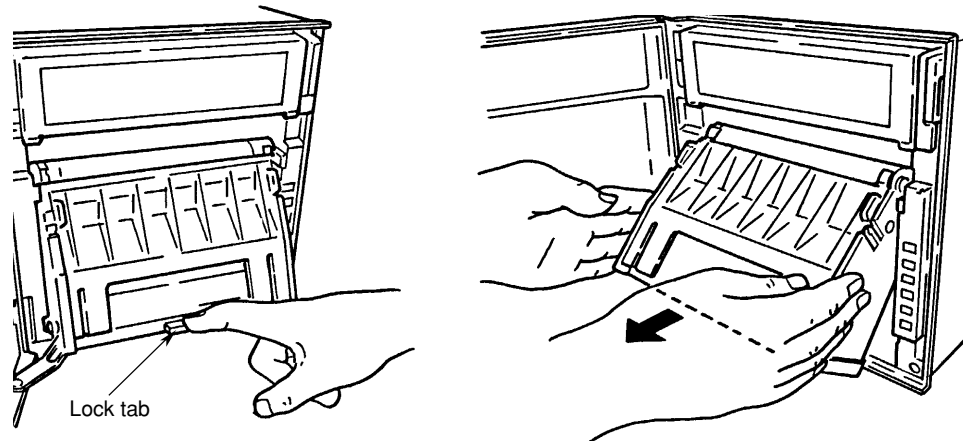
Figure 5.2

5 Press the tabs of the chart guide plate at the top rear of the chart compartment and swing the guide plate up (see figure 5.3).

6 At the front, pull/swing the front transparent chart guide down and swing the small transparent chart guides open (see figure 5.3).

Tabs

Top hopper

Small transparent chart guides

Front transparent chart guide
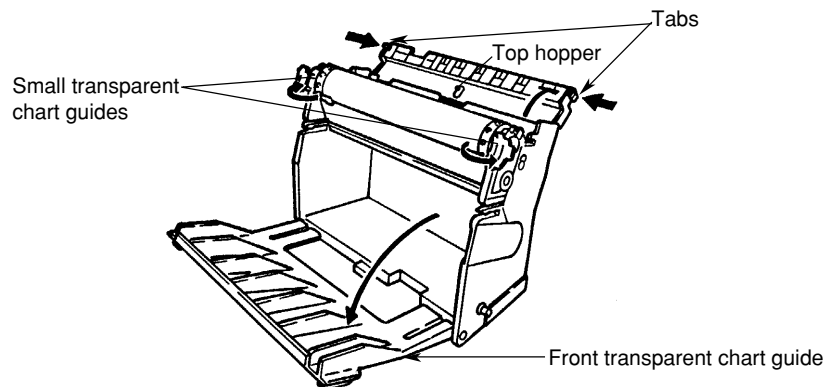
Figure 5.3

7 Load the chart paper into the top hopper making sure that the sprocket teeth of the chart drive are properly engaged in the chart paper perforation holes. Take care not to insert the paper backwards (see figure 5.4).
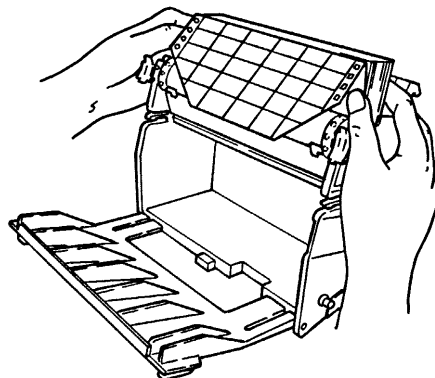
Figure 5.4

8 Place the rear chart guide plate back into position. Press the rear chart guide plate down and towards you and load the chart.

9 Place the front transparent chart guides back into position (see figure 5.5).
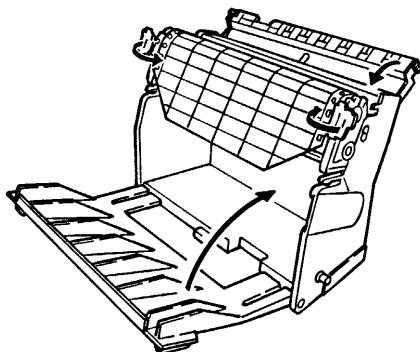
Figure 5.5

10 Replace the chart paper compartment back into the unit. Slide the protruding knurls of the chart paper compartment into the cutout grooves located on the support brackets. Push/swing the compartment into the unit until the lock tab clicks shut (see figure 5.6).
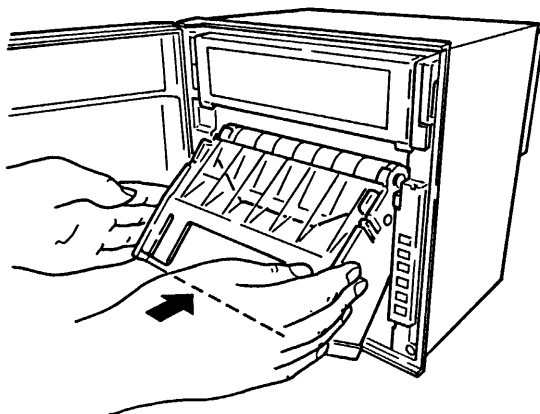
Figure 5.6

11 Press the FEED-key (when the power is ON) until 2 leaves of paper are fed (or until the chart is not curled anymore) and confirm that the chart is fed continuously. If not, repeat the procedure from step 4.

NOTE A red band is printed at the end of the chart with the heading 'RENEW CHART' to notify you when it is time to prepare a new chart.

5.2.2 How to Install (& Replace) Pens and Ribbon Cassette

In case of felt-tip pens:
  Normal procedure:
1 Open the front door and make sure the recording is not in progress (by pressing the RCD-key; power can be either 'ON' or 'OFF').
2 Swing up the display by grasping and pulling the tabs located at the lower left and right corner.
3 Grasp the protruding part of the felt-tip pen cartridge and gently pull/slide it out of the cartridge holder (see figure 5.7).
4 Remove the pen cap before replacing the cartridge with a new one.
  Insert a new felt pen cartridge in the pen cartridge holder (see figure 5.7). Start with the smallest pen.

Felt pen

Pen cartridge holder

Pen 1 : red
Pen 2 : green
Pen 3 : blue
Pen 4 : violet
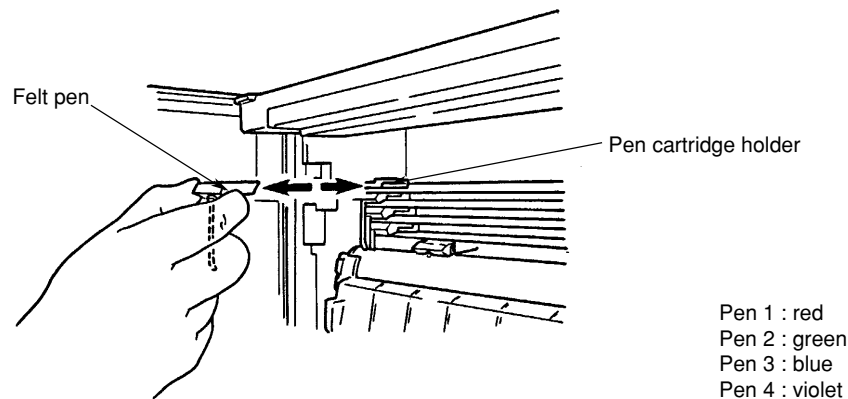
Figure 5.7

5 Close the display by pulling the 'release'-handle until this handle is at the same level as the display. Then push the display back into its normal position until the tabs click shut.
6 To (re)start the recording, press the RCD-key.

  2nd procedure when the pens are located at a place where it is difficult to replace them:
1 Open the front door and make sure the recording is not in progress (by pressing the RCD-key; power must be 'ON').
2 Press the MENU-key. Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'MENU=SELECT_FUNCTION'. Press the ENT-key.
3 Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'CHANGE_PEN'. Press the ENT-key. The pens will move to 55% of the chart, where it is easy to replace them. Note that this will leave a line on the chart.
4 Handle as described in 'Normal procedure', steps 2, 3, 4 and 5.
5 The display 'PRESS_ENT' will appear. After finishing, press the ENT-key.
6 To (re)start the recording, press the RCD-key.

CAUTION

To protect the pens and the internal mechanism, never grasp the pen tip nor apply excessive force to the cartridge holder. Always make sure to remove the pen cap.

In case of plotter pen:

1 Open the front door and make sure the recording is not in progress (by pressing the RCD-key; power can be either 'ON' or 'OFF').

2 Swing up the display by grasping and pulling the tabs located at the lower left and right corner.

3 While grasping the plotter holder, gently slide the plotter out of the holder (see figure 5.8).

4 Remove the pen cap and insert a new plotter pen in the holder (see figure 5.8).
If it is difficult to replace the plotter pen, try the 2nd procedure as described above.

5 Close the display by pulling the 'release'-handle until this handle is at the same level as the display. Then push the display back into its normal position until the tabs click shut.
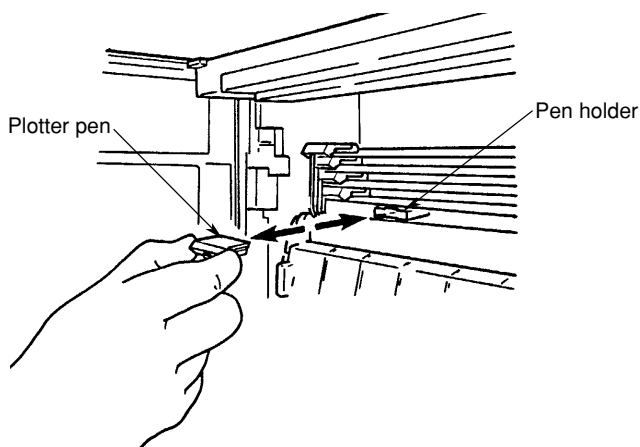
Figure 5.8

In case of the ribbon cassette:

1 Open the front door and make sure the power is OFF.

2 Swing up the display by grasping and pulling the tabs located at the lower left and right corner.

3 Hold the back section of the carriage assembly and move the assembly to the right.

4 Press the lock tab to the right and use the lower left part of the cassette as a handle to pull it out of the holder. See figure 5.9.
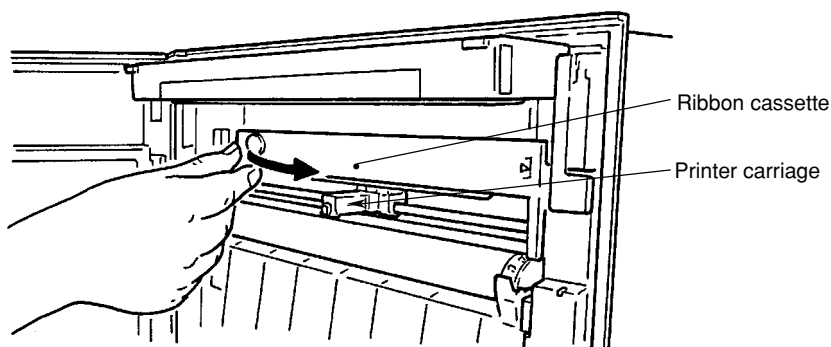
Figure 5.9

5 Insert the right side of the new ribbon cassette into the cassette holder.

6 Insert the left side of the ribbon cassette into the cassette holder (clicking it into its place). If the ribbon cassette does not click into its place easily, adjust the ribbon feeding knob so that the peg fits the hole.

7 If necessary, turn the ribbon feeding knob to stretch/tighten the ribbon.

8 Close the display by pulling the 'release'-handle until this handle is at the same level as the display. Then push the display back into its normal position until the tabs click shut.

CAUTION

If the ribbon cassette is not inserted correctly:
• data may be printed in the wrong color
• ribbon edge is used to print out data, which damages the ribbon.

5. DAILY OPERATION

5.2.3 How to Replace the Battery

The 'BAT' indicator on the VFD-display can either remain illuminated or flash.
In case of illumination, the lithium battery needs to be replaced. However, this battery will last for ten years under normal operation conditions. For replacement, please contact the nearest Sales & Service Office. Addresses may be found on the back cover of this manual.
In case of flashing, you have to replace your IC Memory Card battery (option).
In case of replacement, please refer to the IC Memory Card Instruction Manual IM 4H3B1-30E.

| WARNING | To avoid injury, never replace the lithium battery yourself. |

5.3 Basic Operation (Operation Mode)

5.3.1 How to Start/Stop the Recording

Pressing the RCD-key will cause the recording to start or stop. However, if the Start/ Stop function is controlled by remote control, this key will not work.
(For the status of the initial recording settings, see 6.5)

5.3.2 How to Feed the Chart

The paper can be fed by operating the FEED-key. The paper will be fed as long as the FEED-key is pressed.

5.3.3 How to Get a Manual Printout

A manual printout contains:
• date & time
• channel number or tag / type of occured alarm / latest measured values / units (for all channels)

To get a manual printout, press the PRINT-key, select 'MANUAL_PRINT_START' using the PRINT-key and press the ENT-key.
When the writing of this printout starts, the display will return to the previous one.
When the writing of this printout is finished, the manual printout function is cancelled automatically and the μR1800 returns to the recording previously in progress.

When you want to cancel the manual printout function while in progress, press the PRINT-key again, and the display 'MANUAL_PRINT_STOP' will appear. Press the ENT-key, and the instrument returns to the recording previously in progress.

During the writing of the manual printout, the analog recording will stop. However, scanning of the input and detection of alarms will still continue. When alarms occur during the manual printout, the printing of these alarms will be done after the analog recording (re)starts.
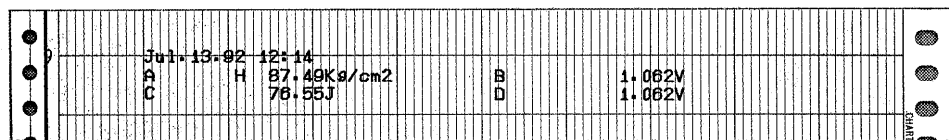
Figure 5.10a Manual Printout Example in case of the Pen Model (two columns appear when tags are set, three columns appear in case of channel numbers)
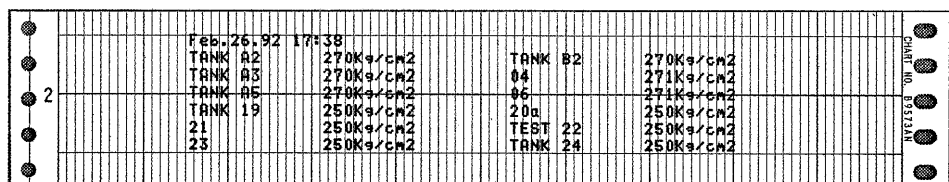
Figure 5.10b Manual Printout Example in case of the Dot Model (two columns appear when tags are set, three columns appear in case of channel numbers)

5.3.4 How to Get a List Printout

A list printout contains:
- date, time and chart speed (1 & 2) and in case of the dot model, the trend recording interval.
- Ch.No. / tag / range / span / scaling values / unit
- type of alarm and values, zone values, partial values, periodic printout ON/OFF
- contents of messages (for all channels).

To get a list printout, press the PRINT-key, select 'LIST_PRINT_START' using the PRINT-key and press the ENT-key.

When the writing of this printout starts, the display will return to the previous one. When the writing of this printout is finished, this list printout function is cancelled automatically and the µR1800 returns to the recording previously in progress.

When you want to cancel this list printout function while in progress, press the PRINT-key again, and the display 'LIST_PRINT_STOP' will appear. Press the ENT-key and the µR1800 returns to the recording previously in progress.

During the writing of the list printout, the analog recording will stop. However, scanning of the input and detection of alarms will still continue. When alarms occur during this printout, the printing of these alarms will be done after the analog recording (re)starts.

Figure 5.11a List Printout Example in case of Pen Model

Nov.03.92 20:28

CHART SPEED 25mm/h   (2)30mm/h   TREND INTVL FIX(30sec)

CH	RANGE		LEFT END	RIGHT END	SCALE LEFT	RIGHT
01	6V(SCALE)		-5.000	5.000V	0	2000DLITER
02	2V(SCALE)		-2.000	2.000V	0.0	200.0°C
03	2V(SCALE)		-2.000	2.000V	0.0	90.0°C
04	2V(SCALE)		-2.000	2.000V	0.00	100.00Kg/cm2
05	2V(SCALE)		-2.000	2.000V	0.0	160.0L/H
06	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
07	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
08	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
09	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
10	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
11	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
12	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
13	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
14	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
15	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
16	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
17	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
18	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
19	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
20	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
21	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
22	2V		-2.000	2.000V		
23	2V(SCALE)		-2.000	2.000V	0.00	150.00cm3
24	2V(SCALE)		-2.000	2.000V	0.0	700.0LITER

CH	ALARM1	RLY	ALARM2	RLY	ALARM3	RLY	ALARM4	RLY	UNIT
02	H 150.0								°C

CH	TAG No.	DIGITAL	ZONE(mm)	PARTIAL
01		ON	60-110	
02		ON	45- 65	
03		ON	60- 80	
04		ON	30- 50	
05		ON	90-110	
06		ON	105-125	
07		OFF	106-126	
08		OFF	108-128	
09		OFF	110-130	
10		OFF	112-132	
11		OFF	114-134	
12		OFF	116-136	
13		OFF	118-138	
14		OFF	120-140	
15		OFF	122-142	
16		OFF	124-144	
17		OFF	126-146	
18		OFF	128-148	
19		OFF	130-150	
20		OFF	132-152	
21		ON	134-154	
22		ON	136-156	
23		ON	138-158	
24		ON	140-160	

MESSAGE 1 = WR1800 DOT MODEL   MESSAGE 2 =
MESSAGE 3 =   MESSAGE 4 =
MESSAGE 5 =

Figure 5.11b List Printout Example in case of Dot Model

5.3.5 How to Get a SET UP List Printout

A SET UP list printout contains:
- initial settings; analog recording
- initial settings; digital printing
- initial settings; alarms
- initial settings; burnout, RJC and others
- initial settings; options, if installed.

To get the SET UP list printout, proceed as follows:

Press the MENU-key and select the 'MENU=SELECT_FUNCTION' display using the UP/DOWN- keys. Then press the ENT-key. Select the 'PRINT_SETUP_LIST' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key, and the printing will start.

When the writing of this printout starts, the display will return to the previous one. When the writing of this printout is finished, this SET UP list printout function is cancelled automatically and the µR1800 returns to the recording previously in progress.

When you want to cancel this SET UP list printout function while in progress, press the MENU-key again, select the 'MENU=SELECT_FUNCTION' display and press the ENT-key. Then the 'STOP_SETUP_LIST' display will appear and press the ENT-key. The µR1800 returns to the recording previously in progress.

During the writing of the SET UP list printout, the analog recording will stop. However, scanning of the input and detection of alarms will still continue. When alarms occur during this printout, the printing of these alarms will be done after the analog recording (re)starts.
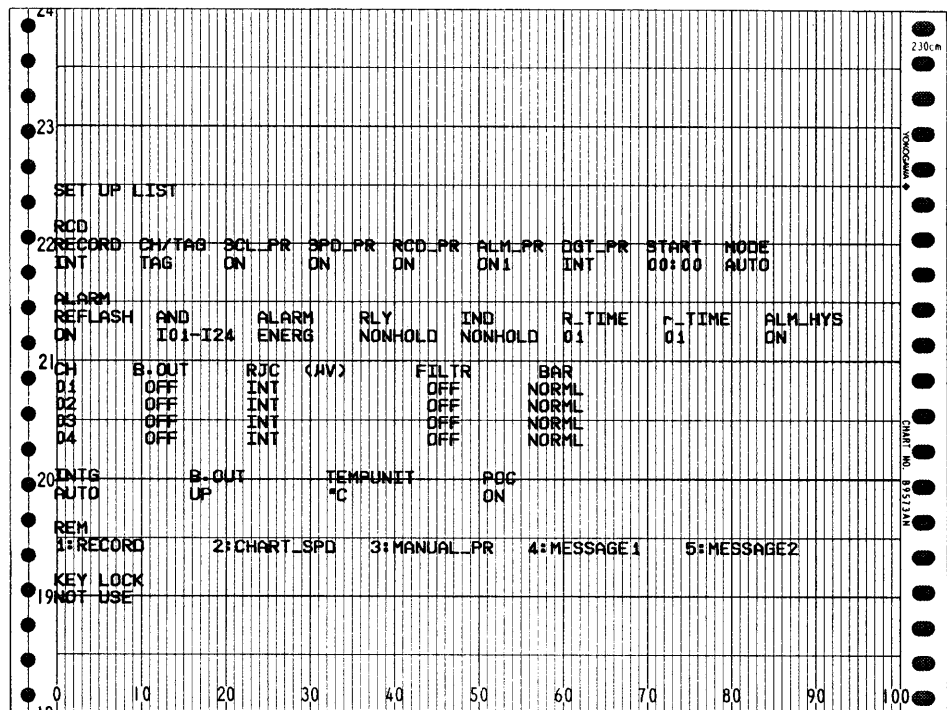
Figure 5.12a SET UP List Printout Example in case of Pen Model

Figure 5.12b SET UP List Printout Example in case of Dot Model

5. DAILY OPERATION

5.3.6 How to Get a Message Printout

The contents of a message must be entered first.

To set or change a message, see 8.2.3.

To get a message printed on the chart, proceed as follows:

Press the MENU-key and select the 'MENU=SELECT_FUNCTION' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

Select the 'PRINT_MESSAGE' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key, and select which message you want to print out, since up to five messages can be set. Press the ENT-key and the printing will start.

Note that no messages will be printed when the chart speed exceeds 1500 mm/h, in case of the pen model, or 100 mm/h in case of the dot model, or when recording is OFF.

When the writing of this printout starts, the display will return to the previous one.

When the writing of this printout is finished, the μR1800 returns to the recording previously in progress.

You cannot cancel this printout once started.

Messages can be triggered by the keyboard, as described above, and by remote control (option). When several messages are triggered by remote control in a short time, they will be stored in a buffer memory before printing on the chart. It is possible to clear this buffer, which can be useful for example in case the printing will take too much time.

When the buffer is full, this will be indicated by an asterisk ($\divideontimes$) in the latest message printout. As a result the next message is lost and will not be printed.

To clear the buffer memory, proceed as follows:

Press the MENU-key.

Select the display 'MENU=SELECT_FUNCTION' using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key.

Select the display 'CLEAR_MESSAGE_BUFFER' using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key.

The buffer is cleared. The display will return to the previous one used.
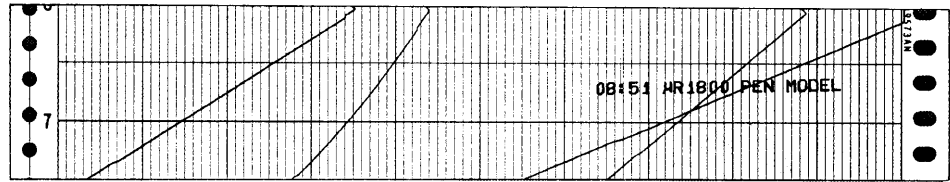
Figure 5.13a Message Printout Example in case of Pen Model
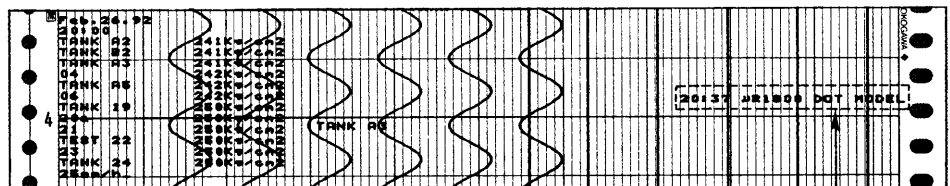
Message printout

Figure 5.13b Message Printout Example in case of Dot Model

NOTE The μR1800 will store up to 5 messages in a buffer memory, regardless whether recording is ON or OFF. If more messages are generated, the new ones will not be kept in the buffer memory.

5.3.7 How to Acknowledge an Alarm

When an alarm occurs, the output relays (if installed) will be activated and the alarm indicator will behave as described below (see also figure 5.14):

Non-hold Type (for hold/non-hold selection, see 9.1.4 and 9.1.5):

when alarm occurs: the output relay will be activated
                     the indicator will lighten
when alarm recovers: the output relay will be reset
                     the indicator will stop lighting

Pressing the ACK-key has no effect.

Hold Type (for hold/non-hold selection, see 9.1.4 and 9.1.5):

when alarm occurs: the output relay will be activated
                     the indicator will start flashing; however, pressing the
                     ACK-key results in showing the current alarm status (alarm in
                     progress = ON, alarm recovered = OFF)
when alarm recovers: the output relay will be kept activated; however, pressing the
                     ACK-key results in resetting the relay.
                     the indicator will keep flashing; however, pressing the ACK-key
                     results in showing the current alarm status (alarm in progress =
                     ON, alarm recovered = OFF)
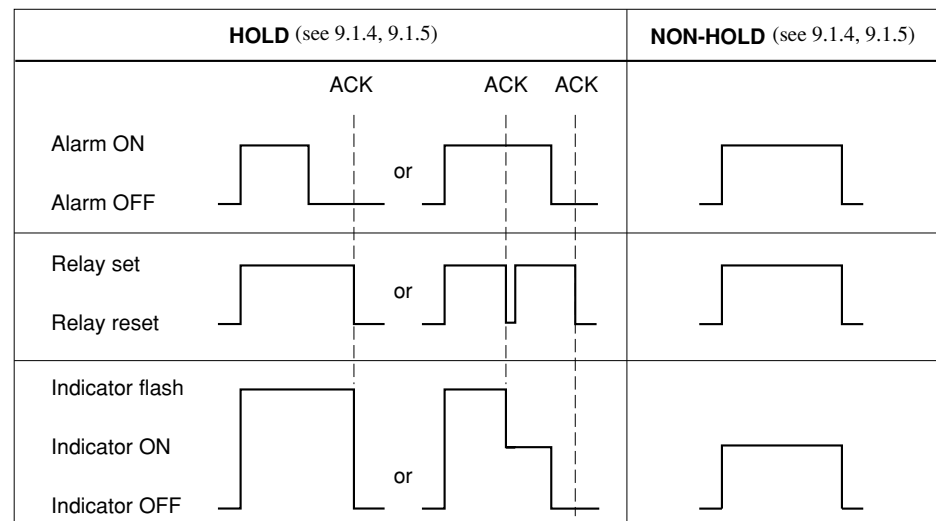
Figure 5.14

When an alarm occurs, you will see this on the display and alarm data will be printed on the chart. See 1.2 for an example.

When several alarms are generated in a short time, they will be stored in a buffer memory before printing on the chart. It is possible to clear this buffer, which can be useful for example in case the printing will take too much time. When the buffer is full, this will be indicated by an asterisk ($*$) in the latest alarm printout. As a result the next alarm is lost and will not be printed.

To clear the buffer memory, proceed as follows:

Press the MENU-key.

Select the display 'MENU=SELECT_FUNCTION' using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key. Select the display 'CLEAR_ALARM_BUFFER' using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key.

The buffer is cleared. The display will return to the previous one used.

NOTE   The μR1800 will store up to 8 (pen model) or 12 (dot model) alarms in a buffer memory. If more alarms are generated, the new ones will not be kept in the buffer memory.

5.3.8 How to Select the Display

Four different displays can be selected. These are:

DISPLAY AUTO:

Channel number or tag, measured values and units will appear on the display alternately. Every channel will be shown for approximately 2 sec. If the input is greater than the upper limit of the recording span, $+\ \ast\ast\ast\ast$ will appear.

If the input is less than the lower limit of the recording span, $-\ \ast\ast\ast\ast$ will appear. Depending on whether you set tags (and specified this as explained in 9.4.1), the display will look like either one of the following:


```
data (7 digits)            engineering units (6 digits) *1
type of alarm (1 digit) *2
Shows 'd' in case of DELTA-channel (1 digit)
channel number (2 digits)
```



```
tag (7 digits)                                data (7 digits)        engineering units
                                                                     (4 digits) *1
type of alarm (1 digit) *2
Shows 'd' in case of DELTA-channel (1 digit)
```
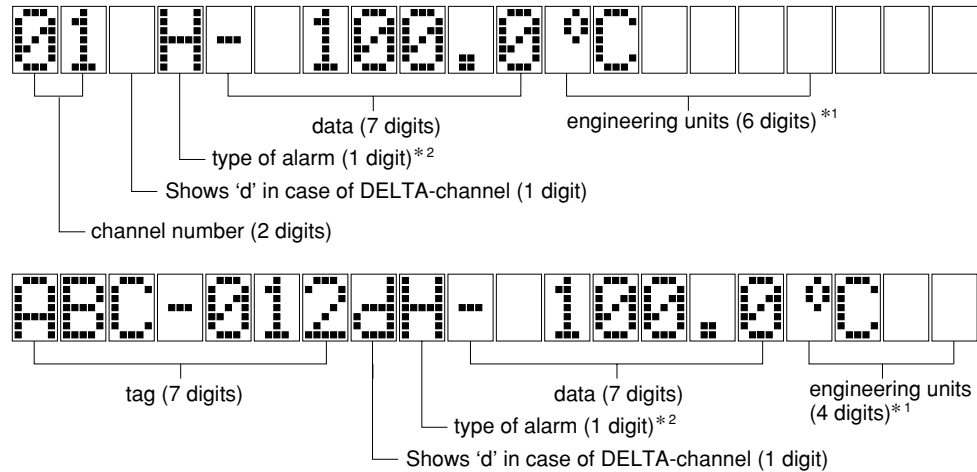
*1 Units are fixed for Voltage-input (mV/V) and for TC and RTD-input (°C/°F), and settable for SCL (scale input) and SQRT (square root input).

*2 Type of alarm:
H: high limit	R: rate-of-change on increasing signal
L: low limit	r : rate-of-change on decreasing signal
h : high difference limit	l : low difference limit

DISPLAY MAN:

Channel number or tag, measured values and units will appear on the display for a specific channel only. This display looks the same as the AUTO display (not available on 1 pen model).

DISPLAY CLOCK:

Date and time will appear on the display. Leap years are provided.


```
month      date      year      hours      minutes      seconds
```
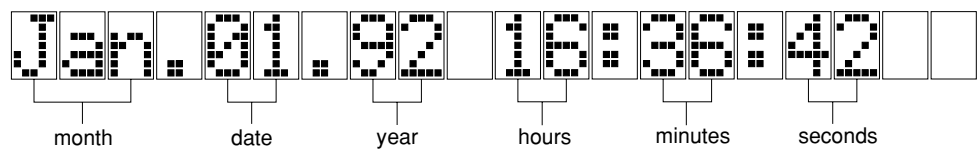
DISPLAY VIEW:

Status of the IC Memory Card (option) will appear on the display. If the option is not installed, the display will be black. For details concerning the VIEW display, see the option manual concerning the IC Memory Card (IM 4H3B1-30E) or the option manual concerning the mathematical functions (IM 4H3B1-20E).

How to select the desired display is described below.

Starting from the basic operation display, press the MENU-key. Select the display 'MENU=SELECT_DISPLAY' using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key. You have now entered the following flow:

```
DISPLAY_AUTO
DISPLAY_MANUAL          MANUAL CH=?
DISPLAY_CLOCK
DISPLAY_VIEW
```

Moving between the different displays can be done by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Once you selected the desired display, press the ENT-key (In the case of the manual display, select the channel number by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key again).
After having pressed the ENT-key, the selected display will appear.

If you want to change the channel number while displaying the measured values on the manual display, you can change the channel number by pressing the ENT-key.

5.3.9 How to Cope with FAIL/Chart End

When equipped with this option and the chart reaches its end or a CPU-error occurs, the output relay will be activated. There is one output relay for Chart end detection, and one for FAIL detection. For the wiring, see 3.2.5.

CHART END:

When there are approx. 2cm left till chart end, the 'CHT' indicator will be illuminated in the display and recording will stop. To change the chart, follow the steps as explained in 5.2.1.
At the same time the output relay will be activated. This output relay is of the energizing type and this cannot be changed. See also the explanation mentioned below.

FAIL:

When a CPU-error occurs, the output relay will be activated. This relay is of the de-energizing type and this cannot be changed. Therefore this relay will also be activated when the power is off. The activating of this relay will not be shown on the display. See also the explanation mentioned below.
When a CPU-error occurs, contact the nearest Sales & Service Office. Addresses may be found on the back cover of this manual.

Explanation:

Chart end output relay (energize type):

NO	C	NC		NO	C	NC		NO	C	NC
Normal operation				Chart end occurs				Power OFF		
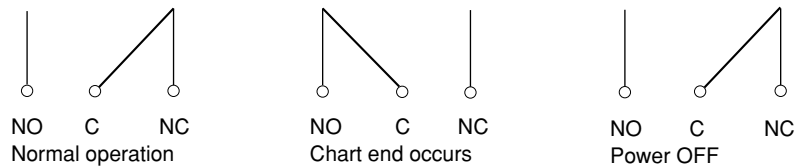
FAIL output relay (de-energize type):

NO	C	NC		NO	C	NC		NO	C	NC
Normal operation				Chart end occurs (FAIL)				Power OFF		
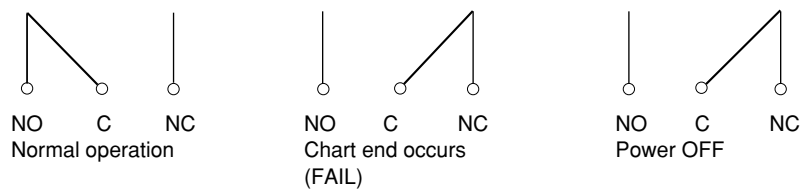
5.4 How to Use the Key-lock

In order to use this function, the settings for the key-lock must be set to 'USE'. See 9.10.
The key-lock is located in the keyboard at the top side. The keyboard is disabled when the plastic key is removed from the key-hole (see figure 5.15).

————— key
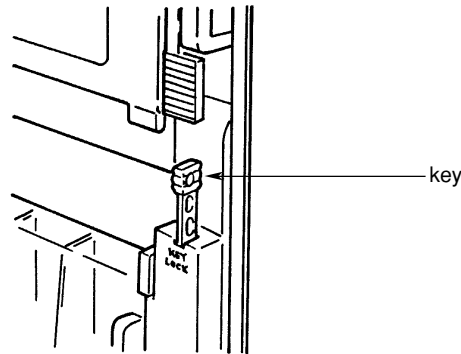
Figure 5.15 Key-lock

When you do not intend to operate the keyboard for a long time, you may lock the recorder to prevent operation by mistake. If the keys are disabled by the key-lock, you can still
• change the displays (as explained in 5.3.8)
• enter the SET UP Mode (as explained in 6.1)
• use the ESC function (as explained in 6.2).

You can set which keys will be affected by the key-lock. See 9.10.

NOTE   • If keys are disabled by the key-lock, you cannot enter the SET Mode (as explained in 6.1). Pressing the MENU-key for three seconds has no result.
• Remote control signals and communication signals (optional) are not affected by the key-lock.

CAUTION   When locking, the key must be removed from the key-hole. Keep it in a safe place. Settings cannot be changed when the key is lost.

Chapter 6 HOW TO ENTER SETTINGS

This chapter describes the idea behind the settings of the µR1800 Recorder. It is important to read this chapter carefully before entering or changing settings for the first time.

6.1 Explanation of Modes

To make the operation of the µR1800 Recorder as easy as possible, the operation and setting are broken down into three modes. These are:

Operation Mode:
This mode is for basic operation, which is the operation on a daily basis, excluding settings. It includes operations like recording, chart feed, acknowledging alarms, printing out messages, lists and values.
When the power to the µR1800 is turned ON, the recorder will be automatically in the operation mode. The operations within this mode are described in chapter 5.

SET Mode:
This mode will be used when setting parameters must be entered or changed. The parameters include not only settings of range and span, units, alarms, chart speed and clock, but also auxiliary settings which allow you to use the µR1800's many functions. To enter the SET Mode, press the MENU-key for three seconds. To return to the operation mode, press the MENU-key for three seconds again.
The settings of range and span, units, alarms, chart speed and clock are all described in chapter 7.
The auxiliary settings (like for example zone recording settings) are all described in chapter 8.

SET UP Mode:
This mode will be used when initial settings must be changed. These settings are entered during the manufacturing of the recorder and seldom need to be changed. These settings include for example alarm relay adjustments, etc. To enter the SET UP Mode, press the ENT-key while turning ON the power.
Note that when you are in the SET UP Mode, the recording cannot be ON, and alarms will not be detected.
For a detailed overview of the initial settings, see 6.5.
For a description on how to perform the settings, see chapter 9.

The following figure shows the structure of modes.

6. HOW TO ENTER SETTINGS
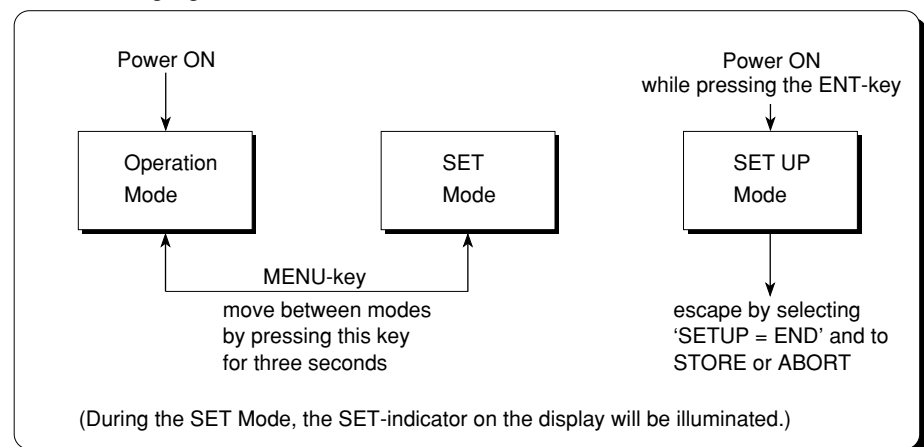
6.2 Concept of Setting Parameters

DISPLAY

The user interface is interactive, which means that you will be asked to enter the necessary data. All data can be entered using the keyboard. When entering data, the functions which are pictured above the actual keys are valid.

The display usually consists of two parts:

$$SET=RANGE$$

menu — to be set parameter

The parameters which need to be entered are shown in black with white letters in this manual. These parameters will flash on the actual display.

In this manual, you can also find another type of display:

$$01:MODE=$$

menu — previously set parameter
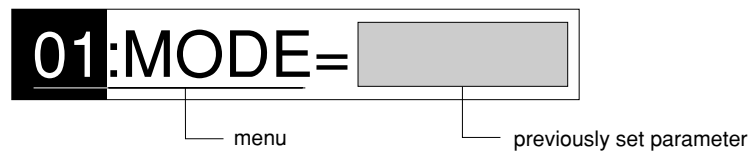
The blank means that the actual display will show your previously set data.

The display '*SET OK*' will appear once all the necessary parameters have been entered succesfully. Pressing the ENT, UP, DOWN or RIGHT-key at those times will result in returning to the beginning of the same flow.
Pressing the ESC-key will result in returning to the previous level in the menu.

KEYS

Five keys on the keyboard can be used when entering data:

ESC | △ | ▽ | ▷ |
MENU | PRINT | ALARM ACK | FEED | ↵
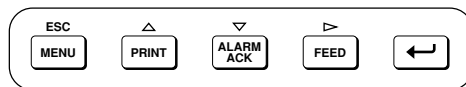
ESC
MENU (The MENU-key is used to enter the SET Mode.)
The ESC-key can be used to abort the setting before the '*SET OK*' display appears. The display will return to the previous level in the menu. After the '*SET OK*' display appears, pressing the ESC-key will take you to the beginning of the same setting again.
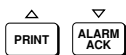
△ ▽
PRINT ALARM ACK
The UP/DOWN-keys can be used for moving through a menu. In the case of setting e.g. messages or units, these keys are used to select alphanumerical characters. UP shows the next choice, DOWN shows the previous choice.

▷
FEED
The RIGHT-key can be used for moving the cursor to the next digit while entering parameters (e.g. in case of 0.000). Since there is no backspace key provided, this key will move to the first digit after the last digit.
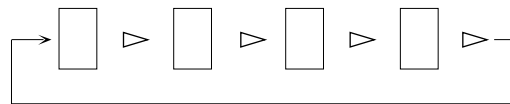
NOTE In the case the decimal point is fixed, make sure to enter all digits.

Example:	you entered	result will be
	2.␣␣	0.02 (entered value will be placed at last digit)
	2.00	2.00

↵ The ENT-key is used for keeping the set parameters. After pressing this key, you will be asked to enter the next parameters.

In the case you entered incorrect data, but haven't pressed the ENT-key yet, use the UP/DOWN/RIGHT-keys to correct your error.
If you have pressed the ENT-key already, press the ESC-key and enter all necessary data again.

MENUS

In the paragraphs where the setting procedures are explained, you will find menus, like for example (as in chapters 7 and 8):

RANGE	01	SKIP
ALARM	02	VOLT
UNIT	03	TC
CHART	04	RTD
CLOCK		DI
COPY		DELT
AUX		SCL
		SQRT
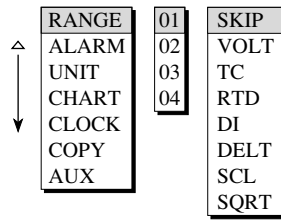
These menus will not be shown on the actual display. These are to make clear which steps need to be taken to set that parameter. Once you are familiar with the way to operate the μR1800, these menus may be sufficient to you. Note that most of the menus used in this manual show the menu of the pen model.

6.3 Flow Charts

This paragraph describes the setting flows of the three modes. These are Operation Mode (6.3.1), SET Mode (6.3.2) and SET UP Mode (6.3.3).

6.3.1 Flow Chart of Operation Mode

This flow can be entered by pressing the corresponding function keys.

PRINT (5.3.3) | MANUAL PRINTOUT START |——| MANUAL PRINTOUT STOP |

(5.3.4) | LIST PRINTOUT START |——| LIST PRINTOUT STOP |

ESC / MENU (5.3.8) | DISPLAY |
- | DISPLAY_AUTO |
- | DISPLAY_MANUAL |——| MANUAL CH=1 |
- | DISPLAY_CLOCK |
- | DISPLAY_VIEW |

| FUNCTION |
- (5.3.6) | PRINT MESSAGE |——| MESSAGE No.=1 |
- (5.3.6) | CLEAR MESSAGE BUFFER |
- (5.3.7) | CLEAR ALARM BUFFER |
- (5.3.5) | PRINT SETUP LIST |
- (5.3.5) | STOP SETUP LIST |
- (5.2.2) | CHANGE PEN | (pen model only)
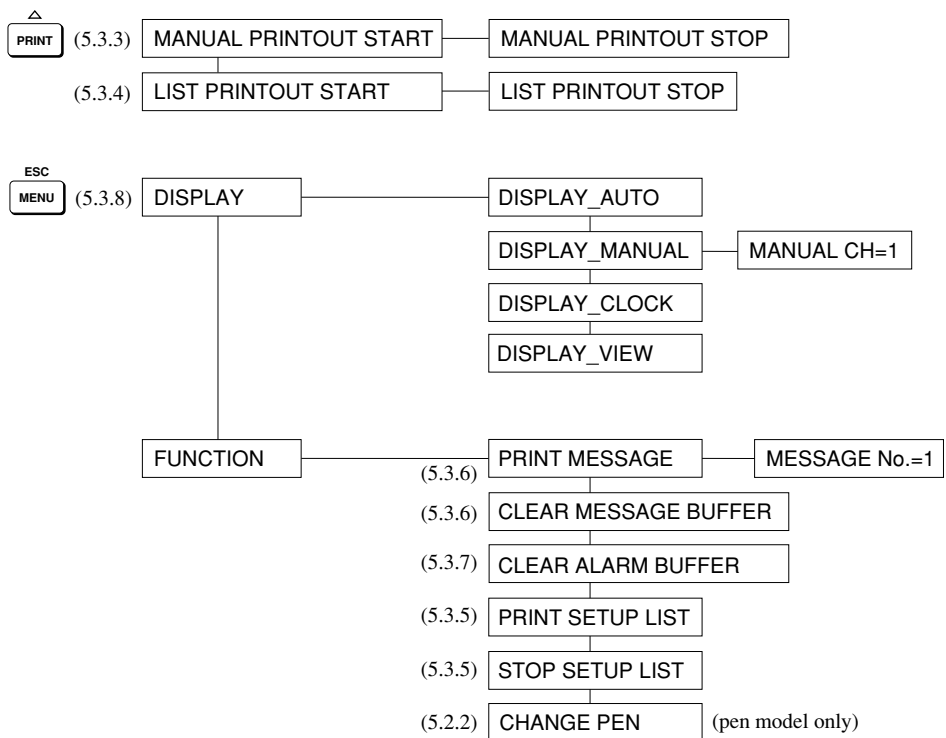
6.3.2 Flow Chart of SET Mode

This flow can be entered by pressing the MENU-key for three seconds.

(7.1) RANGE — CH.No. — VOLT — RANGE — SPAN LEFT — SPAN RIGHT

TC — TYPE — SPAN LEFT — SPAN RIGHT

RTD — TYPE — SPAN LEFT — SPAN RIGHT

DI — DI TYPE

DELTA — REFERENCE CHANNEL — SPAN LEFT — SPAN RIGHT

SCALE — SCALING MODE — RANGE — SPAN LEFT — SPAN RIGHT

SCALE LEFT — SCALE RIGHT

SQRT — RANGE — SPAN LEFT — SPAN RIGHT — SQRT SCALE LEFT

SQRT SCALE RIGHT

SKIP

(7.7) OPT — RRJC — REF.CH. — SPAN-L — SPAN-R

(7.2) ALARM — CH.No. — LEVEL(1-4) — ALARM ON/OFF — TYPE — VALUE — RELAY ON/OFF — RELAY No.

(7.3) UNIT — CH.No. — UNIT CHARACTERS

(7.4) CHART — CHART SPEED

(7.5) CLOCK — DATE — TIME

(7.6) COPY — FROM CH? — TO CH? (not for 1 pen model)

AUX — TREND — AUTO/FIX (dot model only) (8.1.1)

(8.1.2) ZONE — CH.No. — ZONE LEFT — ZONE RIGHT

(8.1.3) PARTIAL — CH.No. — PARTIAL ON/OFF — EXPAND FROM — BOUNDARY

(8.2.1) PRINT — CH.No. — PERIODIC PRINT ON/OFF

(8.2.2) TAG — CH.No. — TAG CHARACTERS

(8.2.3) MESSAGE — MESSAGE 1-5 — CHARACTERS

(8.3) CHART2 — 2nd CHART SPEED

6.3.3 Flow Chart of SET UP Mode

This flow can be entered by turning ON the power while pressing the ENT-key.

(9.1)	ALARM	REFLASH ON/OFF — AND/OR RELAY — ENERGIZE/DE-EN — RELAY HOLD/NONHOLD		
		INDICATOR HOLD/NONHOLD — SAMPLE R TIME — SAMPLE r TIME		
		ALARM HYSTERESIS		
(9.2.1)	INTEGRATION	A/D FREQUENCY		
(9.2.2)	BURNOUT	UP/DOWN — CH.No. — BURNOUT ON/OFF		
(9.2.3)	RJC	CH.No. — RJC MODE — RJC VOLT(μV)		
(9.2.4)	FILTER	CH.No. — DIGITAL DAMPING TIME (pen model)		
(9.2.5)	MOVING AVERAGE	CH.No. — SET MOVING AVERAGE (dot model)		
(9.3.1)	POC	PEN OFFSET COMPENSATION (pen model)		
(9.3.2)	COLOR	CH. No. — PURPLE, RED, GREEN, BLUE, BROWN, BLACK (dot model)		
(9.4)	RECORD	RECORD INT/EXT — CH or TAG — SCALES ON/OFF — SPEED ON/OFF — RCD ON/OFF		
		ALARM ON1/ON2/OFF — DIGITAL PRINT ON/OFF — STARTING TIME — MODE — INTERVAL		
(9.5)	BAR	CH.No. — NORMAL/CENTER ZERO		
	TEMP	˚C/˚F		
(9.6)	INITIALIZE	YES/NO		
(9.7)	REMOTE	CONTACT 1-5 — SELECT TYPE		
(9.9)	LOCK	USE/NOT — LOCK KEYS		
(11.3)	PRINT ADJUSTMENT	ZERO/FULL — CH.No. — POSITION ADJUSTMENT (pen model)		
		ZERO/FULL/HYS — POSITION ADJUSTMENT (dot model)		
	END	STORE/ABORT		

6. HOW TO ENTER SETTINGS

6.4 Setting Parameters in SET Mode

Setting Parameters			Values				Remarks
RANGE	MODE	VOLT	20mV	60mV	200mV	2V	DC voltage input
			6V	20V			
		TC	R	S	B	K	Thermocouple input
			E	J	T	N	
			W	L	U		
		RTD	JPT	PT			Input by Resistance Temperature Detector
		DI	LEVL	CONT			Digital Input LEVL: voltage input CONT: contact input
		DELT					Differential computation
		SCL	VOLT	TC	RTD		Assigning a different scale
		SQRT	20mV	60mV	200mV	2V	Taking square root of measured data
			6V	20V			
		SKIP					Skips a channel
ALARM	LEVEL		1	2	3	4	
	Alarm		ON	OFF			Alarm setting ON/OFF
	TYPE		H	L	h	l	h and l can only be selected in combination
			R	r			with 'DELT' input.
	Alarm value						
	Relay		ON	OFF			
	Relay No.		I01 to I24				Relay 1 to 24, depending on option
UNIT							Assigning unit to scales. Only possible in case of SCL or SQRT. Max 6 characters.
CHART							Setting chart speed
CLOCK							Setting date and time
COPY							
AUX	TREND (dot model only)		AUTO	FIX			Selecting analog recording interval
	ZONE						Zone recording
	PARTIAL	partial	ON	OFF			Partial compression ON/OFF
		rate					Compression rate
		boundary					Boundary value
	PRINT	periodic printout	ON	OFF			Periodic printout ON/OFF
	TAG						Tag setting, max 7 characters
	MESSAGE		MSG1	MSG2	MSG3	MSG4	Max 5 messages, each up to 16 characters
			MSG5				
	Chart speed 2						Chart speed for change-on-alarm & remote

6.5 List of Initial Setting Values

SET Mode

RANGE	VOLT (–2.000V to 2.000V)
ALARM	OFF
UNIT	all spaces
CHART	25 mm/h
TREND	AUTO
ZONE	0 to 180mm
PARTIAL	OFF
PRINT	ON
TAG	all spaces
MESSAGE	all spaces
CHART2	25 mm/h

SET UP Mode

Function	Display	Initial Value
REFLASH function	REFLASH=	OFF
Output relay AND/OR	AND=	NONE
Output relay ENERG/DE-EN	ALARM=	ENERG
Output relay HOLD/NONHOLD	RLY=	NONHOLD
Alarm indicator HOLD/NONHOLD	IND=	NONHOLD
Sampling interval for rate-of-change alarm R	R TIME=	01
Sampling interval for rate-of-change alarm r	r TIME=	01
Alarm hysteresis	ALM HYS=	ON (approx. 0.5%)
A/D INTEGRATION TIME	INTG=	AUTO
BURNOUT	B.OUT=	UP
BURNOUT	B.OUT=	OFF for every channel
RJC	RJC=	INT for every channel
Filter (pen model)	FILT=	OFF for every channel
Moving Average (dot model)	M AVE=	OFF for every channel
Pen Offset Compensation (pen model)	POC=	OFF
Color (dot model)	COLOR=	1, 7, 13, 19=purple 2, 8, 14, 20=red 3, 9, 15, 21=green 4, 10, 16, 22=blue 5, 11, 17, 23=brown 6, 12, 18, 24=black
Record trigger	RECORD=	INT
CH/TAG Printout	CH/TAG=	CH
Scale Printout	SCL PR=	ON
New chart speed Printout	SPD PR=	OFF
Record start time Printout	RCD PR=	OFF
Alarm Printout	ALM PR=	ON1
Periodic Printout	DGT PR=	INT, START 00:00
Periodic Printout Mode	MODE=	AUTO
Periodic Printout Interval	INTVL=	1h
Bargraph	BAR=	NORML for every channel
Remote control	CONT.No.=	1=RECORD 2=CHART SPEED 3=MANUAL PR 4=MESSAGE1 5=MESSAGE2
Key Lock	LOCK=	NOT

6. HOW TO ENTER SETTINGS

Chapter 7 BASIC SETTINGS

This chapter explains how to perform the settings of:
(Initial values are given in parentheses.)
7.1 Input range and recording span (VOLT, –2V to +2V)
7.2 Alarms (OFF)
7.3 Units (all spaces)
7.4 Chart speed (25 mm/h)
7.5 Clock
The last paragraph (7.6) explains how settings can be copied to other channels.

7.1 How to Set Input Range and Recording Span

One of the following parameters can be set for every channel:

SKIP   Prevents the specified channel from being measured, recorded and displayed (7.1.1).

VOLT   Measures and records DC-voltage (7.1.2).

TC   Measures and records temperatures using Thermocouple (7.1.3).

RTD   Measures and records temperatures using Resistance Temperature Detector (7.1.3).

DI   Accepts Digital Input (contact/voltage level) and performs ON/OFF recording (7.1.4).

DELT   Performs difference computation between two channels which have same input range (7.1.5).

SCL   Performs scaling on voltage, TC and RTD measurements (7.1.6).
          Scaling results in appending a different scale to the measured values.

SQRT   Takes the square root ($\sqrt{}$) of DC-voltage measured data (7.1.7).

7.1.1 SKIP Setting

Unused channels can be skipped, which means that these channels will not be measured, recorded or displayed.

MENU:

RANGE	01	SKIP
ALARM	02	VOLT
UNIT	03	TC
CHART	04	RTD
CLOCK		DI
COPY		DELT
AUX		SCL
		SQRT

SETTING PROCEDURE:
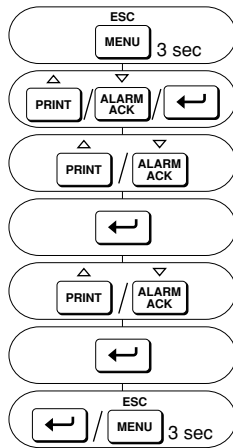
| SET=RANGE | Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key. |

| 01:MODE= | Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel. Press the ENT-key. |

| 01:MODE=SKIP | Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'SKIP'. Press the ENT-key. |

| ∗ SET OK ∗ | The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:MODE=SKIP' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode. |

7.1.2 Voltage Measurement Setting (VOLT Setting)

In the case that the measured signal is a DC-voltage, the range can be set as follows:

MENU:
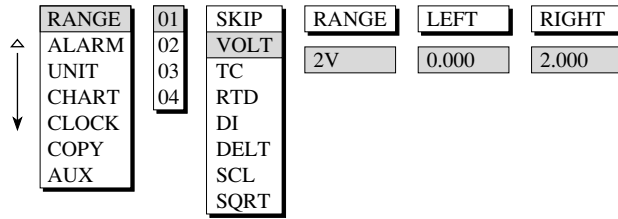
RANGE	01	SKIP	RANGE	LEFT	RIGHT
ALARM	02	VOLT	2V	0.000	2.000
UNIT	03	TC			
CHART	04	RTD			
CLOCK		DI			
COPY		DELT			
AUX		SCL			
		SQRT			

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=RANGE

Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode.
Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys.
Then press the ENT-key.

01:MODE=

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel.
Press the ENT-key.

01:MODE=VOLT

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'VOLT'.
Press the ENT-key.

01:RANGE=2V

Select the desired range using the UP/DOWN-keys and press the
ENT-key.

Table 7.1 VOLT Input Ranges

Display	Range
20mV	–20.00 to 20.00mV
60mV	–60.00 to 60.00mV
200mV	–200.0 to 200.0mV
2V	–2.000 to 2.000V
6V	–6.000 to 6.000V
20V	–20.00 to 20.00V

01:LEFT=0.000

Select the minimum value of the recording span (LEFT) using the
UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

01:RIGHT=2.000

The display which appears will allow you to enter the maximum
value of the recording span (RIGHT). Select it the same way as for
the minimum value and press the ENT-key.
Note that the recording span cannot be beyond the input range, nor
can LEFT be equal to RIGHT.

∗ SET OK ∗

The setting is completed.
Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:MODE=VOLT' display; or
press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press
the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

7. BASIC SETTINGS

7.1.3 Thermocouple and Resistance Temperature Detector Setting (TC, RTD Setting)

In the case that the measured signal is a TC (Thermocouple) or RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector) the range can be set the same way as if it were a DC-voltage.

MENU:
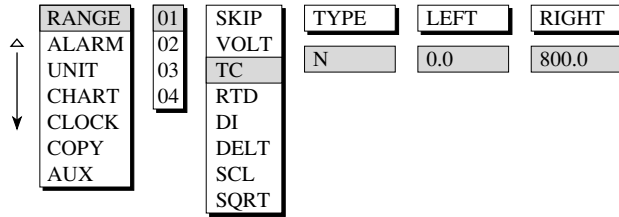
```
RANGE  01   SKIP      TYPE      LEFT      RIGHT
ALARM  02   VOLT      N         0.0       800.0
UNIT   03   TC
CHART  04   RTD
CLOCK       DI
COPY        DELT
AUX         SCL
            SQRT
```

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=RANGE
Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

01:MODE=
Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel. Press the ENT-key.

01:MODE=TC
Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'TC', or 'RTD'. Press the ENT-key.

01:TYPE= N
Select the desired type (R, S, B, K, E, J, T, N, W, L, U in case of TC, or PT, JPT in case of RTD) using the UP/DOWN-keys and press the ENT-key.

Table 7.2 TC Type Description and RTD Type Description

TC Type Description		
	Range	
R	0.0 to 1760.0°C	32 to 3200°F
S	0.0 to 1760.0°C	32 to 3200°F
B	0.0 to 1820.0°C	32 to 3308°F
K	–200.0 to 1370.0°C	–328 to 2498.0°F
E	–200.0 to 800.0°C	–328.0 to 1472.0°F
J	–200.0 to 1100.0°C	–328.0 to 2012.0°F
T	–200.0 to 400.0°C	–328.0 to 752.0°F
N	0.0 to 1300.0°C	32 to 2372°F
W	0.0 to 2315.0°C	32 to 4199°F
L (Fe-CuNi)	–200.0 to 900.0°C	–328.0 to 1652.0°F
U (Cu-CuNi)	–200.0 to 400.0°C	–328.0 to 752.0°F
PLT (PRATINEL)*1	0.0 to 1400.0°C	32 to 2552°F
PR (PR40-20)*1	0.0 to 1900.0°C	32 to 3452°F

*1: For /N1 model

RTD Type Description		
	Range	
PT (pt100Ω)	–200.0 to 600.0°C	–328.0 to 1112.0°F
JPT (Jpt100Ω)	–200.0 to 550.0°C	–328.0 to 1022.0°F
JP50 (JPt50Ω)*1	–200.0 to 600.0°C	–328.0 to 1112.0°F
CU1 to 6 (Cu10Ω)*2	–200.0 to 300.0°C	–328.0 to 572.0°F
CU25 (Cu25Ω)*2	–200.0 to 300.0°C	–328.0 to 572.0°F

*1: For /N3 model
*2: For /N1 model

The Pt and JPt type can't be set together with the Cu types.
Cu1: Cu10Ω GE
Cu2: Cu10Ω L&N
Cu3: Cu10Ω WEED
Cu4: Cu10Ω BAILAY
Cu5: Cu10Ω α=0.0392 at 20°C
Cu6: Cu10Ω α=0.0393 at 20°C
Cu25: Cu25Ω α=0.00425 at 0°C

01:LEFT=0.0
01:RIGHT=800.0
Select the desired minimum value (LEFT) and maximum value of the recording span (RIGHT) in the same way as described under 'VOLT setting'.
Note that the recording span cannot be beyond the input range, nor can LEFT be equal to RIGHT.

∗ SET OK ∗
The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:MODE=TC' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE There is no need to set the temperature unit in case of TC or RTD input, since °C will be automatically provided. To change the setting of the temperature unit, which can only be changed in the SET UP Mode, see 9.6.

7.1.4 Digital Input Setting (DI Setting)

If a Digital Input (contact input/voltage level input) is being used, the setting can be done as follows:

MENU:
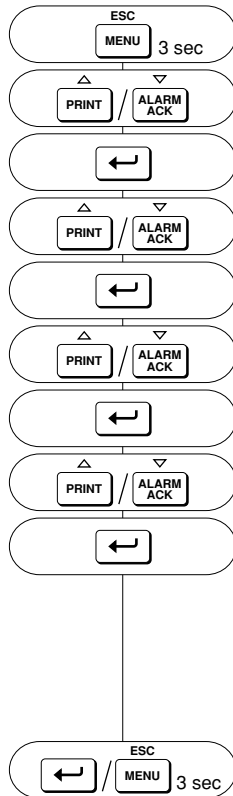
RANGE	01	SKIP	TYPE
ALARM	02	VOLT	LEVL
UNIT	03	TC	
CHART	04	RTD	
CLOCK		DI	
COPY		DELT	
AUX		SCL	
		SQRT	

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=RANGE — Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

01:MODE= — Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel. Press the ENT-key.

01:MODE=DI — Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'DI'. Press the ENT-key.

01:TYPE=LEVL — There are two types, namely LEVEL and CONTACT.

LEVL: (VOLT)   Records ON/OFF status of a voltage input (0 to 2.4V is OFF (0), 2.4V and higher is ON (1)).

CONT: (Contact)   Records ON/OFF status of a contact (close is ON (1), open is OFF (0)).

Select the desired type using the UP/DOWN-keys and press the ENT-key.

∗ SET OK ∗ — The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:MODE=DI' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE   The above mentioned selections will result in a recording trace from 0mm to 180mm between the contact statuses OFF and ON, which is from the extreme left side of the chart to the extreme right side. If desired, a zone for the ON/OFF recording can be set. See 8.1.2.

7. BASIC SETTINGS

7.1.5 Difference Computation Setting (DELT Setting)

To obtain the difference between the measured values of two channels, proceed as follows. Note that this setting can only be applied if the reference channel is of the VOLT, TC or RTD type.

MENU:
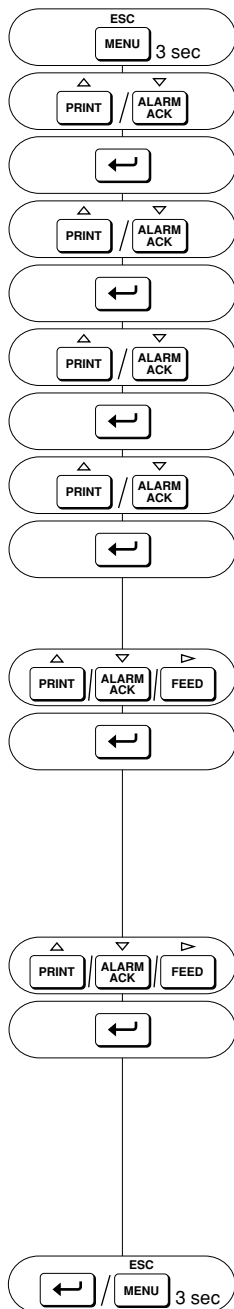
RANGE	01	SKIP	REFERENCE CH	LEFT	RIGHT
ALARM	02	VOLT	1	–2.000	2.000
UNIT	03	TC			
CHART	04	RTD			
CLOCK		DI			
COPY		DELT			
AUX		SCL			
		SQRT			

SETTING PROCEDURE:

ESC
MENU 3 sec

△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK

↵

SET=RANGE — Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK

↵

02:MODE=☐ — Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel. Note that channel No.1 cannot be of the 'DELT' type. Then press the ENT-key.

△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK

↵

02:MODE=DELT — Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'DELT'. Then press the ENT-key.

△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK

↵

02:REFERENCE CH=01 — Enter the reference channel number using the UP/DOWN-keys. Note that the reference channel number must be lower than that of the channel being set. Therefore channel No.1 cannot be of the 'DELT' type. Then press the ENT-key.

△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ▷ FEED

↵

02:LEFT=–2.000 — The display which appears will show the same minimum value of the recording span as of the reference channel. Use the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys to set the minimum value. Press the ENT-key. Note that in case of VOLT, the input range of the DELT-channel must be within the range of the reference channel. The difference in measured value from the reference channel will be recorded on the DELT-channel.

△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ▷ FEED

↵

02:RIGHT=2.000 — The display which appears will show the same maximum value of the recording span as of the reference channel. Use the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys to set the maximum value. Note that LEFT cannot be equal to RIGHT. Press the ENT-key. Note that in case of TC, RTD, the maximum span values can be found by taking the ±value of the input range width. E.g. input range of TC type L = –200 to 900°C: maximum span values will be at ±1100°C.

ESC
↵ / **MENU** 3 sec

∗ SET OK ∗ — The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '02:MODE=DELT' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.
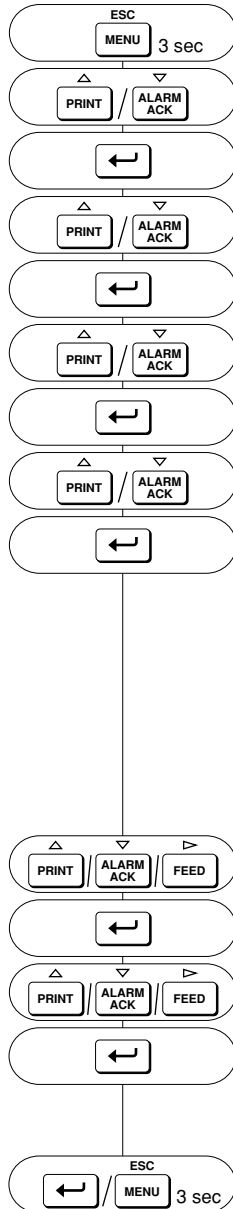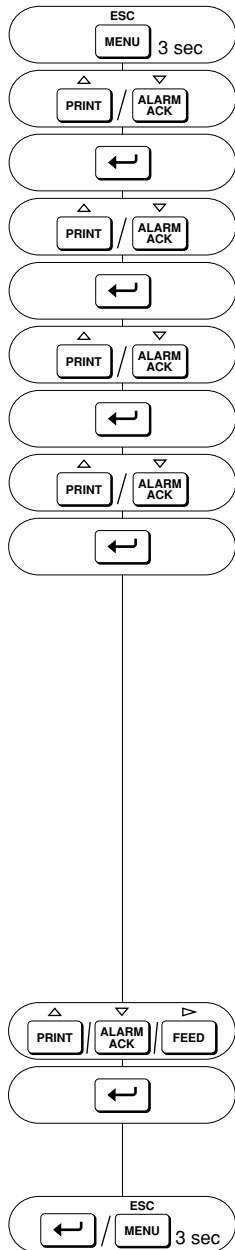
7.1.6 Scale Setting (SCL Setting)

To assign a different scale to the measured data, the range can be set as described below. Note that the measured data which can get a different scale must be of the voltage (VOLT), Thermocouple (TC) or Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD) type. To assign a unit to this new scale, refer to UNIT setting (7.3).
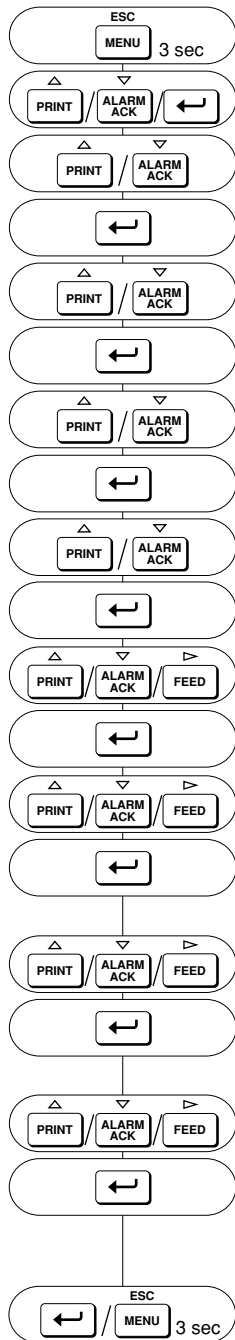
MENU:

RANGE	01	SKIP	SCALING MODE	RANGE	LEFT	RIGHT	SCL LEFT	SCL RIGHT
ALARM	02	VOLT	VOLT	2V	0.000	2.000	–100.0	100.0
UNIT	03	TC						
CHART	04	RTD						
CLOCK		DI						
COPY		DELT						
AUX		SCL						
		SQRT						

SETTING PROCEDURE:

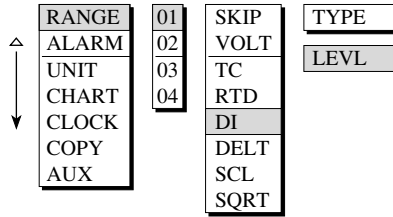|	
SET=RANGE	Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
01:MODE=	Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel. Press the ENT-key.
01:MODE=SCL	Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'SCL'. Press the ENT-key.
01:SCALING MODE=VOLT	Select the input type using the UP/DOWN-keys and press the ENT-key.
01:RANGE=2V	Select the desired range (using the UP/DOWN-keys) and press the ENT-key.
01:LEFT=0.000	Set the minimum value of the recording span using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
01:RIGHT=2.000	Set the maximum value of the recording span using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key. Note that the decimal point will be in the same position as for LEFT. LEFT cannot be equal to RIGHT.
01:SCL LEFT=–100.0	Set the minimum value of the scale corresponding to the minimum value of the recording span using the UP/DOWN and the RIGHT-keys. Note that the allowable range is –20000 to 20000. Then press the ENT-key.
01:SCL RIGHT=100.0	Set the maximum value of the scale corresponding to the maximum value of the recording span. Select it the same way as the minimum value. Then press the ENT-key. Note that the decimal point will be in the same position as for SCL LEFT. SCL LEFT cannot be equal to SCL RIGHT.
∗ SET OK ∗	The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:MODE=SCL' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE   In this example, 0.000V input will be scaled to –100.0. 2.000V input will be scaled to 100.0.

7. BASIC SETTINGS

7.1.7 Setting to Obtain Square Root (SQRT Setting)

To obtain the square root of the measured value, proceed as follows:
Note that the measured data of which the square root can be taken, can only be of the voltage type. To assign a unit, refer to UNIT setting (7.3).
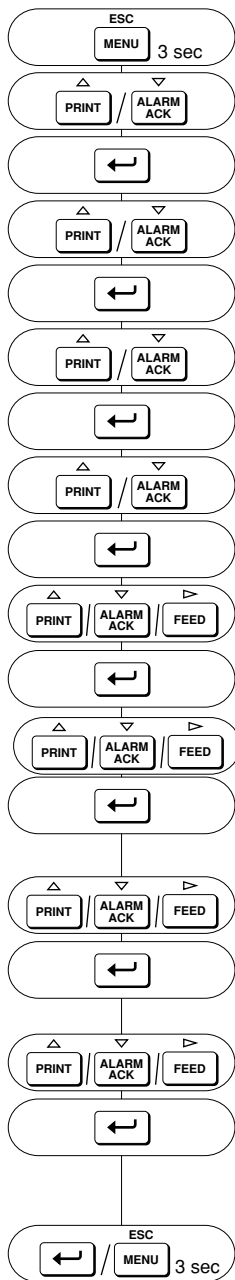
MENU:

RANGE	01	SKIP
ALARM	02	VOLT
UNIT	03	TC
CHART	04	RTD
CLOCK		DI
COPY		DELT
AUX		SCL
		SQRT

RANGE	LEFT	RIGHT	SCL LEFT	SCL RIGHT
2V	0.000	2.000	–2000.0	2000.0

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=RANGE

Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

01:MODE=

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel. Press the ENT-key.

01:MODE=SQRT

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'SQRT'. Press the ENT-key.

01:RANGE=2V

Select the desired range (using the UP/DOWN-keys) and press the ENT-key.

01:LEFT=0.000

Set the minimum value of the recording span using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

01:RIGHT=2.000

Set the maximum value of the recording span using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key. Note that the decimal point will be in the same position as for LEFT. LEFT cannot be equal to RIGHT.

01:SCL LEFT=–2000.0

Set the minimum value of the scale corresponding to the minimum value of the recording span using the UP/DOWN and the RIGHT-keys. Note that the allowable range is –20000 to 20000. Then press the ENT-key.

01:SCL RIGHT=2000.0

Set the maximum value of the scale corresponding to the maximum value of the recording range. Select it the same way as the minimum value. Then press the ENT-key. Note that the decimal point will be in the same position as for SCL LEFT. SCL LEFT cannot be equal to SCL RIGHT.
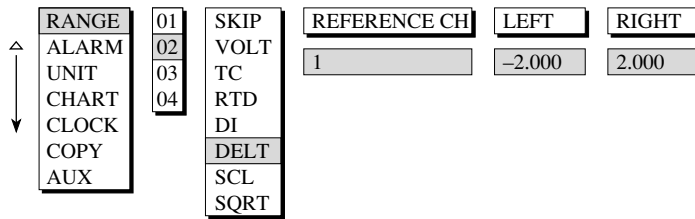
∗ SET OK ∗

The setting is completed.
Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:MODE=SQRT' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

EXPLANATION OF SQUARE ROOT:

The μR1800 uses the following square rooting-method:

Let us define the items as follows:

V_{min} = minimum value of recording span (LEFT)

V_{max} = maximum value of recording span (RIGHT)

F_{min} = minimum value of scale (SCL LEFT)

F_{max} = maximum value of scale (SCL RIGHT)

V_x = input voltage

F_x = scaling value

The relationship between V_x (input voltage) and F_x (scaling value) is as shown in the graph below (the graph configuration is approximate).
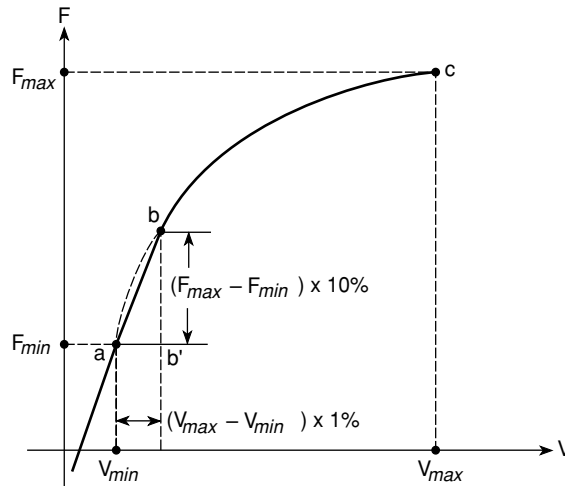
Between b and c in the graph, the following relation exists between F_x and V_x:

$$F_x = (F_{max} - F_{min}) \sqrt{\frac{V_x - V_{min}}{V_{max} - V_{min}}} + F_{min}$$

And between a and b, the relation is:

$$F_x = \frac{10\,(F_{max} - F_{min})}{V_{max} - V_{min}}\,(V_x - V_{min}) + F_{min}$$

7. BASIC SETTINGS

7.2 How to Set Alarms

Alarms can be set on the measured data of any channel.

If an alarm is set, and an alarm occurs, the ALM indicator will be illuminated and alarm printout will occur.

If equipped with the optional alarm output relays, these will be activated by the occurrence of an alarm.

Up to four alarm levels can be set per channel.

Six types of alarms are available. These are:

H High limit alarm: alarm is generated when the measured value is higher than, or equal to, the alarm value.

L Low limit alarm: alarm is generated when the measured value is lower than, or equal to, the alarm value.

R Rate-of-change limit on increase: high alarm is generated when the measured value variation in the ascending direction during a selected interval is greater than, or equal to, the alarm setting.

r Rate-of-change limit on decrease: low alarm is generated when the measured value variation in the descending direction during a selected interval is greater than, or equal to, the alarm setting.
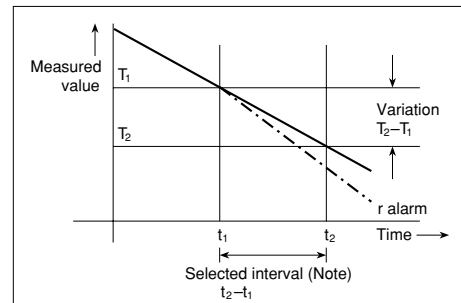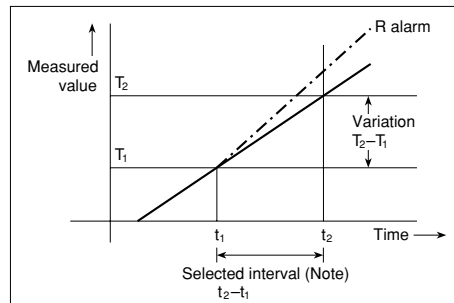
Note: the selected interval is determined during rate-of-change alarm set-up. See 9.1.6.

h Difference high-limit alarm: alarm is generated when the difference between the measured values of two channels is more than the alarm setting. (This type of alarm can only be set when the corresponding channel is of the DELT-type.)

l Difference low-limit alarm: alarm is generated when the difference between the measured values of two channels is less than the alarm setting. (This type of alarm can only be set when the corresponding channel is of the DELT-type.)

NOTE Alarm settings are automatically canceled on the affected channel, when any of the following changes occur:
- the input type (VOLT, TC, etc.) or input range (2V, etc.) is changed.
- decimal point for linear scaling and square root is changed.
- minimum or maximum value of the recording span is changed (in case of linear scaling and square root).
- minimum or maximum value of the scale is changed (in case of linear scaling and square root).

Difference alarm settings (h, l) are canceled when any of the following changes occur:
- the reference channel is changed.
- the input type or range of the reference channel is changed.

The initial value is 'OFF' for all channels and all levels.
To set an alarm, proceed as follows:

MENU:

RANGE	01	LEVEL	ALARM ON/OFF	TYPE	VALUE	RELAY ON/OFF	RELAY No.
ALARM	02	1	ON	H	2.000	ON	I01
UNIT	03						
CHART	04						
CLOCK							
COPY							
AUX							

SETTING PROCEDURE:

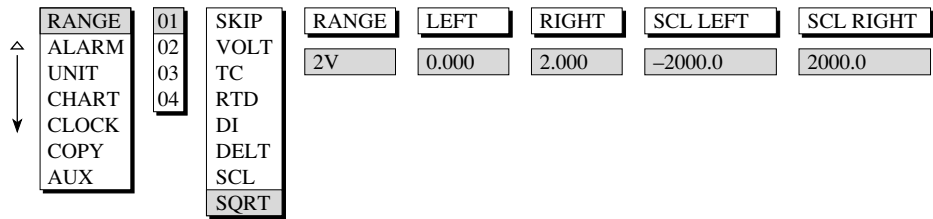|	
ESC MENU 3 sec △ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ↵	**SET=ALARM** — Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=ALARM' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ↵	**01:ALARM LEVEL=** — Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel. Press the ENT-key.
△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ↵	**01:ALARM LEVEL=1** — Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired level of the alarm. Up to four levels can be set. Then press the ENT-key.
△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ↵	**01/1:ALARM=ON** — Select the status of the alarm (ON or OFF) using the UP/DOWN-keys. Initially all are set to OFF. Then press the ENT-key. When OFF is selected, setting is completed. Alarms cannot be set for a SKIP or DI channel.
△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ↵	**01/1:TYPE=H** — Enter the type of alarm using the UP/DOWN-keys. Six types are available. After selection, press the ENT-key. h, l will appear only if the corresponding channel is of the DELT-type.
△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ▷ FEED / ↵	**01/1: VALUE=2.000** — Enter the alarm value using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. After setting, press the ENT-key.
△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ↵	**01/1:RELAY=ON** — Specify whether an output relay should be activated (ON) or not (OFF) using the UP/DOWN-keys. Note that output relays are optional (/A1, 2 or 3). If the option is not installed, data entry will be ignored. After selection, press the ENT-key.
△ PRINT / ▽ ALARM ACK / ↵	**01/1:RELAY No.=I01** — Specify the output relay number using the UP/DOWN-keys. Up to 24 output relays I01 to I24 can be specified, depending on the option. Note that when you specify a relay, with which your μR1800 is not equipped, data entry will be ignored. Then press the ENT-key.
ESC ↵ / MENU 3 sec	**∗ SET OK ∗** — The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:ALARM LEVEL=1' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=ALARM' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE Provided that your μR1800 is equipped with the Remote Control /R1 option and the /A1, 2 or 3 option, the chart speed can be changed when an alarms occurs. See 8.3. The alarm relay can be of 2 types, the 'HOLD' type and 'NON-HOLD' type. See 9.1.4.

7.3 How to Assign Units

When you are using scaling (SCL) or the square root setting (SQRT), it is possible to assign a different unit to the scales. Up to six characters can be set. Note that only four characters will be shown on the display when tags are specified.
The initial value is all spaces. To set, proceed as follows:

MENU:

RANGE	01	CHARACTERS
ALARM	02	
UNIT	03	Kg
CHART	04	
CLOCK		
COPY		
AUX		
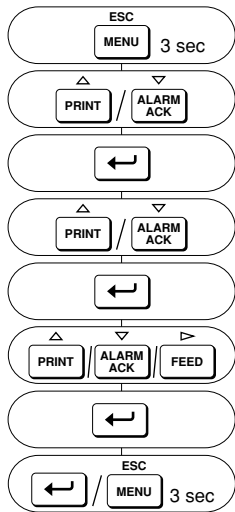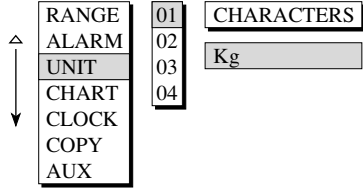
SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=UNIT	Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=UNIT' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
01:UNIT=	Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired channel, and press the ENT-key. If the selected channel is not of the SCL or SQRT-type, data entry will be ignored.
01:UNIT=Kg	Enter the desired unit (up to six characters) using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key. Refer to table 7.3.
∗ SET OK ∗	The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:UNIT=Kg' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=UNIT' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

Table 7.3 Characters

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
U	V	W	X	Y	Z	a	b	c	d
e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n
o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x
y	z	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	#	%	(	)	+	−	∗	/
.	°	μ	Ω	℧					

△-key →

← ▽-key

7.4 How to Set the Chart Speed

The chart speed can be set within a range of 1 to 12000 mm/h, depending on your model. The initial value is 25 mm/h. To set the chart speed, proceed as follows:
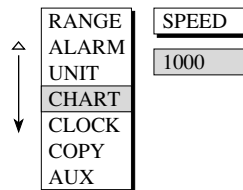
MENU:

```
RANGE      SPEED
ALARM
UNIT       1000
CHART
CLOCK
COPY
AUX
```

SETTING PROCEDURE:
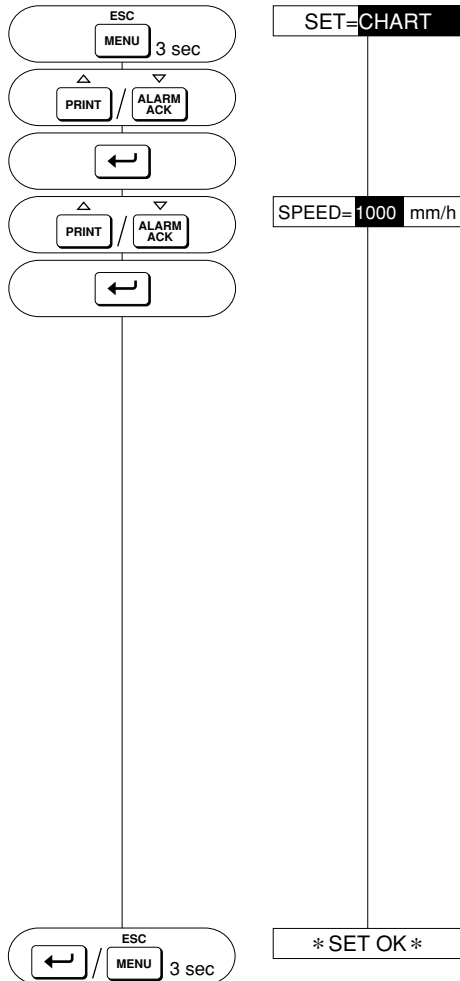
SET=CHART	Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=CHART' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
SPEED= 1000 mm/h	In case of the pen model, select the desired chart speed using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key. The different possible chart speeds are listed below in table 7.4. In case of the dot model, set the desired chart speed using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys, and press the ENT-key. Check in table 7.5 that all the printouts will be printed as expected.

Table 7.4 Chart Speeds in mm/h (pen model)

5	6	8	9	10	12	15	16	18	20
24	25	30	32	36	40	45	48	50	54
60	64	72	75	80	90	96	100	120	125
135	150	160	180	200	225	240	250	270	300
320	360	375	400	450	480	500	540	600	675
720	750	800	900	960	1000	1080	1200	1350	1440
1500	1600	1800	2000	2160	2250	2400	2700	2880	3000
3600	4000	4320	4500	4800	5400	6000	7200	8000	9000
10800	12000								

Table 7.5 Chart Speeds for which Printouts will not be performed

Model	Periodic Printout	Alarm Printout/Recording Start/ Message Printout/Chart Speed Change/ Channel/Tag (dot model only)
pen	5 to 9 mm/h	1600 to 12000 mm/h
6/12 dot model	1 to 9 mm/h, 101 to1500 mm/h	100 to 1500 mm/h
18/24 dot model	1 to 9 mm/h, 51 to1500 mm/h	51 to1500 mm/h

∗ SET OK ∗	The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the 'SPEED=1000 mm/h' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=CHART' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE Setting the chart speed which goes into effect following a remote control signal (/R1 option), or following an alarm occurrence (/A1, 2 or 3 option + /R1 option), is performed under the AUX-settings. See 8.3.

If the chart speed is high (600 to 1500 mm/h) in case of the pen model, the time tick in the periodic printout will contain an error (e.g. if speed is 1500 mm/h, error will be approx. 2cm).

If you selected a chart speed of 1 to 5 mm/h, in case of the dot model, select AUTO for the trend recording format to prevent chart paper damage (see 8.1.1).

7. BASIC SETTINGS

7.5 How to Set the Clock

To set the date and the time of the internal clock, proceed as follows:

MENU:

```
         ┌─────────┐  ┌──────┐  ┌──────┐
    △    │ RANGE   │  │ DATE │  │ TIME │
    │    │ ALARM   │  └──────┘  └──────┘
    │    │ UNIT    │  ┌────────┐ ┌──────────┐
    │    │ CHART   │  │92/06/30│ │ 13:30:00 │
    ▼    │ CLOCK   │  └────────┘ └──────────┘
         │ COPY    │
         │ AUX     │
         └─────────┘
```

SETTING PROCEDURE:

```
   ┌─ ESC ──────────┐
   │ ┌──────┐       │        ┌──────────────┐
   │ │ MENU │ 3 sec │        │ SET=CLOCK    │
   │ └──────┘       │        └──────────────┘
   └────────────────┘
   ┌────────────────┐
   │ △       ▽      │
   │┌─────┐ ┌─────┐ │
   ││PRINT│/│ALARM│ │
   │└─────┘ │ACK  │ │
   │        └─────┘ │
   └────────────────┘
   ┌────────────────┐
   │   ┌───┐        │
   │   │ ↵ │        │
   │   └───┘        │
   └────────────────┘
   ┌───────────────────┐
   │ △     ▽      ▷    │
   │┌─────┐┌─────┐┌────┐│        ┌──────────────┐
   ││PRINT││ALARM││FEED││        │ DATE=92/06/30│
   │└─────┘│ACK  │└────┘│        └──────────────┘
   │       └─────┘      │
   └───────────────────┘
   ┌────────────────┐
   │   ┌───┐        │
   │   │ ↵ │        │
   │   └───┘        │
   └────────────────┘
   ┌───────────────────┐
   │ △     ▽      ▷    │
   │┌─────┐┌─────┐┌────┐│        ┌──────────────┐
   ││PRINT││ALARM││FEED││        │ TIME=13:30:00│
   │└─────┘│ACK  │└────┘│        └──────────────┘
   │       └─────┘      │
   └───────────────────┘
   ┌────────────────┐
   │   ┌───┐        │
   │   │ ↵ │        │
   │   └───┘        │
   └────────────────┘
   ┌─ ESC ──────────┐
   │┌───┐ ┌──────┐  │        ┌──────────────┐
   ││ ↵ │/│ MENU │  │        │ ∗ SET OK ∗   │
   │└───┘ └──────┘3 sec       └──────────────┘
   └────────────────┘
```
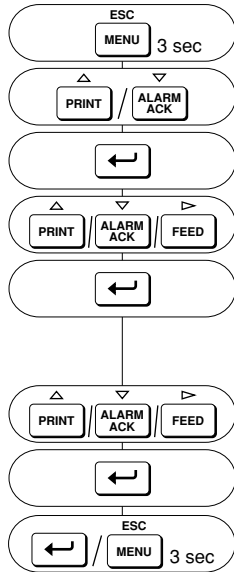
Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=CLOCK' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

Enter the correct date, which is written as year/month/day (YY/MM/DD) using the UP/DOWN/RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key. The date will be automatically updated, regardless whether the power is turned ON or OFF. Leap years are automatically provided.

Enter the correct time, which is written as hour:minute:second (HH:MM:SS) using the UP/DOWN/RIGHT-keys and press the ENT-key. When pressing the ENT-key, the clock will start.

The setting is completed.
Press the ENT-key to return to the 'DATE=92/06/30' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=CLOCK' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

## 7.6 How to Copy Channel Settings to Another Channel

It is possible to copy settings from one channel to another. If executed, all settings concerning range, alarm, unit, zone recording, partial expanded recording, periodic printout and tag will be copied. For the settings concerning zone recording, partial expanded recording, periodic printout and tag, see 8.1, 8.2. These settings will then all be copied; it is therefore impossible to copy e.g. alarm-settings only.
The exact contents of these settings will be copied to the specified channel.
Data entry will be ignored for the 1 pen model. To copy, proceed as follows:

MENU:

RANGE	FROM CH	TO CH
ALARM	1	4
UNIT		
CHART		
CLOCK		
COPY		
AUX		
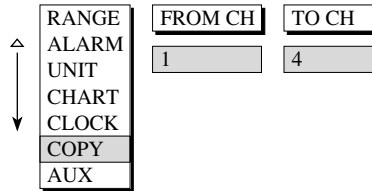
SETTING PROCEDURE:
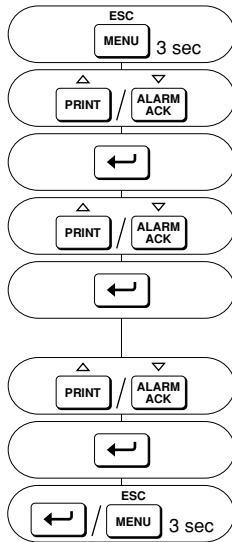
SET=COPY

Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=COPY' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

COPY FROM 01 TO

Enter the channel number from which you want to copy using the UP/DOWN-keys. Note that you can only copy from a lower channel number to a higher channel number.
Then press the ENT-key.

COPY FROM 01 TO 04

Then enter the channel number to which you want to copy using the UP/DOWN- keys. Then press the ENT-key.

∗ SET OK ∗

The setting is completed.
Press the ENT-key to return to the 'COPY FROM _ TO _ ' display; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=COPY' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

7. BASIC SETTINGS

7.7 How to Set the Remote RJC (For /N5 Model)

When measuring a temperature by thermocouple (TC) and the object of measurement is located at a big distance, it is possible to measure the temperature without using a lot of expensive TC wires by establishing a relay terminal near the measurement object.
The relay terminal and object of measurement are connected by TC. The relay terminal and input terminal of the main unit are connected by a compensating copper wire.
One other input terminal of the main unit is connected with the relay terminal by TC and by couducting standard setting compensation of the to be measured temperature, which is done by measuring the temperature of the relay terminal, the temperature of the measurement object can be calculated. (Refer to the figure below.)
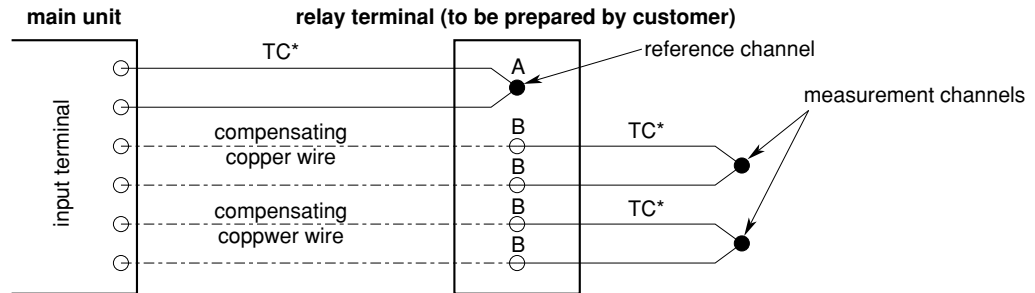
* Please use the same type of TC

NOTES   The input mode of the reference channel should be same as the used TC.
The range of each measuring channel will become same as the range of the reference channel.
The limits of the span of the measuring channel are the same as for the usual TC input (refer to page 7-4).
Scaling is not possible.
In case you change the range or input mode of the reference channel, the input mode of the measurement channel being TC will not change, while the span becomes the upper/lower value of the newly set range.

MENU

RANGE		1		SKIP		RRJC		1		SPAN-L	SPAN-R
ALARM		2		VOLT		MATH		2			
UNIT		3		TC				3		0.0	800.0
CHART		4		RTD				4			
CLOCK				DI							
COPY				DELT							
AUX				SCL							
				SQRT							
				OPT							

SETTING PROCEDURE:
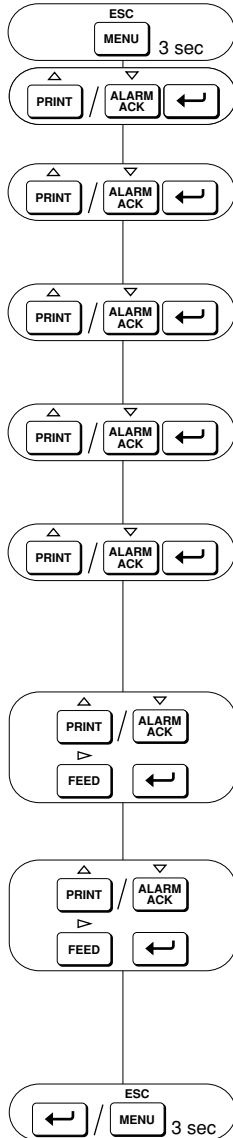
	Display	Description
ESC / MENU 3 sec, PRINT △ / ALARM ACK ▽, ↵	SET=RANGE	Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=RANGE' display by using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
PRINT △ / ALARM ACK ▽, ↵	2:MODE=TC	Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the desired measuring channel. Press the ENT-key.
PRINT △ / ALARM ACK ▽, ↵	2:MODE=OPT	Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'OPT'. Press the ENT-key.
PRINT △ / ALARM ACK ▽, ↵	2:OPTION MODE=RRJC	Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select 'RRJC'. Press the ENT-key.
PRINT △ / ALARM ACK ▽, ↵	2:RJC CH=1	Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the reference channel. Press the ENT-key. Note that the number of the reference channel must be lower than that of the measuring channel. If not, an error will occur.
PRINT △ / ALARM ACK ▽, FEED ▷, ↵	2:LEFT= 0.0	Select the minimum value of the recording span (SPAN L) using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
PRINT △ / ALARM ACK ▽, FEED ▷, ↵	2:RIGHT= 800.0	The display which appears will allow you to enter the maximum value of the recording span (SPAN R). Select it the same way as for the minimum value and press the ENT-key. Note that the recording span cannot be beyond the input range, nor can SPAN L be equal SPAN R.
↵ / MENU ESC 3 sec	∗ SET OK ∗	The setting completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '2:MODE=TC' display for other channel using the remote RJC; or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=RANGE' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

7. BASIC SETTINGS

Chapter 8 AUXILIARY SETTINGS (AUX)

This chapter describes auxiliary settings, which are normally kept at their initial values but, in order to use the many functions of the µR1800, might be changed. They are grouped into

8.1 Settings for analog recording
8.2 Settings for digital printing
8.3 How to set the chart speed used when change-on-alarm or remote control is selected.

8.1 Settings for Analog Recording

This paragraph describes:

8.1.1 How to adjust the trend recording format
8.1.2 How to set zone recording
8.1.3 How to set partial expanded recording.

Trend recording can be done depending on a fixed interval or an interval which depends on the chart speed.

Zone recording enables you to define different bands (zones) for each channel, so the recording traces will not overlap.

Partial expanded recording enables you to compress a part of the recording range, in order to examine the other part of the range in more detail.

Initial values are:

TREND AUTO
ZONE   0 to 180mm
PART   OFF

8.1.1 How to Adjust the Trend Recording Format

The µR1800 prints in FIX or AUTO mode.

In FIX mode, dot printing is performed with a constant interval regardless of the chart speed (approx. 10s for 6 dot, 15s for 12 dot, 20s for 18 dot and 30s for 24 dot model).

AUTO mode is provided to prevent the chart from being damaged during repetitive dot printing. This mode is useful for low chart speeds. The chart is protected from damage because the printout timing changes with the chart speed (approx. 10 to 90 sec).

FIX   **AUTO**
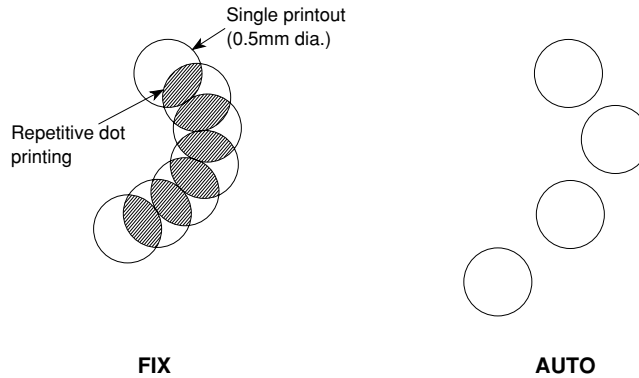
The initial value is 'AUTO'. To set the trend recording mode, proceed as follows:
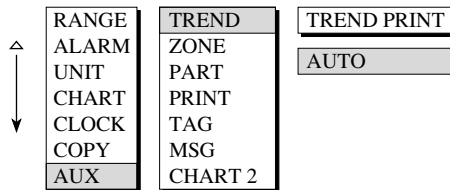
MENU:

SETTING PROCEDURE:
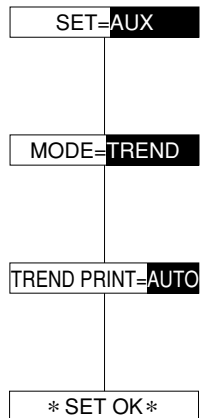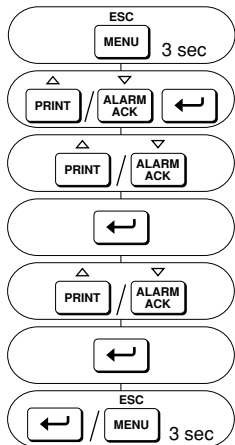
SET=AUX

Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=AUX' display using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

MODE=TREND

Select the 'MODE=TREND' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

TREND PRINT=AUTO

Specify AUTO or FIX using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

∗ SET OK ∗

The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the 'TREND PRINT=...' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=AUX' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

8.1.2 How to Set Zone Recording

Zone recording enables you to define different bands (zones) for each channel, so the recording traces will not overlap during analog recording.
The initial value is '0 to 180mm'.
To set the zones, proceed as follows:

MENU:

RANGE	TREND
ALARM	ZONE
UNIT	PART
CHART	PRINT
CLOCK	TAG
COPY	MSG
AUX	CHART 2

01
02
03
⋮
24

ZONE LEFT
30   m m

ZONE RIGHT
50   m m

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=AUX

Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=AUX' display using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

MODE=ZONE

Select the 'MODE=ZONE' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

02:ZONE LEFT=☐mm

Select the desired channel using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

02:ZONE LEFT= 30 mm

Then specify the left boundary value using the UP/DOWN and the RIGHT-keys. On the chart paper this left boundary value will correspond with the left span value. (For example, if your channel 2 has a recording span of –2V to 2V, and you specify the zone to start from 30mm, then the recording at 30mm will correspond with the value of –2V.) Then press the ENT-key.
Note that the minimum width of a zone is 5mm. The left boundary must be less than the right boundary.

02:ZONE RIGHT= 50 mm

Then specify the right boundary value using the UP/DOWN and the RIGHT-keys, and press the ENT-key.
Note that scales will only be printed for 40mm and bigger zones.

∗ SET OK ∗

The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '02:ZONE LEFT=...mm' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=AUX' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

EXPLANATION:
The next figure shows the recording after zone recording has been set (example).
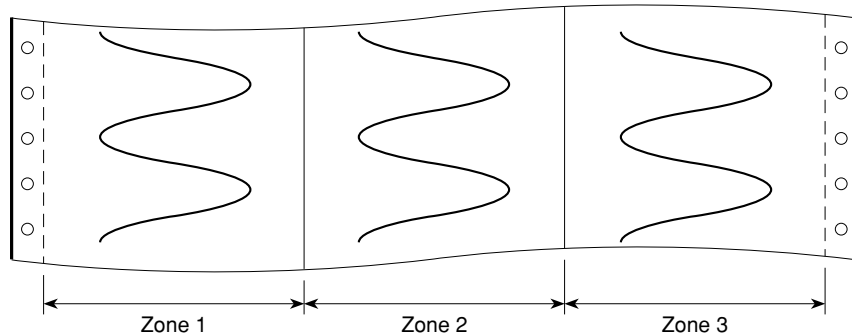
Figure 8.1 Zone Recording Example

8. AUXILIARY SETTINGS (AUX)

8.1.3 How to set Partial Expanded Recording

Partial expanded recording enables you to compress a part of the recording span, in order to examine the expanded (other) part of the range in more detail. The initial value is 'OFF'. To set partial expanded recording, proceed as follows:
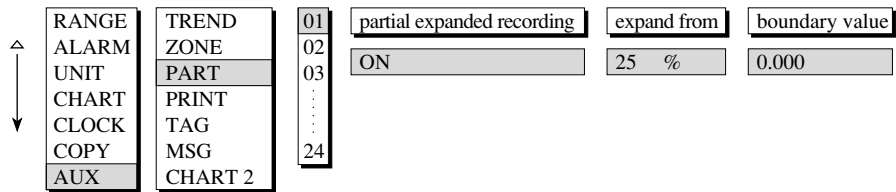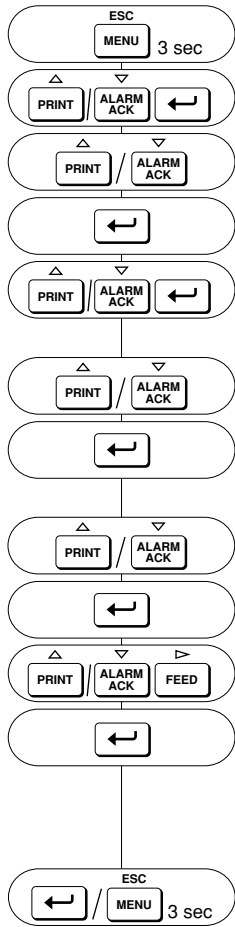
MENU:

RANGE	TREND
ALARM	ZONE
UNIT	PART
CHART	PRINT
CLOCK	TAG
COPY	MSG
AUX	CHART 2

01
02
03
⋮
24

partial expanded recording	expand from	boundary value
ON	25 %	0.000

SETTING PROCEDURE:

`SET=AUX`

Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=AUX' display using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

`MODE=PART`

Select the 'MODE=PART' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

`01:PARTIAL=`

Select the desired channel using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

`01:PARTIAL=ON`

Select ON (or OFF in case you had set partial expanded recording before and want to stop it now) using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
In the case you selected OFF, the setting is completed.

`01:EXPAND FROM=25%`

Specify the percentage (1 to 99%) of the full recording span which has to be compressed, using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key.

`01:BOUNDARY=0.000`

The display which appears prompts you to set the boundary value. The boundary value corresponds to the previous set compressed part. See also figure 8.3. Set this value by using the UP/DOWN and the RIGHT-keys. Note that this boundary value must be within the recording span. (If scaling is ON, this value must be within the scaling range.) Then press the ENT-key.
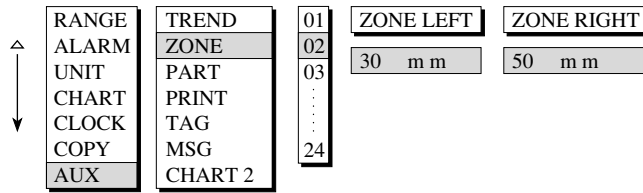
`∗ SET OK ∗`

The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:PARTIAL=...' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=AUX' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.
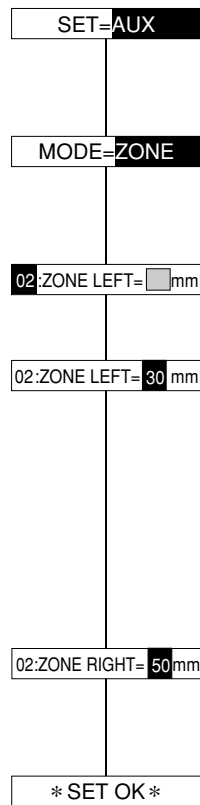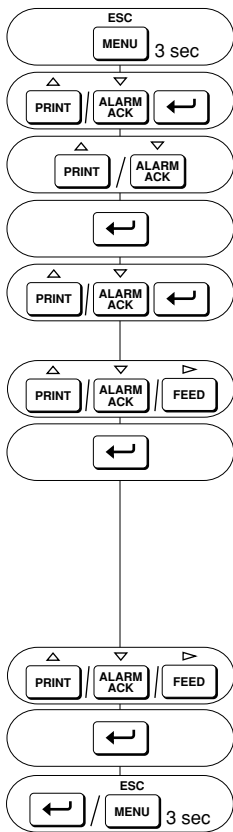
NOTE Partial Expanded settings are automatically canceled, when any of the following changes occur:
- the input type (VOLT, TC, etc.) or input range (2V, etc.) is changed.
- decimal point for linear scaling and square root is changed.
- minimum or maximum value of the recording span is changed (in case of linear scaling and square root).
- minimum or maximum value of the scale is changed (in case of linear scaling and square root).
- the reference channel is changed.
- the input type or range of the reference channel is changed.

EXPLANATION:
The next figures show the recordings before and after the above settings have been completed:
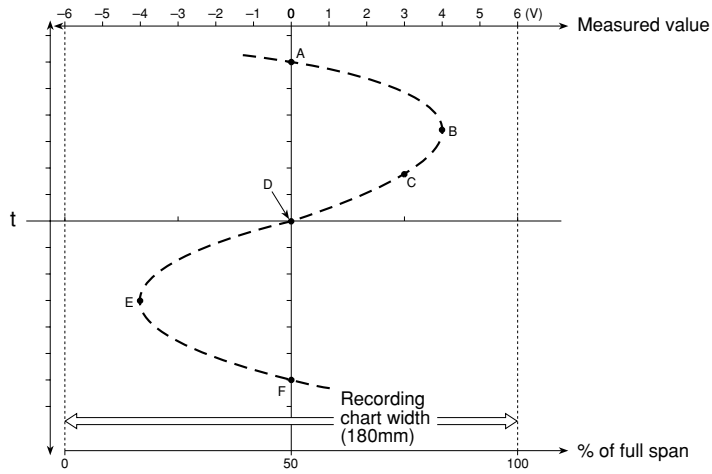
Figure 8.2 Normal Recording Example
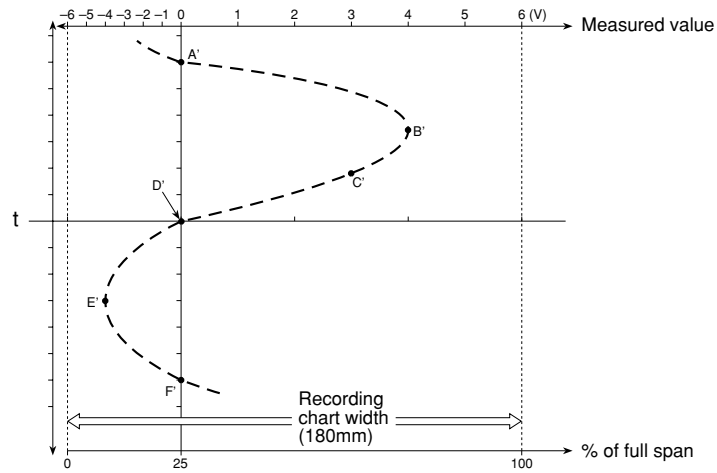
Figure 8.3 Partial Recording Example

As can be seen from these figures, the left side of the boundary (D') shows on 25% of the chart the data in the range –6V to 0V. On the right side of the boundary you can see the range 0V to 6V on 75% of the chart. Thus the scales differ on the left and right sides of the boundary.

8. AUXILIARY SETTINGS (AUX)

8.2 Settings for Digital Printing

This paragraph describes how to select the periodic printout ON/OFF, how to set a tag and how to set a message.
Initial values are:

PRINT   ON
TAG   all spaces
MSG   all spaces

8.2.1 How to Select the Periodic Printout ON/OFF

The printing of channel No., tag and the measured values in the periodic printout can be selected ON/OFF per channel. However, the periodic printout of date, time, chart speed and, for the pen model, pen color and POC ON mark ($\ast$) cannot be OFF. The initial value is 'ON'.
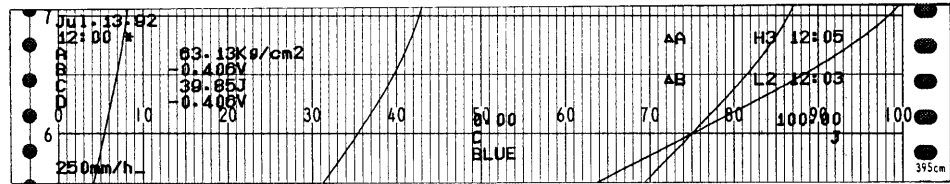
Figure 8.4a Periodic Printout for the Pen Model
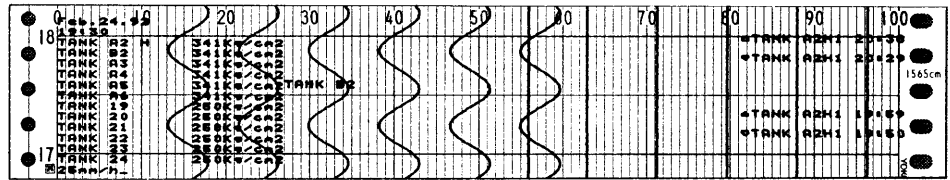
Figure 8.4b Periodic Printout for the Dot Model

To select this periodic printout ON or OFF, proceed as follows:
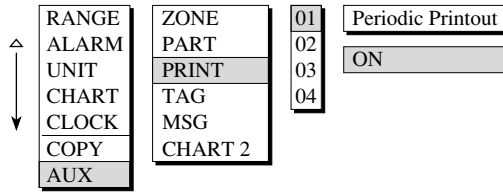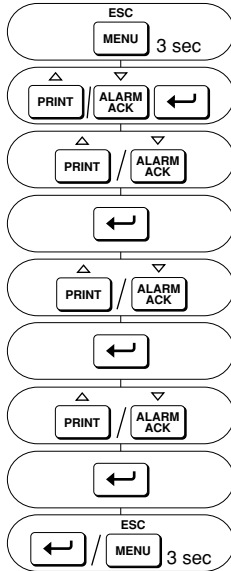
MENU:

RANGE		ZONE		01		Periodic Printout
ALARM		PART		02		ON
UNIT		PRINT		03		
CHART		TAG		04		
CLOCK		MSG				
COPY		CHART 2				
AUX						

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=AUX	Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=AUX' display using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.
MODE=PRINT	Select the 'MODE=PRINT' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
01:DIGITAL PRINT=	Select the desired channel using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.
01:DIGITAL PRINT=ON	Select ON (or OFF in case you had set this periodic printout before and want to stop it now) using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
∗ SET OK ∗	The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:DIGITAL PRINT=...' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=AUX' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE   If set, this printout appears on the chart with a certain regularity. To change the interval between two printouts, see 9.4.6.

8. AUXILIARY SETTINGS (AUX)

8.2.2 How to Set a Tag

The following setting enables you to set tags to be recorded instead of the usual channel numbers. Tags will appear on the display, in the periodic printout, manual printout and in the alarm printout. One tag can be set for every channel. The maximum length is seven characters.

To set a tag, proceed as follows:
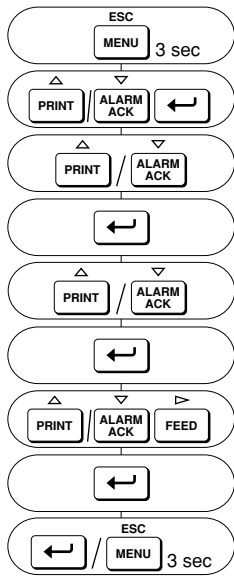
MENU:

RANGE	ZONE	01	TAG
ALARM	PART	02	TAG 1
UNIT	PRINT	03	
CHART	TAG	04	
CLOCK	MSG		
COPY	CHART 2		
AUX			

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=AUX
Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=AUX' display using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

MODE=TAG
Select the 'MODE=TAG' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

01:TAG=
Select the desired channel using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

01:TAG= TAG 1
Enter the desired characters using the UP/DOWN and the RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key. Refer to table 8.1.

∗ SET OK ∗
The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '01:TAG=...' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=AUX' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE It is also necessary to set the CH/TAG-setting in the SET UP Mode to get this tag display and printout. See 9.4.1.

Table 8.1 Characters

△ -key →	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
← ▽ -key	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	a	b	c	d
	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n
	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x
	y	z	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	#	%	(	)	+	−	∗	/
	.	°	μ	Ω	℧					

8.2.3 How to Set Messages

The following setting enables you to set the messages. Up to five messages can be set, each of up to 16 characters. Messages can be printed onto the chart using the keyboard, or by remote control which is optional. Note that the printing of the messages will not be done when the chart speed is faster than 1500 mm/h (pen model) or 100 mm/h (dot model) or when recording is OFF.

To set a message, proceed as follows:
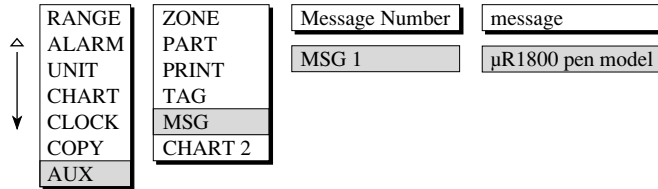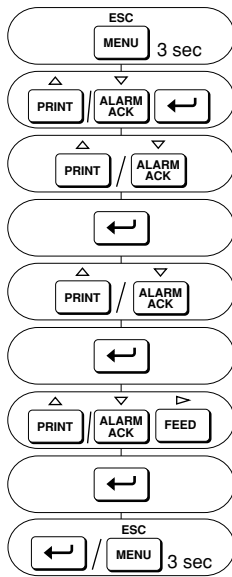
MENU:

RANGE	ZONE
ALARM	PART
UNIT	PRINT
CHART	TAG
CLOCK	MSG
COPY	CHART 2
AUX	

Message Number	message
MSG 1	µR1800 pen model

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=AUX	Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=AUX' display using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.
MODE=MSG	Select the 'MODE=MSG' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.
MESSAGE No.=MSG 1	Specify which message you want to set using the UP/DOWN-keys. Up to five messages can be set. Then press the ENT-key.
M1= µR 1800 pen model	Enter the desired characters (up to 16) using the UP/DOWN and the RIGHT-keys. Then press the ENT-key. See table 8.2 for the characters which can be used.
* SET OK *	The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the 'MESSAGE No.=...' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=AUX' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.

NOTE If your µR1800 is equipped with the /R1 option, and you want them to be triggered by remote control, the messages must be assigned to the /R1 terminals. See 9.8.

Table 8.2 Characters

△-key (→)

▽-key (←)

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
U	V	W	X	Y	Z	a	b	c	d
e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n
o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x
y	z	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	#	%	(	)	+	−	*	/
.	°	µ	Ω	Ʊ					

8. AUXILIARY SETTINGS (AUX)

8.3 How to Set the Chart Speed Used When Change-on-alarm or Remote Control is Selected

The following describes the way to use a second chart speed which is activated by remote control or by the occurence of alarms. This function enables you to record data in more detail following a remote control trigger or following the occurence of an alarm. However, to use this second chart speed, it is necessary that your µR1800 is at least equipped with the /R1 option. To be able to use the change-on-alarm function, it is necessary to have alarm output relays installed as well (option /A1, 2 or 3). If your µR1800 is not equipped with the /R1 option, data entry will be ignored.
This second chart speed will stay in effect until the remote control status changes back again, or until the alarm turns OFF. The initial value is 25 mm/h.
To set this chart speed, proceed as follows:
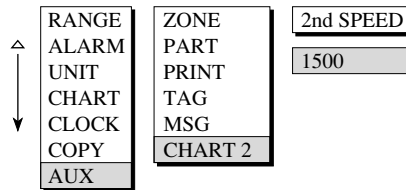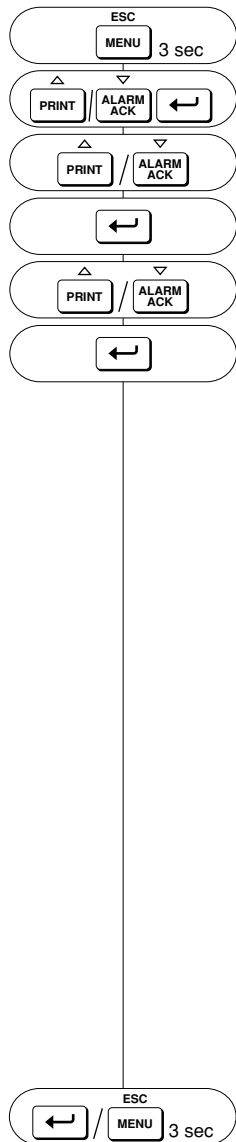
MENU:

RANGE	ZONE	2nd SPEED
ALARM	PART	
UNIT	PRINT	1500
CHART	TAG	
CLOCK	MSG	
COPY	CHART 2	
AUX		

SETTING PROCEDURE:

SET=AUX

Press the MENU-key for three seconds to enter the SET mode. Select the 'SET=AUX' display using the UP/DOWN-keys, and press the ENT-key.

MODE=CHART 2

Select the 'MODE=CHART2' display using the UP/DOWN-keys. Then press the ENT-key.

2nd SPEED=1500 mm/h

In case of the pen model, select the desired chart speed using the UP/DOWN-keys. You can select any of the below shown chart speeds. Then press the ENT-key.
In case of the dot model, set the desired chart speed using the UP/DOWN and RIGHT-keys, and press the ENT-key.

Table 8.3 Chart Speeds in mm/h (pen model)

5	6	8	9	10	12	15	16	18	20
24	25	30	32	36	40	45	48	50	54
60	64	72	75	80	90	96	100	120	125
135	150	160	180	200	225	240	250	270	300
320	360	375	400	450	480	500	540	600	675
720	750	800	900	960	1000	1080	1200	1350	1440
1500	1600	1800	2000	2160	2250	2400	2700	2880	3000
3600	4000	4320	4500	4800	5400	6000	7200	8000	9000
10800	12000								

Note that the interval between digital printouts will change according to the new chart speed. Therefore check in table 8.4 that all the printouts will be printed as expected.

Table 8.4 Chart Speeds for which Printouts will not be performed

Model	Periodic Printout	Alarm Printout/Recording Start/ Message Printout/Chart Speed Change/ Channel/Tag (dot model only)
pen	5 to 9 mm/h	1600 to 12000 mm/h
6/12 dot model	1 to 9 mm/h, 101 to1500 mm/h	100 to 1500 mm/h
18/24 dot model	1 to 9 mm/h, 51 to1500 mm/h	51 to1500 mm/h

＊SET OK＊

The setting is completed. Press the ENT-key to return to the '2nd_SPEED=...mm/h' display, or press the ESC-key to go to the 'SET=AUX' display; or press the MENU-key for three seconds to return to the Operation mode.
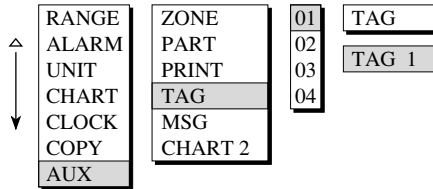
Chapter 9 CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

This chapter describes how to change initial settings. These settings are entered during the manufacturing of the recorder and seldom need to be changed.
See 6.3.3 for flow chart.
Note that while you are changing any of the following settings, recording cannot be performed and alarms will not be detected.

They are grouped into
9.1   How to change initial settings for the alarm function
9.2   How to change initial settings for the input
9.3   How to change initial settings for analog recording
9.4   How to change initial settings for digital printouts
9.5   How to select the type of bargraph
9.6   How to change the temperature unit
9.7   How to initialize settings
9.8   How to change initial settings for the REMOTE option
9.9   How to select to trigger the recording to start/stop
9.10 How to change key-lock settings

9.1 How to Change Initial Settings for the Alarm Function

This paragraph describes how to change initial settings for the alarm function.
9.1.1 How to select the reflash function ON/OFF (initial value = 'OFF')
9.1.2 How to select the output relay to be of AND/OR type (initial value = 'NONE')
9.1.3 How to select the output relay to be energizing/de-energizing on alarm (initial value = 'ENERG')
9.1.4 How to select the alarm output relay to be of HOLD/NON-HOLD type (initial value = 'NONHOLD')
9.1.5 How to select the alarm indicator to be of HOLD/NON-HOLD type (initial value = 'NONHOLD')
9.1.6 How to set the sampling interval for rate-of-change alarms (initial value = '01')
9.1.7 How to select alarm hysteresis ON/OFF (initial value = 'ON')

| CAUTION |

When exiting SETUP MODE using "SETUP=END" and "STORE" statement. Do-not turn the power OFF until the Recorder has returned to the OPERATION MODE. Calibration data might be affected.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.1.1 How to Select the Reflash Function ON/OFF

Reflash is a function to indicate repeating alarm occurrences among a group of alarms sharing the same output relay. When the optional alarm output relays are not installed, data entry will be ignored. Note that only I01 to I03 (which should be assigned in the alarm setting also) can be used for the reflash function.
The initial value is 'OFF'.

Alarm status
- Channel 1 (level 1) — (Suppose I01 is assigned)
- Channel 2 (level 2) — (Suppose I01 is assigned)
- Channel 3 (level 3) — (Suppose I01 is assigned)

Relay status (REFLASH=ON)
- Output relay (option) — (I01 output)
- Approx. 500ms   Approx. 500ms

Relay status (REFLASH=OFF)
- Output relay (option) — (I01 output)

Figure 9.1

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

The display 'REFLASH=...' will appear. Select ON or OFF. Press the ENT-key.

The reflash setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the alarm settings until the '*ALARM SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the alarm settings until the display '*ALARM SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

NOTE When I01 to I03 are used for the reflash function, they cannot be used for the AND function, see 9.1.2.
I01 to I03 will be exclusively used for the reflash function, regardless of the number of alarm output relays.

9.1.2 How to Select the Output Relay to be of AND/OR Type

The (optional) output relays can be specified to be AND or OR type, which is necessary when a group of alarms shares the same output relay. The initial value is 'NONE', which means that all relays are OR output. When the optional alarm output relays are not installed, data entry will be ignored. Note than when you set I01 to I03 to reflash, only I04 to I24 can be specified for AND/OR.

Figure 9.2

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'AND=...' appears. Select which relays must be of AND type. Depending on your options, you can specify up to 24 relays (I01 to I24). Relays which are not selected will be of OR type. 'NONE' means that all relays are OR output. After selection, press the ENT-key. Note that I01 will always be displayed at the left side of the display.

The AND/OR setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the alarm settings until the '∗ALARM SET∗' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the alarm settings until the display '∗ALARM SET∗' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.1.3 How to Select the Output Relay to be Energizing/De-energizing on Alarm

The alarm output relays can be selected to be energizing or de-energizing on alarm. Using de-energizing, alarm output relay is activated either when an alarm occurs, or when power off occurs (common for all relays). This enables simple monitoring of power supply.
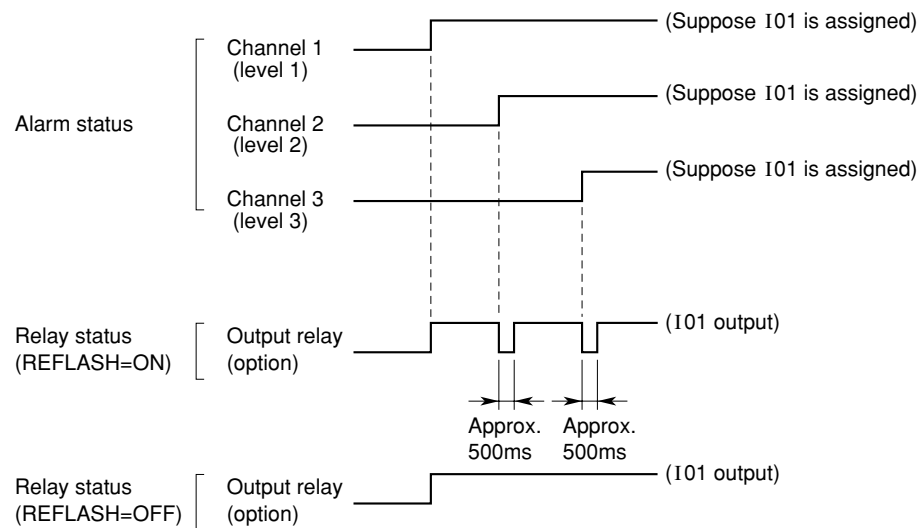The initial value is 'ENERG'.

Figure 9.3

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'ALARM=ENERG' appears. Select energize (ENERG) or de-energize (DE_EN). After selection, press the ENT-key.

The energize/de-energize setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the alarm settings until the '*ALARM SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the alarm settings until the display '*ALARM SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.1.4 How to Select the Alarm Output Relay to be of HOLD/NON-HOLD Type

You can select whether or not to hold alarm output relays until reset.
The initial value is 'NON-HOLD', and common for all relays.

NON-HOLD:
Output relay turns ON and OFF together with alarm.

Alarm ON

Alarm OFF

Relay set

Relay reset

HOLD:
Once turned ON, the alarm output relay remains ON even if the alarm turns OFF.
The relay is turned OFF by pressing the ACK-key.
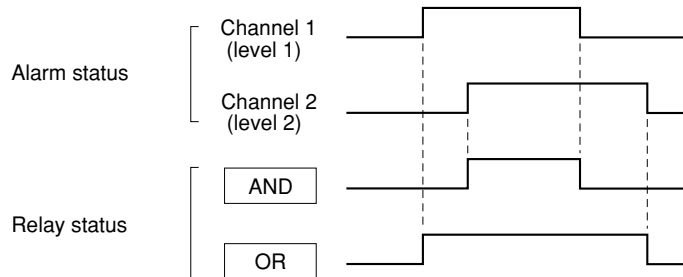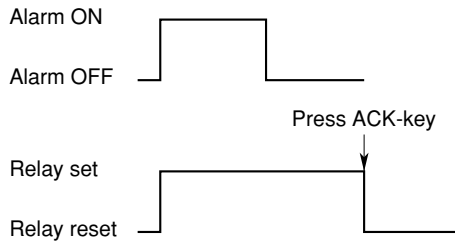
Alarm ON

Alarm OFF

Press ACK-key

Relay set

Relay reset

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the
ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'RLY=NONHOLD' appears. Select HOLD or
NONHOLD. After selection, press the ENT-key.

The relay HOLD/NONHOLD setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet.
Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the alarm
settings until the '*ALARM SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the
alarm settings until the display '*ALARM SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return
to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or
'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will
appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.1.5 How to Select the Alarm Indicator to be of HOLD/NON-HOLD Type

You can select whether or not to hold the indicator until reset.
The initial value is 'NON-HOLD', and common for all alarms.

NON-HOLD:
Indicator turns ON and OFF together with alarm.
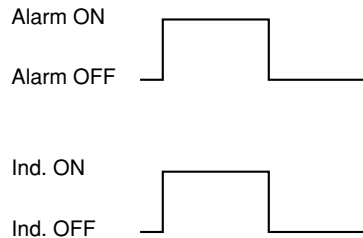
HOLD:
Once flashing, the indicator remains flashing even if the alarm turns OFF. The indicator shows the current alarm status by pressing the ACK-key (in alarm = ON, alarm recovered = OFF).
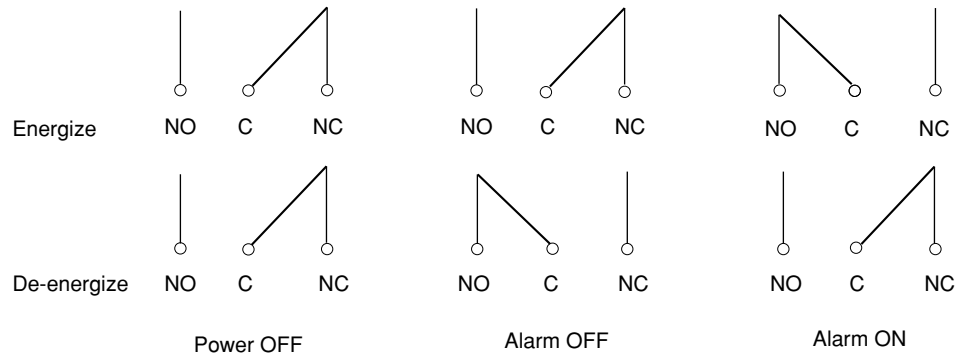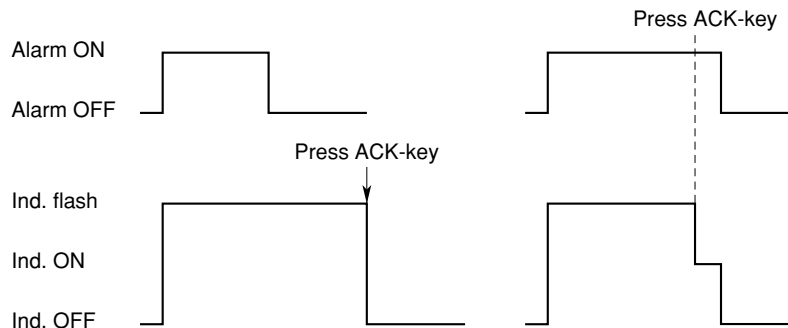

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'IND=NONHOLD' appears. Select HOLD or NONHOLD. After selection, press the ENT-key.

The indicator HOLD/NONHOLD setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the alarm settings until the '*ALARM SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the alarm settings until the display '*ALARM SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.1.6 How to Set the Sampling Interval for Rate-of-change Alarms

You can change the sampling interval for rate-of-change alarms by the following setting (common for all alarms).
The initial value is '01' sample (the actual time depends on the model and A/D frequency; see also table 9.1 on page 9-9).
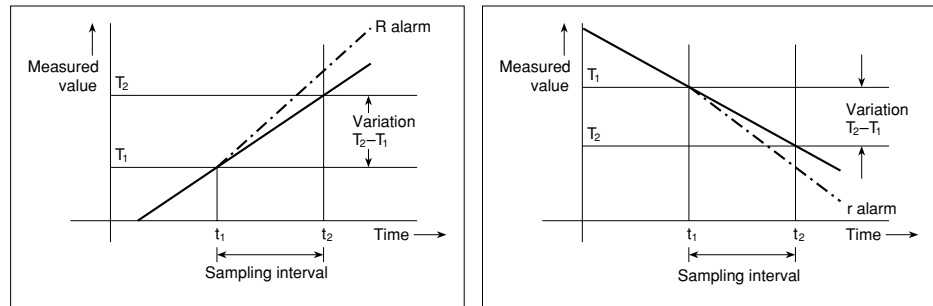
Figure 9.4

If you want to change the sampling interval for rate-of-change on **increasing** signal:
SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'R_TIME=1' appears. Select the sampling interval (min. is 1 sample interval, max. is 15 sample interval). After selection, press the ENT-key.

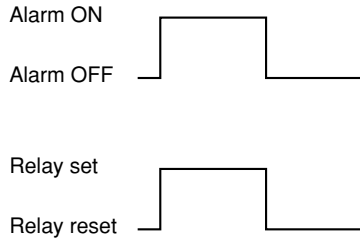The setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the alarm settings until the display '*ALARM SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

If you want to change the sampling interval for rate-of-change on **decreasing** signal:
SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'r_TIME=1' appears. Select the sampling interval (min. is 1 sample interval, max. is 15 sample interval). After selection, press the ENT-key.

The setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the alarm settings until the display '*ALARM SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.1.7 How to Select Alarm Hysteresis ON/OFF

The alarm hysteresis is the difference between the levels of alarm occurence and reset.
You can choose between two levels of hysteresis: 0% (=OFF) and approx. 0.5% of the recording span (=ON) (common for all alarms).
The inititial value is 'ON'.

High Limit Alarm(H)

Low Limit Alarm(L)

Figure 9.5

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=ALARM'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'ALM_HYS=ON' appears. Select ON or OFF.
After selection, press the ENT-key. The display '*ALARM SET*' will appear.

The alarm hysteresis setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=ALARM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

NOTE   Hysteresis setting is only valid for High and Low alarms. Hysteresis setting for rate-of-change alarms and difference alarms will be ignored.

9.2 How to Change Initial Settings for the Input

This paragraph describes how to change initial settings for the input.
9.2.1 How to set the A/D integration time (initial value = 'AUTO' for pen model, and '100 ms' for dot model)
9.2.2 How to set upscale/downscale TC burnout (initial value = 'UP','OFF')
9.2.3 How to set internal or external RJC (initial value = 'INT')
9.2.4 How to select the input filter (initial value = 'OFF') (pen model)
9.2.5 How to select a moving average (initial value = 'OFF') (dot model)

9.2.1 How to Set the A/D Integration Time

The purpose of the following setting is to specify which A/D integration time will be used. Depending on the power supply, the integration time will affect the ability of noise rejection and therefore the recording.

In case of the pen model
If the power supply of the recorder and of the measuring object are the same, the effect of noise will be automatically minimized and the (initial) value of AUTO is the recommended one.
If the power supplies are different, you should select from 50Hz or 60Hz integration time. The choice depends on the power supply of the instrument with the highest noise level.
There are three possibilities:
• AUTO: integration time depends on the power supply of the recorder. However, in case of the /P1 model, the integration time is fixed to 50Hz.
• 50Hz
• 60Hz.
The initial value is 'AUTO'.

In case of the dot model
The initial value is 100 ms, and this setting should only be changed when required because of specific optional functions. For details, see the option manuals.
There are four possibilities:
• AUTO: integration time depends on the power supply of the recorder. However, in case of the /P1 model, the integration time is fixed to 50Hz.
• 50Hz
• 60Hz
• 100 ms.
The initial value is '100 ms'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=INTG'. Press the ENT-key.

Select AUTO, 50Hz, 60Hz or 100ms according to your situation using the UP/DOWN-keys.
Then press the ENT-key. The display '*INTG SET*' will appear. Note that the sampling time will differ according to this setting. See table 9.1.

The A/D integration time setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet.
You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=INTG' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

Table 9.1 Sampling Time

A/D Frequency	100ms	50/60Hz
pen model	—	125ms
6 dot model	2.5s	2.5s
12 dot model	5s	2.5s
18 dot model	10s	2.5s
24 dot model	10s	2.5s

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.2.2 How to Set Upscale/Downscale TC Burnout

The purpose of the following setting is to specify where the pens will move in case of a TC-burnout. You can choose from moving to the right (UP) or to the left (DOWN). This is common for every channel. You can select ON or OFF for each channel. The initial value is 'UP', and 'OFF' for every channel.
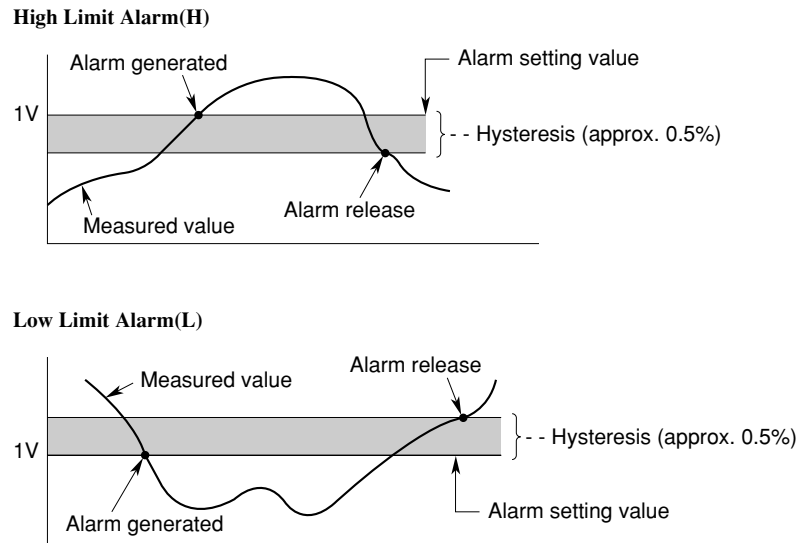
SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=B.OUT'. Press the ENT-key.

Select UP or DOWN using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key.

This burnout processing is ON/OFF selectable per channel. Select the channel No. for which you want to specify this burnout processing. Then press the ENT-key.

Select ON or OFF. Then press the ENT-key. The display '*B.OUT SET*' will appear.

The burnout setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by pressing the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=B.OUT' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.2.3 How to Set Internal or External RJC

The purpose of the following setting is to select whether internal or external reference junction compensation values are used.
In the case of INTernal, the reference junction compensation is based on the internal RJC circuit.
In the case of EXTernal, the reference junction compensation is based on an external voltage input.
The initial value is 'INT'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RJC'. Press the ENT-key.

Select the channel No. for which you want to specify this RJC setting. Then press the ENT-key.

Select INT or EXT using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key.

If you selected INT:
The RJC setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. The display '*RJC SET*' will appear. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by pressing the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RJC' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

If you selected EXT:
Set the input voltage to use for reference junction using the UP/DOWN-keys (must be within –20000µV to +20000µV range, initial value is 0µV). Then press the ENT-key.

The RJC setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. The display '*RJC SET*' will appear. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by pressing the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RJC' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.2.4 How to Select the Input Filter (Pen Model)

Noise in the measured signal can be suppressed in the final measurement by using an input filter. This is sometimes referred to as signal damping. The purpose of this setting is to select for each channel whether or not to use a filter, and if so, to select a time constant of damping.

A filter works as follows:
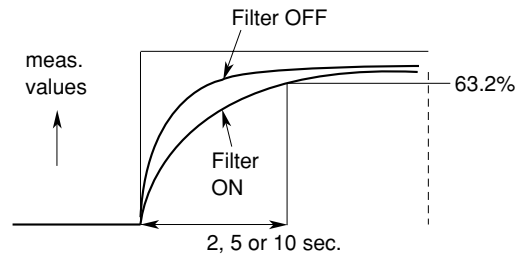
If a filter is used, the response time can be selected from 2, 5 or 10 seconds.

You can choose from three filters:
• 2 seconds
• 5 seconds
• 10 seconds.
The initial value is 'OFF'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=FILTR'. Press the ENT-key.

Select the channel No. for which you want to specify a filter. Then press the ENT-key.

Select the type of filter you want to use. You can choose from no filter (OFF), 2 seconds, 5 seconds or 10 seconds. Press the ENT-key. The display '*FILTR SET*' will appear.

The filter setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Press the ENT-key to continue the setting for other channels or the ESC-key to adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=FILTR' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.2.5 How to Select a Moving Average (Dot Model)

Noise in the measured signal can be suppressed in the final measurement by computing a moving average. It is possible to record a moving average calculated over the previous X samples, selectable from the previous 2 samples up to the previous 16 samples. The purpose of the following setting is to select for each channel whether or not to compute a moving average, and if so, over how many samples.

The initial value is 'OFF'.

Example: (let us assume a moving average over 5 samples is selected)

	Buffer data for nth sample		Buffer data for (n+1)th sample		Buffer data for (n+2)th sample
⑤	10.0mV	new data	15.0mV	new data	10.0mV
④	5.0mV		10.0mV		15.0mV
③	0.0mV		5.0mV		10.0mV
②	–5.0mV		0.0mV		5.0mV
①	–10.0mV	erased	–5.0mV	erased	0.0mV

Average	0.0mV		5.0mV		8.0mV

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=M_AVE'. Press the ENT-key.

Select the channel No. for which you want to compute a moving average. Then press the ENT-key.

Select the number of samples. You can choose from 2 samples, 3 samples, ... up to 16 samples. Of course you can also select OFF. Press the ENT-key. The display '*M_AVE SET*' will appear.

The moving average setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Press the ENT-key to continue the setting for other channels or the ESC-key to adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=M_AVE' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.3 How to Change Initial Settings for Analog Recording

This paragraph describes how to change initial settings for analog recording.
9.3.1   How to select pen offset compensation ON/OFF (initial value = 'OFF') (pen model)
9.3.2 How to assign different colors to channels (dot model)
Related settings concern the way to adjust the position of pens and printer carriage, which is described in chapter 11 (see 11.3 and 11.4).

9.3.1 How to Select Pen Offset Compensation ON/OFF (Pen Model)

The POC function eliminates deviation (phase difference) between the pens on the time axis. Figure 9.6 shows a side view of the recording status for the 2 pen model (3 & 4 pen models are similar).
The initial value is 'OFF'.
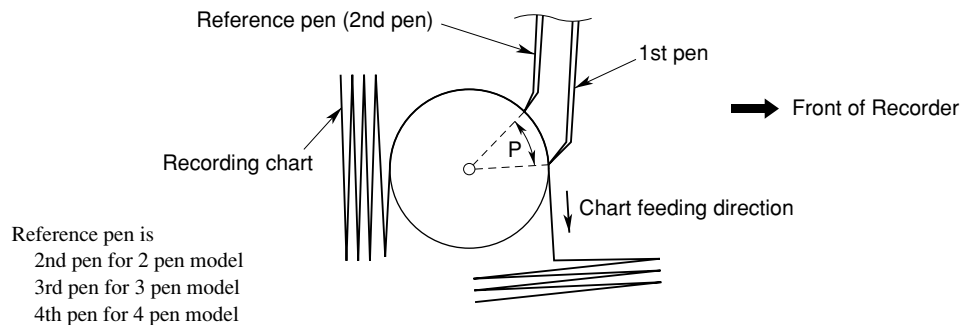
Figure 9.6 Side View of Recording Status

Figure 9.6 shows that, in any pen recorder (in order to prevent collision between pens) the pens must be offset by a distance p. Therefore, points recorded at the same time are separated on the time axis.
In the case of Pen Offset Compensation, a delay memory is used to store measurement data, equivalent to the time offset p of the pens (other than the reference pen).
The pens will start to record these stored data when the chart is fed by the amount of p (time offset).

NOTE Immediately after the recording has been started, only the reference pen operates normally. The other pens might not seem to operate correctly, but this is due to the time offset.
When you stop the recording, the chart will stop and therefore data stored in the delay memory will not be recorded anymore. Therefore, these data will be lost.

Pen Offset Compensation is meaningless for the 1 pen model. Therefore POC setting will be ignored for the 1 pen model.
Note that an asterisk will be printed in the periodic printout when POC is 'ON'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=POC'. Press the ENT-key.

Select ON or OFF. Then press the ENT-key. The display '*POC SET*' will appear.

The POC setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=POC' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
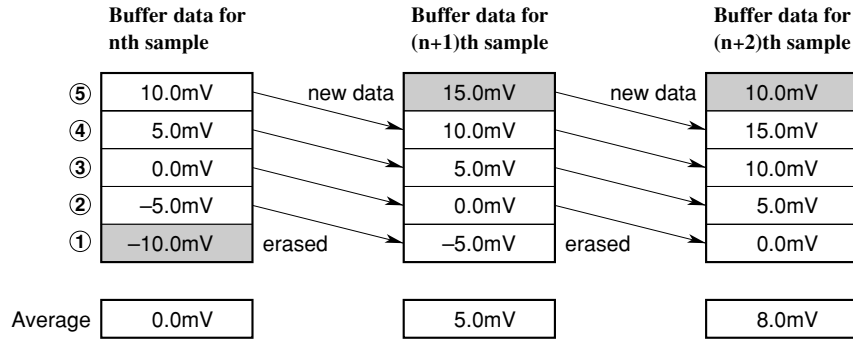Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.3.2 How to Assign Different Colors to Channels (Dot Model)

You can assign any of the six provided colors to any channel. The initial setting is as follows:

ch.1, 7, 13, 19 = purple
ch.2, 8, 14, 20 = red
ch.3, 9, 15, 21 = green
ch.4, 10, 16, 22 = blue
ch.5, 11, 17, 23 = brown
ch.6, 12, 18, 24 = black

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=COLOR'. Press the ENT-key.

Select the channel No. for which you want to change a color. Then press the ENT-key.

Select the color. Then press the ENT-key. The display '*COLOR SET*' will appear.

The color setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Press the ENT-key to set the color for other channels or press the ESC-key to adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=COLOR' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.4 How to Change Initial Settings for Digital Printouts

This paragraph describes how to change initial settings for digital printouts.
(Note that the selection to trigger the recording to start/stop is explained in 9.9)
9.4.1 How to select channel numbers or tag printout (initial value = 'CH')
9.4.2 How to select scales printout ON/OFF (initial value = 'ON')
9.4.3 How to select the new chart speed printout ON/OFF (initial value = 'OFF')
9.4.4 How to select the record start time printout ON/OFF (initial value = 'OFF')
9.4.5 How to select alarm settings and alarm printout (initial value = 'ON1')
9.4.6 How to select to trigger the periodic printout (initial value = 'INT', 'AUTO')

9.4.1 How to Select Channel Numbers or Tag Printout

You can select channel numbers or tags printed out in the periodic, manual, channel and alarm printout. This also results in displaying tags or channel numbers on the display. The initial value is 'CH', and this setting is common for all channels.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RCD'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'CH/TAG=...' will appear. Select CH or TAG. Press the ENT-key.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the recording settings until the display '*RCD SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RCD' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.4.2 How to Select Scales Printout ON/OFF

You can select to get scales printed on the chart.
Note that the scales will not be printed when the chart speed exceeds 1500 mm/h. (pen model) or 100 mm/h. (dot model).
The initial value is 'ON'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RCD'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'SCL_PR=...' will appear. Select ON or OFF. Press the ENT-key.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the recording settings until the display '*RCD SET*' appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RCD' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.4.3 *How to Select the New Chart Speed Printout ON/OFF*

You can select the new chart speed printed on the chart when the chart speed changes. Note that the chart speed will not be printed when the chart speed exceeds 1500 mm/h. (pen model) or 100 mm/h. (dot model).
The initial value is 'OFF'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RCD'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'SPD_PR=...' will appear. Select ON or OFF. Press the ENT-key.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RCD' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.4.4 *How to Select the Record Start Time Printout ON/OFF*

You can select to get the time printed on the chart when the recording starts. Note that the time will not be printed when the chart speed exceeds 1500 mm/h. (pen model) or 100 mm/h. (dot model).
The initial value is 'OFF'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RCD'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'RCD_PR=...' will appear. Select ON or OFF. Press the ENT-key.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RCD' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.4.5 How to Select Alarm Settings and Alarm Printout

When alarms occur, the channel number, type of alarm and ON/OFF time can be printed on the right side of the chart. It is selectable to get the ON/OFF time of alarms (ON1), the ON time only (ON2) or to get no printout (OFF). Note that alarms will not be printed when the chart speed exceeds 1500 mm/h. (pen model) or 100 mm/h. (dot model).
The initial value is 'ON1', and this setting is common for all channels.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RCD'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'ALM_PR=...' will appear. Select ON1 (ON/OFF time of alarms will be printed), ON2 (ON time only will be recorded) or OFF (no alarm will be recorded). Press the ENT-key.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the recording settings until the '*RCD SET*' display appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RCD' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9.4.6 How to Select to Trigger the Periodic Printout

The selections are structured as follows:
The first selection is to specify whether the periodic printout should be triggered internally or externally.
If you select INTernal, you should set the reference time of the first periodic printout (initial value is '00:00'). Next you have to specify which interval should be used between two periodic printouts. You can choose from AUTO, which means that the interval depends on the chart speed, and MAN, which means that you can specify the interval yourself.
If you select EXTernal, you should also specify this at the settings for the REMOTE option (see 9.8) and the setting is completed.

The initial value is 'INT', 'AUTO'.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RCD'. Press the ENT-key.

Press the ENT-key until the display 'DGT_PR=...' will appear. Select INT (in the case of internal triggering) or EXT (in the case of external triggering). Press the ENT-key.

If you selected INT:
The display 'START=00:00' will appear. Specify the reference time of the first periodic printout using the UP/DOWN-keys. Press the ENT-key. Note that you cannot specify minutes.

Specify which interval between the periodic printouts you prefer. Choose from AUTO (and the interval depends on the chart speed) or MAN (and you can specify the interval yourself). Then press the ENT-key. Note that in case of AUTO, the relation between the chart speed and the printing intervals of periodic printouts will be as shown in the tables below.

Pen Model

Chart Speed	Printing Interval of Periodic Printout
5 to 9 mm/h	no printout
10 to 18 mm/h	every 8 hours
20 to 36 mm/h	every 4 hours
40 to 72 mm/h	every 2 hours
75 to 135 mm/h	every hour
150 to 180 mm/h	every 30 minutes
200 to 320 mm/h	every 20 minutes
360 to 1500 mm/h	every 10 minutes
more than 1500 mm/h	no printout

Dot Model

Chart Speed	Printing Interval of Periodic Printout			
	6 dot	12 dot	18 dot	24 dot
1 to 9 mm/h	no printout	no printout	no printout	no printout
10 to 19 mm/h	every 8 hrs.	every 12 hrs.	every 12 hrs.	every 24 hrs.
20 to 39 mm/h	every 4 hrs.	every 8 hrs.	every 8 hrs.	every 12 hrs.
40 to 50 mm/h	every 2 hrs.	every 4 hrs.	every 4 hrs.	every 8 hrs.
51 to 79 mm/h	every 2 hrs.	every 4 hrs.	no printout	no printout
80 to 100 mm/h	every hour	every 2 hrs.	no printout	no printout
101 to 1500 mm/h	no printout	no printout	no printout	no printout

If you selected MAN:
Specify the interval using the UP/DOWN-keys. You can choose from 10, 15, 20, 30 min and 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24 hrs. Then press the ENT-key. Note that when the printing takes more time than the specified interval, printouts may be skipped.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet.
The display '*RCD SET*' will appear. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key.

If you selected EXT:
The setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. The display '*RCD SET*' will appear. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key. Make sure to specify this also at the settings of the REMOTE option (see 9.8).

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RCD' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.5 How to Select the Type of Bargraph

The µR1800 can display two types of bargraphs:

1) Left-referenced (%) bargraph (NORML)

1 ▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮□□□□□□□□□□

2 ▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

The left side of the bargraph represents the left span value, the right side of the bargraph represents the right span value. The display will show the measured value as a percentage of the span.

2) Center-zero bargraph (CENTR)

1 □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮□□□□□□□□□□□

2 □□□□□□□□□□▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

The center of the bargraph represents the center value of the span. The left side and the right side of the bargraph represent the left and right span values respectively.
This bargraph will display the deviation between the actual measured value and the center of span.

The type of bargraph can be selected for each channel individually.
The initial value for all channels is left-referenced bargraph (NORML).

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=BAR'. Press the ENT-key.

Select the channel No. for which you want to change the type of bargraph.
Press the ENT-key.

Select 'NORML' (for the left-referenced bargraph) or 'CENTR' (for the center-zero bargraph) using the UP/DOWN-keys.
Press the ENT-key. The display '*BAR SET*' will appear.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Press the ENT-key to set the bargraph for other channels or press the ESC-key to adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=BAR' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

NOTE The bargraph has the same resolution as the data shown on the display. By adding/ deleting a digit of the displayed data (done during setting of the recording span), you can affect the resolution of the bargraph. The maximum resolution is 1% (100 steps).

9.6 How to Change the Temperature Unit (for USA)

For the TC or RTD type, the μR1800 will automatically append the temperature unit (˚C or ˚F). The initial value is '˚C', and common for all channels.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Select '˚C' or '˚F' using the UP/DOWN-keys.
Press the ENT-key. The display '*TEMP SET*' will appear.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=TEMP' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

CAUTION
When you change this setting, all settings in the SET Mode will return to their initial values. In the SET UP Mode, the RJC setting (9.2.3) and the input filter setting (9.2.4) will return to their initial values. Other settings in the SET UP Mode will not be affected. For a list, see 6.5

9.7 How to Initialize Settings

The settings which can be initialized concern the settings done in the SET Mode only. This initialization does not affect any settings in the SET UP Mode.
For a list of initial settings of the SET Mode, see 6.5.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=INIT'. Press the ENT-key.

Select 'YES' or 'NO' using the UP/DOWN-keys.
Press the ENT-key. The display '*INIT SET*' will appear.

This setting has been completed, but, in case you selected 'YES', settings have not been initialized yet. This will happen when you leave the SET UP Mode. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key.

When leaving the SET UP Mode, and you want to initialize your settings, press the ESC-key. You will return to the 'SETUP=INIT' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to initialize or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.8 How to Change Initial Settings for the REMOTE Option

This paragraph describes the way to change initial settings for the REMOTE option.
The settings concerning the REMOTE option are always accessible, and data entry will
be ignored if your µR1800 is not equipped with this option.

The /R1 option allows you to execute functions on the µR1800 by a remote trigger
(contact input).
The functions which can be executed by a remote trigger are:
• start/stop the recording (see also 9.8)
• change the chart speed to a preset second chart speed
• have messages printed out (up to 5 messages)
• get a manual printout
• get a periodic printout (see also 9.4.6)
• start/stop TLOG computation (only in combination with the MATH option)
• trigger the IC memory card (only in combination with the IC memory card option).

However, the /R1 terminal has only five terminals, which means that only five functions
can be triggered. The printing out of one message takes up one terminal.
Initially the functions are assigned to the terminals as follows:
1: start/stop the recording (RECORD)
2: change the chart speed to a preset second chart speed (CHART_SPD)
3: get a manual printout (MANUAL_PR)
4: have message 1 printed out (MESSAGE1)
5: have message 2 printed out (MESSAGE2)

The purpose of this setting is to assign the to be triggered functions to the five terminals.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the
ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=REM'. Press the ENT-key.

Select the terminal No. (CONT 1 to 5) (/R1 has five terminals.) Press the ENT-key.

Select the function which you want to assign to that terminal. You can choose from
RECORD (start/stop recording) (see also 9.9), CHART_SPD (second chart speed),
MESSAGE1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 (message No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5), MANUAL_PR (manual printout),
DGT_PR (periodic printout), TLOG or IC_TRIG.
Press the ENT-key. The display '*REM SET*' will appear.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Press the ENT-key to set
other terminals or press the ESC-key to adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-
key to return to the 'SETUP=REM' display and then select the 'SETUP=END'
display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or
'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will
appear.

9.9 How to Select to Trigger the Recording to Start/Stop

The start/stop of the recording can be triggered by
• the RCD-key on the keyboard (INTernally triggered), or by
• remote control input (EXTernally triggered).
The initial value is 'INT'.

Note that if you specify the recording to start/stop in the REMOTE set up (as 'RECORD' in 9.7), and you fail to specify EXT here, the recording start/stop will not be controlled by remote control.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=RCD'. Press the ENT-key.

The display 'RECORD=...' will appear. Select INT or EXT. Press the ENT-key.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. Before you can adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, you have to finish the recording settings until the '∗RCD SET∗' display appears.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Proceed with the recording settings until the '∗RCD SET∗' display appears. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=RCD' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

9. CHANGING INITIAL SETTINGS

9.10 How to Change Key-lock Settings

You can choose to use the key-lock or not.

'**NOT**' : all keys are operable, even when the key is removed from the key-hole.

'**USE**' : to select to 'USE' the key-lock affects the 3 modes in different ways.

Operation Mode:
• Even if you disable the keys (by removing the key from the key-hole), you can still change displays (as in 5.3.8).
• If you disable the keys (by removing the key from the key-hole), you cannot operate FUNC in the Operation Mode.
• The keys RCD/PRINT/ALARM ACK/FEED can be unlocked/locked individually.

SET Mode:
If you disable the keys (by removing the key from the key-hole), you cannot enter the SET Mode. If you try, the display will not change.

SET UP Mode:
Even if you disable the keys (by removing the key from the key-hole), you can always enter and operate the SET UP Mode.

The initial values are 'NOT' and 'LOCK' for all keys.

SETTING PROCEDURE:
Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

Use the UP/DOWN-keys to select the display 'SETUP=LOCK'. Press the ENT-key.

Select to USE the key-lock or NOT. Press the ENT-key. In the case you selected NOT, the setting is completed.

Select for the RCD, FEED, ALARM ACK and PRINT-key respectively to have them LOCKed or to have them FREE. Press the ENT-key after each selection.
The display '*LOCK SET*' will appear.

This setting has been completed, but has not been stored yet. You can now adjust other settings in the SET UP Mode, by using the ESC-key.

Before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store your new settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=LOCK' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

Chapter 10 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

MODELS   1, 2, 3 and 4 pen; 6 dot, 12 dot, 18dot and 24 dot printing model

TYPES   DCV : Direct Voltage input 20mV to 20V range.
TC   : Thermocouple.
RTD : Resistance Temperature Detector.
DI   : Digital Input (contact or DC Voltage, TTL level).
DCA : Direct Current Input (using external shunt resistor (10Ω, 100Ω, 250Ω)).

Measuring Range: selectable per channel

Input Type	Range	Measuring Range
DCV	20mV	–20.00 to 20.00mV
	60mV	–60.00 to 60.00mV
	200mV	–200.0 to 200.0mV
	2V	–2.000 to 2.000V
	6V	–6.000 to 6.000V
	20V	–20.00 to 20.00V

	Range	Measuring Range °C	Measuring Range °F
TC	R ^{*1}	0.0 to 1760.0°C	32 to 3200°F
	S ^{*1}	0.0 to 1760.0°C	32 to 3200°F
	B ^{*1}	0.0 to 1820.0°C	32 to 3308°F
	K ^{*1}	–200.0 to 1370.0°C	–328 to 2498°F
	E ^{*1}	–200.0 to 800.0°C	–328.0 to 1472.0°F
	J ^{*1}	–200.0 to 1100.0°C	–328.0 to 2012.0°F
	T ^{*1}	–200.0 to 400.0°C	–328.0 to 752.0°F
	N ^{*2}	0.0 to 1300.0°C	32 to 2372°F
	W ^{*3}	0.0 to 2315.0°C	32 to 4199°F
	L ^{*4}	–200.0 to 900.0°C	–328.0 to 1652.0°F
	U ^{*4}	–200.0 to 400.0°C	–328.0 to 752.0°F
	PLT	0.0 to 1400.0°C	32 to 2552.0°F
	PR	0.0 to 1900.0°C	32 to 3452.0°F

	Range	Measuring Range °C	Measuring Range °F
RTD	PT100 ^{*5}	–200.0 to 600.0°C	–328.0 to 1112.0°F
	JPT100 ^{*5}	–200.0 to 550.0°C	–328.0 to 1022.0°F
	JP50	–200.0 to 600.0°C	–328.0 to 1112.0°F
	CU1 to 6 (Cu10)	–200.0 to 300.0°C	–328.0 to 572.0°F
	CU25 (Cu25)	–200.0 to 300.0°C	–328.0 to 572.0°F

	Range	Measuring Range
DI	Voltage input	less than 2.4V is OFF, more than 2.4V is ON(TTL)
(Digital Input)	Contact input	contact ON/OFF

*1 R, S, B, K, E, J, T: ANSI, IEC 584, DIN IEC 584, JIS C 1602-1981
*2 N: Nicrosil-Nisil, IEC 584, DIN IEC 584
*3 W: W·5%Re / W·26%Re (Hoskins Mfg. Co.)
*4 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710   U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710
*5 PT100: JIS C 1604-1989, JIS C 1606-1989, IEC 751, DIN IEC 751
    JPT100: JIS C 1604-1981, JIS C 1606-1989

Calculation:	Differential computation:	Between any two channels, however reference channel No. must be less than measuring channel No. Available for DCV, TC, and RTD range. Both channels must have same range.
	Linear scaling: (scaling)	Available for DCV, TC and RTD range. Scaling limits: –20000 to 20000 Data display & printout range: –19999 to 20000 Decimal point: user selectable (should be specified when entering scale value) Unit: user settable, up to 6 characters (alphanumerical & special characters).
	Square root:	Available for DCV range. Scaling limits: –20000 to 20000 Data display & printout range: –19999 to 20000 Decimal point: user selectable. Unit: user settable, up to 6 characters (alphanumerical & special characters).

Measuring and Recording Accuracy: (following specifications apply to operation of the recorder under standard operation conditions: temperature 23 ±2°C, humidity 55±10% RH, power supply voltage according to the specifications, power supply frequency 50/60Hz ±1%, warm-up time at least 30 minutes, other ambient conditions should not adversely affect the recording operation).

Input	Range	Measuring (digital display)		Recording (analog)	
		Meas. Accuracy	Max. Resolution	Rec. Accuracy	Resolution
DCV	20mV	± (0.2% of rdg + 3 digits)	10µV	measurement accuracy ± (0.3% of recording span)	pen: dead band: 0.2% of recording span dot: 0.1mm
	60mV	± (0.2% of rdg + 2 digits)	10µV		
	200mV	± (0.2% of rdg + 2 digits)	100µV		
	2V	± (0.1% of rdg + 2 digits)	1mV		
	6V	± (0.3% of rdg + 2 digits)	1mV		
	20V	± (0.3% of rdg + 2 digits)	10mV		

Input	Range	Meas. Accuracy	Max. Resolution	Rec. Accuracy	Resolution
TC	R S B	± (0.15% of rdg + 1°C) but R, S: 0 to 100°C, ±3.7°C 100 to 300°C, ±1.5°C B: 400 to 600°C, ±2°C accuracy less than 400°C is not specified	0.1°C	measurement accuracy ± (0.3% of recording span)	pen: dead band: 0.2% of recording span dot: 0.1mm
	K	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C) but –200 to 100°C ± (0.15% of rdg + 1°C)			
	E	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.5°C)			
	J T	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.5°C) but J: –200 to –100°C ± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C)	0.1°C		
	N	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C)			
	W	± (0.15% of rdg + 1°C)			
	L U	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.5°C) but L: –200 to –100°C ± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C)	0.1°C		
	PR40-20 0 to 450 450 to 750 750 to 1100 1100 to 1900	not specified ± (0.9% of rdg + 3.2°C) ± (0.9% of rdg + 1.3°C) ± (0.9% of rdg + 0.4°C)	0.1°C		
	PRATINEL	± (0.25% of rdg + 2.3°C)	0.1°C		

RTD meas. current = 1mA	PT100 JPT100	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.3°C)	0.1°C	measurement accuracy ± (0.3% of recording span)	pen: dead band: 0.2% of recording span dot: 0.1 mm
	JPt50 Cu10	± (0.3% of rdg + 0.5°C)			
	(Cu1 to 6)	± (0.4% of rdg + 1.0°C)			
	Cu25	± (0.3% of rdg + 0.8°C)			

Note : Recording span is 180mm.

Accuracy in Case of Scaling:

Accuracy during scaling (digits) =

measuring accuracy (digits) × multiplier + 2 digits (rounded up)

where the multiplier = scaling span digits / measuring span digits

Example: DCV 6V range

measuring span: 1.000 to 5.000V

scaling span: 0.000 to 2.000

measuring accuracy =   ± (0.3% × 5V + 2 digits)

           ± (0.015V [15 digits] + 2)

           ± (17 digits)

multiplier =   2000 digits (0.000 to 2.000) / 4000 digits (1.000 to 5.000V) = 0.5

Accuracy during scaling = 17 digits × 0.5 + 2 = 11 digits (rounded up)

Maximum Allowable Input Voltage:

Less than 2VDC ranges and TC ranges: ±10VDC (cont.)

6V to 20VDC: ±30VDC (cont.)

Reference Junction Compensation:

INT/EXT selectable (per channel)

Reference Junction Compensation Accuracy (above 0°C):

Type R, S, B, W: ±1°C

Type K, J, E, T, N, L, U: ±0.5°C

Measurement Interval:

A/D Frequency	100ms	50/60Hz
pen model	—	125ms
6 dot model	2.5s	2.5s
12 dot model	5s	2.5s
18 dot model	10s	2.5s
24 dot model	10s	2.5s

A/D Integration Time: AUTO: 20ms (50Hz) or 16.7ms (60Hz), selected automatically

50Hz: 20ms

60Hz: 16.7ms

100ms (dot model)

TC Burnout: ON/OFF selectable (per channel).

Burnout upscale/downscale selectable (common for all channels).

Normal: less than 2kΩ, burnout: more than 10MΩ.

Measuring current: approx. 100nA.

Filter: pen : Signal damping (ON/OFF selectable per channel, in case of ON: time constant from 2, 5, 10 sec selectable per channel).

dot : Moving average (ON/OFF selectable per channel, in case of ON: averaging times from 2 to 16).

RECORDING and PRINTING

Recording Method: pen : Disposable felt pens, plotter pen

dot : 6 Color wire dot

Pen Offset Compensation: ON/OFF selectable, for pen model only

Effective Recording Width: 180mm

Chart: plain-paper Z-fold chart (20m)

Step Response Time: Less than 1.5sec (acc. to IEC TC85 method).

10. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Recording Period:	pen : Continuous for each channel.
	dot : max. 6 ch./10 sec, 12ch./15 sec, 18ch./20 sec, 24ch./30 sec, AUTO/FIX selectable
	AUTO : Analog recording interval is depending on the chart speed.
	FIX : Analog recording interval is set to shortest period.
Chart Speed:	pen : 5 to 12000 mm/h (82 increments)
	dot : 1 to 1500 mm/h (1mm step)
Chart Speed Change:	speed 1, speed 2 change by remote control signals (option).
Chart Feed Accuracy:	within ±0.1% (for recordings longer than 1000mm), related to the grid of the chart paper
Recording Colors:	pen : pen1=red, pen2=green, pen3=blue, pen4=violet plotter pen=purple
	dot : ch1,7,13,19= purple, ch2,8,14,20= red, ch3,9,15,21= green, ch4,10,16,22= blue,
	ch5,11,17,23= brown, ch6,12,18,24= black (color can be assigned to any channel).

Recording Format:

1 Analog Recording:

Zone recording:	span more than 5mm, 1mm step
Partial expanded recording:	Boundary position: 1 to 99%
(dot model only)	Boundary value: within recording span

2 Digital Printout:

Channel or tag printout:	Channel number or tag will be printed during analog recording. Every 25mm this print will occur. Selectable, common for all channels.
Alarm printout:	At the right side of the chart, channel No. or tag, type of alarm, ON/OFF time (h/m) will be printed. It is selectable to get ON/OFF-time of alarms printed, or ON-time only, or no alarms (common for all channels).
Periodic printout:	At the left side of the chart, date (m/d), time (h/m), chart speed, and measured data of every channel will be printed. Printing interval is INT/EXT selectable.
	INT: Using internal timer. Depending on chart speed or on interval which is selectable (up to 24 hours).
	EXT: Using remote control option.

• Channel No. or TAG printout: Selectable, common for all channels.
• Printout of measured data: ON/OFF selectable for each channel.

• Scale printout:	For 40mm zones and bigger, at 0% and 100% values will be printed. (When using partial expanded recording, boundary value will also be printed.) ON/OFF selectable, common for all channels. Printout of recording colors
Message printout:	Using keyboard or remote control option. Up to five messages. Contents: time (h/m) and message (up to 16 characters).
Record start time:	Time (h/m) will be printed when recording starts, ON/OFF selectable.
Chart speed printout:	Time (h/m) when chart speed is changed will be printed. ON/OFF selectable.
List printout:	Listings of range and alarm settings, etc. will be printed.
SET UP list printout:	Listings of settings in SET UP Mode will be printed.
Manual printout:	Using keyboard or remote control option.

Relation between Chart Speed and Printout:

Pen Model

Recording Chart Speed	Periodic Printout	Alarm Printout/ Message Printout/ Recording Start Time/ Time of Chart Speed Change/ Channel or Tag Printout
5 to 9mm	no printout	printout
10 to 1500mm	printout	
1600 to 12000mm	no printout	

Dot Model

Chart Speed	Periodic Printout		Alarm Printout/ Time of Chart Speed Change/ Recording Start Time/ Message Printout/ Channel or Tag Printout	
	6, 12 dot	**18, 24 dot**	**6, 12 dot**	**18, 24 dot**
1 to 9 mm/h	no printout	no printout	printout	printout
10 to 50 mm/h	printout	printout	printout	printout
51 to 100 mm/h	printout	no printout	printout	no printout
101 to 1500 mm/h	no printout	no printout	no printout	no printout

Relation between Chart Speed and Intervals of Periodic Printout:

Pen Model

Chart Speed	Printing Interval of Periodic Printout
5 to 9 mm/h	no printout
10 to 18 mm/h	every 8 hours
20 to 36 mm/h	every 4 hours
40 to 72 mm/h	every 2 hours
75 to 135 mm/h	every hour
150 to 180 mm/h	every 30 minutes
200 to 320 mm/h	every 20 minutes
360 to 1500 mm/h	every 10 minutes
more than 1500 mm/h	no printout

Dot Model

Chart Speed	Printing Interval of Periodic Printout			
	6 dot	12 dot	18 dot	24 dot
1 to 9 mm/h	no printout	no printout	no printout	no printout
10 to 19 mm/h	every 8 hrs.	every 12 hrs.	every 12 hrs.	every 24 hrs.
20 to 39 mm/h	every 4 hrs.	every 8 hrs.	every 8 hrs.	every 12 hrs.
40 to 50 mm/h	every 2 hrs.	every 4 hrs.	every 4 hrs.	every 8 hrs.
51 to 79 mm/h	every 2 hrs.	every 4 hrs.	no printout	no printout
80 to 100 mm/h	every hour	every 2 hrs.	no printout	no printout
101 to 1500 mm/h	no printout	no printout	no printout	no printout

DISPLAY

Display Method: VFD (5 × 7 dot matrix, 20 characters).

Digital Display:

AUTO	Channel No. or tag, type of alarm, measured values, unit (front 3 digits), for each channel alternately
MAN	Channel No. or tag, type of alarm, measured values, unit (front 3 digits), for one specific channel
CLOCK	Year / month / date and hour / min / sec will be displayed
VIEW	Status for IC Memory Card and TLOG function will be displayed

Bargraph Display:

Measured data	Left-centered (%) bargraph and center-zero bargraph (selectable for each channel).
Alarm	Setting level of alarm, in case of alarm: flashing display.

Other Displays:
- RCD: recording in progress
- POC: Pen Offset Compensation (pen model only)
- SET: SET Mode
- AUTO: Auto display is used
- MAN: Manual display is used
- CLK: Clock display is used
- ALM: shared alarm (not corresponding to any channel)
- CHT: Chart end indicator (optional)
- BAT: low battery

ALARM

Number of Levels: Up to four levels for every channel (High, Low, Delta high, Delta low, High rate-of-change, Low rate-of-change selectable)
Interval time of rate-of-change alarm is the measuring interval multiplied by 1 to 15 (selectable, and common for both rate-of-change alarms).

Display:

| Set value:	Is indicated as a segment on the bargraph.
In case of alarm:	This segment will start flashing on the bargraph and the digital display will show the type of alarm. The alarm indicator in different display will show alarm.

Hysteresis: Approx. 0.5% of recording span (only High, Low) and 0%, selectable (common for all channels and all levels).

Alarm Indication When ALARM ACK-key is Pressed:

Non-Hold type: Alarm display is not affected when the ALARM ACK-key is pressed.

Hold type: When alarm occurs, alarm indicator will start flashing. After pressing the ALARM ACK-key, the indicator will show the status of the alarm.

Hold type:

'ACK'   'ACK'

Alarm ON

Alarm OFF   or

Indicator BLINK
Indicator ON
Indicator OFF
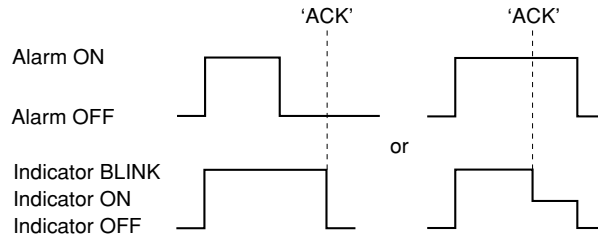
Non-Hold type:
No action will occur when ACK-key is pressed.
ALM indicator depends on alarm status.

PERFORMANCE and CHARACTERISTICS

Input Resistance: more than 10MΩ (TC, 20mV, 60mV, 200mV, 2V range)
approx. 1MΩ (6, 20V range).

Input Source Resistance: DCV, TC input: less than 2kΩ
RTD input: less than 10Ω/wire. (Resistance is balanced between 3 wires)

Input Bias Current: less than 10nA (however, when burnout is specified for TC: 100nA).

Maximum Common Mode Voltage:
250VAC rms (50/60Hz)

Maximum Differential Noise Between Channels (50, 60Hz):
250VAC rms

Interference Between Channels:
120dB (Rg = 500Ω, the deviation in case 30V is applied to another channel)

Common Mode Rejection Ratio:
120dB (50/60Hz ±0.1%, 500Ω imbalance between ⊖ terminal and ground)

Normal Mode Rejection Ratio:
40dB (50/60Hz ±0.1%)

Insulation Resistance: each terminal to ground terminal: more than 20MΩ (measured at 500VDC).

Dielectric Strength:
power supply to ground terminal: 1500VAC(50/60Hz), 1 min
contact output terminal to ground: 1500VAC(50/60Hz), 1 min
measuring input terminal to ground: 1000VAC(50/60Hz), 1 min
between measuring input terminals: 1000VAC(50/60Hz), 1 min
(except for RTD)
REMOTE terminal to ground: 500VAC, 1mm

EMC Conformity Standard(for standard model except for /P1 model)

EMI   EN55011: Class A
EMS   EN50082-2

IEC1000-4-2: Electrostatic Discharge	8 kV(Air) 4 kV(Contact)	Performance Criteria B
IEC1000-4-3: Radiated fields	80MHz-1000MHz 10V/m	Performance Criteria A (Pen Model: ± 5% of Range) (Dot Model: ± 20% of Range)
IEC1000-4-4: Fast Transient	AC power line 2kV The others 1 kV	Performance Criteria B
IEC1000-4-6: Conducted Disturbance	0.15MHz - 80MHz, 10V	Performance Criteria A (± 5% of Range)
IEC1000-4-8: Magnetic Field	50Hz, 30A/m	Performance Criteria A

CONSTRUCTION

Mounting: Flush Panel Mounting (vertical), mounting next to each other (horizontal).
                         Mounting may be inclined up to 30°, rear below front (with horizontal base).

Allowable Panel Thickness: 2 to 26mm.

Material: Case: drawn steel, front door: aluminium die casting.

Finish: Case and door-frame: lampblack (Mansell 0.8Y 2.5 / 0.4 or equivalent).

Door: Splash-proof (in accordance with DIN 40050-IP54).

Dimensions: 288(W) × 288(H) × 220(D) mm

Weight:

1 pen model	8.9kg	6 dot printing model	9.1kg
2 pen model	9.0kg	12 dot printing model	9.4kg
3 pen model	9.2kg	18 dot printing model	9.5kg
4 pen model	9.4kg	24 dot printing model	9.6kg

POWER SUPPLY

Rated Power Voltage: for others than /P1 model; 100 to 240VAC, automatically selected depending on the
                            power supply voltage.
                            45 to 65Hz, automatically adjusted.
                            /P1 model; 24VDC

Usuable Power Voltage Ranges: for others than /P1 model; 90 to 132, 180 to 250VAC
                                   /P1 model; 21.6 to 26.4VDC

Rated Power Frequency: 50/60Hz, no need to change switches (for others than /P1 model)

Power Consumption: (for others than /P1 model)

	100VAC Power Source	240VAC Power Source	max.
4 pen	30VA*	40VA*	70VA
dot	23VA*	32VA*	70VA

*: in balance
/P1 model; 23VA (4 pen), max 50VA

NORMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

Power Voltage: for others than /P1 model; 90 to 132, 180 to 250VAC
                            /P1 model; 21.6 to 26.4VDC

Power Frequency: 50Hz ±2%, 60Hz ±2% (for others than /P1 model)

Ambient Temperature: 0 to 50°C

Ambient Humidity: 20 to 80% RH (at 5 to 40°C)

Vibration: 10 to 60Hz, less than 0.02G

Shock: not permissible

Magnetic Field:	less than 400AT/m (DC and 50, 60Hz)	
Noise:	Normal Mode (50, 60Hz)	
	DCV	Peak value including signal must be less than 1.2 times the measuring range.
	TC	Peak value including signal must be less than 1.2 times the measuring mV.
	RTD	less than 50mV.
	Common Mode (50, 60Hz)	less than 250VAC rms for the whole range.

Maximum Differential Noise Between Channels (50, 60Hz):
less than 250VAC rms

Operating Position:	frontwards: 0° backwards: within 30°

Warm-up Time:	at least 30 minutes after the power has been turned ON.

EFFECT OF OPERATION CONDITIONS

Effect of Ambient Temperature:
Effect of ambient temperature variation of 10°C,
Digital display: within ± (0.1% of rdg + 1 digit)
Recording: within Digital display ±0.2% of recording span (excluding RJC-error)

Effect of Power Supply: Effect of variation in rated power supply voltage: (50 or 60Hz is reference, rated power supply voltage is according to specifications)
Digital display: within ±1 digit
Recording: within ±0.1% of recording span
Effect of rated power frequency variation of ±2Hz (100VAC is reference):
Digital display: within ± (0.1% of rdg + 1 digit)
Recording: same as digital display

Effect of Magnetic Field: Effect of AC (50/60Hz) or DC 400AT/m field:
Digital display: within ± (0.1% of rdg + 10 digit)
Recording: within ±0.5% of recording span

Effect of Input Source Resistance:
Effect of Input Source Resistance variation of +1kΩ:
DCV range:
Ranges less than 2V: within ±10μV
Ranges more than 6V: within –0.1% of rdg
TC range: within ±10μV (However ±100μV when TC burnout protection is set)
RTD range:
Effect of 10Ω per wire (resistances of three wires must be equal):
Digital display: within ± (0.1% of rdg + 1 digit)
Recording: within Digital display ±0.1% of recording span
Effect of difference of three wires: Digital display: 0.1°C per 40mΩ (approx.)

Effect of Operating Position:
Digital display: within ± (0.1% of rdg + 1 digit) (within 30° backwards)
Recording: within Digital display ±0.1% of recording span (within 30° backwards)

Vibration: Effect when sine-wave motion of frequency 10 to 60Hz and acceleration of 0.02G is applied to the instrument in the direction of three axes each for two hours:
Digtal display: within ± (0.1% of rdg + 1 digit)
Recording: within Digital display ±0.1% of recording span

Effect of radio-frequency Common Mode (Except for /P1 model):
Effect of 0.15M-80MHz 10V
Digital display: within ±(5% of range ±1 digit)

Recording: within ±(5% of range)

TRANSPORT and STORAGE CONDITIONS

No malfunction will occur under these conditions, however when returning to normal operation conditions, calibration might be necessary.

Temperature: –25 to 60°C

Humidity: 5 to 95% RH (no condensation)

Vibration: 10 to 60Hz, 0.5G

Shock: less than 40G (inside packings)

OTHER SPECIFICATIONS

Clock: with Calendar function

Accuracy: ±100PPM, however not including error due to turning ON/OFF power

Panel Key-lock: By actual key: panel keys which should not be locked can be assigned

Internal Illumination: Using internal reflection of VFD display

Memory Backup: Lithium battery to preserve setting parameters. Life is approx. ten years (at room temperature, and for standard model) and is installed inside the recorder. If the battery runs out, this will be shown on the front panel indicator.

Machine noise: Machine Noise Information Ordinance 3. GSGV, January 18, 1991: The maximum sound pressure level is equal or less than 60dB (A) according to ISO7779.

SAFETY STANDARDS

Based on: Certified CSA 22.2 No.1010.1
Complies with EN61010-1

Chapter 11 MAINTENANCE

11.1 Periodic Maintenance

Check the recorder operation periodically to keep the recorder in good operation condition.
Especially, check the following items and replace consumable parts such as chart, disposable felt-tip pens, fuse and batteries, etc. as needed.

- Are display and recording functioning properly?
  If not, see chapter 12 'Troubleshooting'.

- Are there blurred or broken sections of recording or printout characters?
  If so, replace the relevant felt-tip pen or plotter pen. For replacement, see 5.2.2.

- Is the chart paper feeding properly?
  If not, see chapter 12 'Troubleshooting'.

- Is there enough chart paper left?
  The remaining chart paper length is printed on the right side margin of the chart at intervals of 15cm. See figure 11.1.
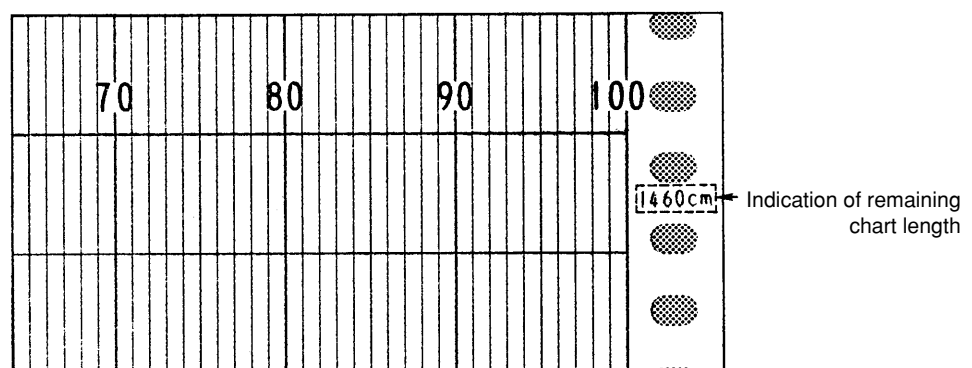 For replacement of the chart paper, see 5.2.1.

Figure 11.1 Indication of Remaining Chart Length

- Is the indicator 'BAT' illuminated or flashing?
  If the indicator is illuminated, the lithium battery needs to be replaced. For replacement, contact your nearest Sales & Service Office. Addresses may be found on the back cover of this manual.
  If the indicator is flashing, the IC Memory Card battery needs to be replaced.
  For replacement, see the IC Memory Card Instruction Manual IM 4H3B1-30E.

WARNING To avoid injury, never replace the lithium battery yourself.

11. MAINTENANCE

11.2 Fuse Replacement ⚠

Replace the fuse at least once every two years for preventive maintenance. To replace the fuse, turn OFF the main power supply.

1 Remove the chart compartment.
   Do this as follows:
   While gently pressing the chart paper compartment lock tab, located in the middle at the lower front, in the direction of the arrow, swing and lift the compartment from the unit.

2 The fuse is now visible in the right lower front of the plate. See also figure 11.2.
   Turn the knob of the fuse holder counterclockwise, and the holder will slide out with the fuse.

3 Make sure that the new fuse rating is correct and mount the new fuse by turning the knob clockwise.
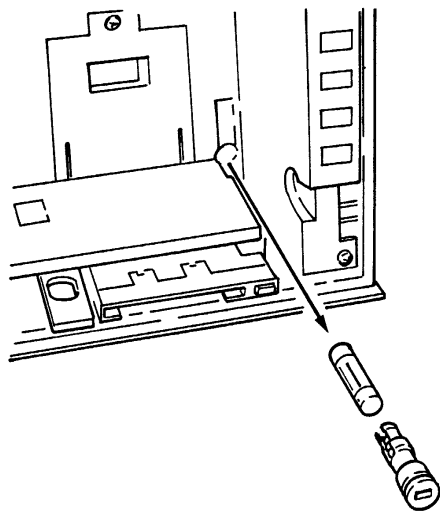
Figure 11.2 Fuse Replacement

WARNING

Before replacing the fuse, make sure to turn OFF the power supply and disconnect the power source. Use only specified fuses which should be obtained from your nearest Sales & Service Office. The use of other fuses might cause fire.

11.3 Pen Adjustment (Pen Model)

It is recommended to adjust the position of the pens once a year.

To adjust the pens, proceed as follows:
• Allow a warm-up time for the recorder of at least 30 minutes. Check that the ambient temperature and humidity are within Normal Operating Conditions (see chapter 10 'General Specifications').

• Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

• Press the ENT-key until the display 'SETUP=P_ADJ' appears. Press the ENT-key.

• You can now select to adjust the ZERO position of the pens (left side of the chart) or the FULL position of the pens (right side of the chart). It is recommended to adjust the ZERO position before the FULL position. After selection press the ENT-key.

• Select the channel number (= pen number) which you want to adjust. Then press the ENT-key.

• Change the numeric value and the pen will move to its new position after having pressed the ENT-key. Continue this procedure until the pen is in its correct position. Changing the value 1 digit will result in a pen movement of approximately 0.01mm. A + change will result in movement to the right. The correct position can be checked by use of the grid on the chart.

• This adjustment has been completed, but before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store these settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=P_ADJ' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

11. MAINTENANCE

11.4 Printer Carriage Adjustment (Dot Model)

It is recommended to adjust the position of the carriage once a year.

To adjust the carriage, proceed as follows:
• Allow a warm-up time for the recorder of at least 30 minutes. Check that the ambient temperature and humidity are within Normal Operating Conditions (see chapter 10 'General Specifications').

• Enter the SET UP Mode by turning 'ON' the power while pressing and holding the ENT-key until the SET UP display appears.

• Press the ENT-key until the display 'SETUP=P_ADJ' appears. Press the ENT-key.

• You can now select to adjust the ZERO position of the carriage (left side of the chart), HYS position of the carriage (middle of the chart) or the FULL position of the carriage (right side of the chart). It is recommended to adjust the HYS position first, and ZERO position before the FULL position.
Select HYS and press the ENT-key.

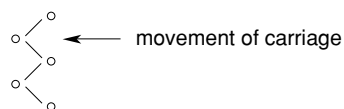**The carriage should print a straight line, but might print as follows:**

movement of carriage   movement of carriage
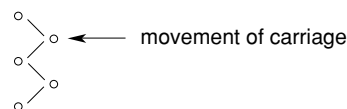
Figure a   **Figure b**

If the line looks like the one shown in figure a, adjust the value on the display to a bigger value. Then press the ENT-key.
If the line looks like the one shown in figure b, adjust the value on the display to a smaller value. Then press the ENT-key.
Continue this procedure until the carriage prints a straight line. Changing the value 1 digit will result in a carriage movement of approximately 0.1mm.

• Then select ZERO. The carriage will print a line on the left side of the chart. This line should be the '0' position. If the line is printed before the '0' position (which can be seen from the grid on the chart), adjust this by entering a bigger value.
After adjusting, press the ENT-key.

• Then select FULL. The carriage will print a line on the right side of the chart.
This line should be the '100' position. If the line is printed before the '100' position (which can be seen from the grid on the chart), adjust this by entering a bigger value.
After adjusting, press the ENT-key.

• This adjustment has been completed, but before leaving the SET UP Mode, you have to store these settings. Press the ESC-key to return to the 'SETUP=P_ADJ' display and then select the 'SETUP=END' display.
Press the ENT-key. Select 'END=STORE' to keep your new settings or 'END=ABORT' and press the ENT-key. After a few seconds, the Operation Mode will appear.

11.5 Calibration

It is recommended to perform a calibration once a year to assure the measuring accuracy.

Required instruments:

DC Voltage Standard: YOKOGAWA Model 2552 or equivalent.
Decade Resistance Box: YOKOGAWA Model 2793-01 or equivalent.

Calibration procedure:

1 Connect the calibration instrument to the input terminals of the recorder as shown in figures 11.3, 4 , 5 or 6 and allow the recorder to warm up for at least 30 minutes. Allow the instrument to warm up according to its specifications.
2 Check that the ambient temperature and humidity are within Normal Operating Conditions (see chapter 10 'General Specifications').
3 Apply an input corresponding to 0, 50 and 100 percentage of the entered setting range, and calculate errors from the readings on the display.
4 If the error is at any point outside the accuracy limits (for accuracies, see chapter 10 'General Specifications'), contact your nearest Sales & Service Office. Addresses may be found on the back cover of this manual.

NOTE   For a TC input, it is necessary to measure the temperature of the input terminals, and add a voltage corresponding to the reference temperature.

DC Voltage Measurement

The figure blow shows the pen model, but connection should be done in the same way for the dot model.
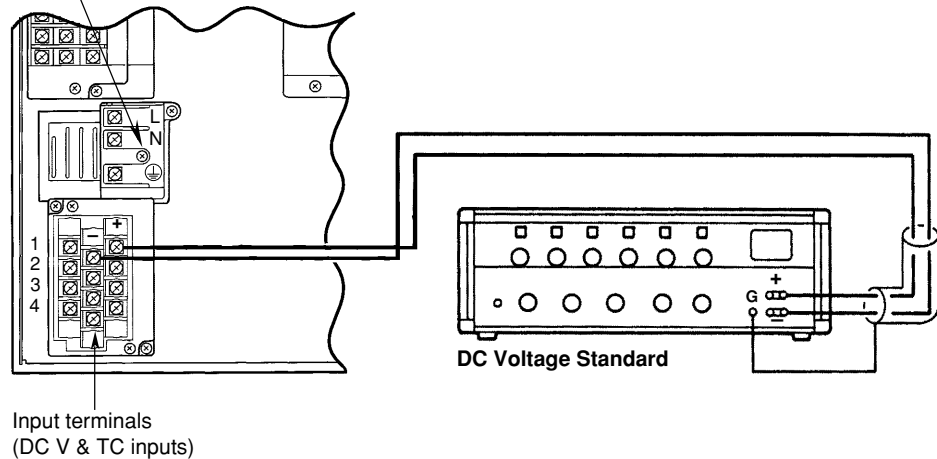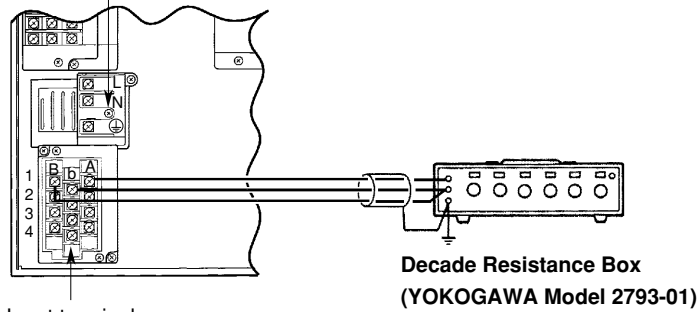
Power Supply terminal
(for others than /P1 model)

Input terminals
(DC V & TC inputs)

Figure 11.3 DC Voltage Measurement

11. MAINTENANCE

Temperature Measurement Using RTD for the Pen Model

Power supply terminal
(for others than /P1 model)

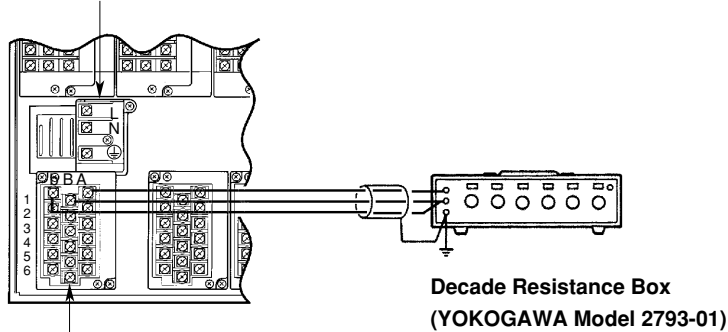**Decade Resistance Box
(YOKOGAWA Model 2793-01)**

Input terminals
(DC V & TC inputs)

Figure 11.4 Temperature Measurement Using RTD (Pen Model)

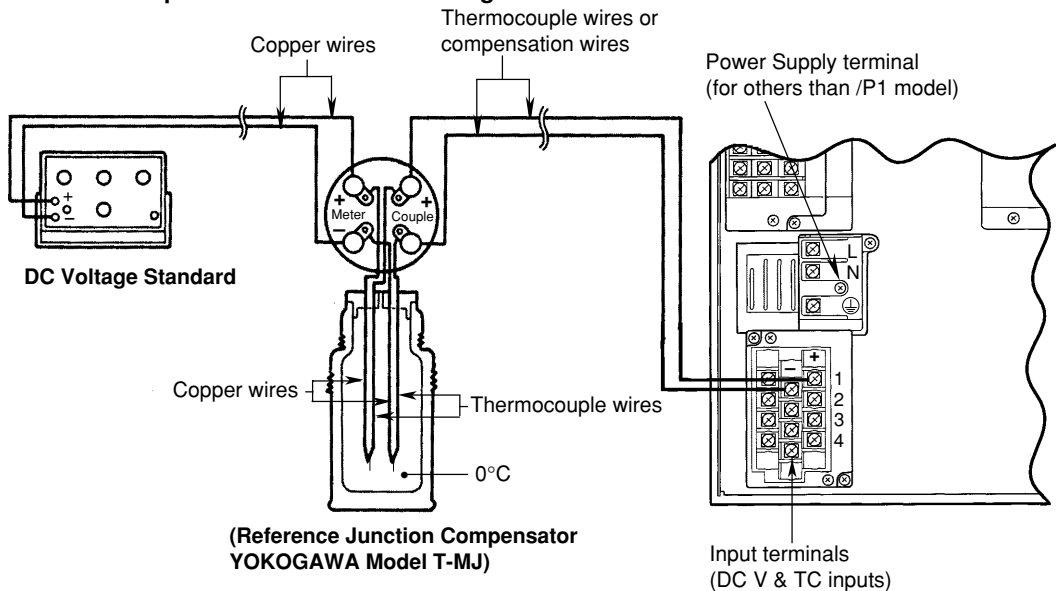## Temperature Measurement Using RTD for the Dot Model

Power supply terminal
(for others than /P1 model)

**Decade Resistance Box
(YOKOGAWA Model 2793-01)**

Input terminals
(RTD inputs)

Figure 11.5 Temperature Measurement Using RTD (Dot Model)

Temperature Measurement Using TC

Copper wires

Thermocouple wires or
compensation wires

Power Supply terminal
(for others than /P1 model)

DC Voltage Standard

Copper wires

Thermocouple wires

0°C

**(Reference Junction Compensator
YOKOGAWA Model T-MJ)**

Input terminals
(DC V & TC inputs)

Reference Junction Compensation for Thermocouple Input
As the temperature at the measurement terminal of the recorder is generally equal to the room temperature, a voltage is applied to the inside circuit to obtain the equivalent of 0°C. Therefore when the measurement terminals are shorted (equivalent to 0°C at detector tip in the reference table) the room temperature (equals the temperature at the measurement terminal) is displayed. As a result, the recorder is measuring the temperature of the input terminal and compensates this value. When calibrating the recorder, the input voltage without subtracting the compensation voltage should be applied (For example, use the YOKOGAWA Model T-MJ reference Junction compensator shown above).

Figure 11.6 Temperature Measurement Using TC

11.6 Cleaning the Plotter Carriage Shaft (Pen Model)

When using the recorder under normal operating conditions, periodically inspect the plotter carriage shaft for dirt. It is recommended that the plotter carriage shaft be cleaned at least once a year.

To clean, proceed as follows:

1 Remove the chart cassette.
2 Two shafts (upside and downside of the plotter carriage) are visible (see figure 11.7). Wipe off dirt with a soft cloth without fibers. If the dirt is persistent, you may use ethyl alcohol.
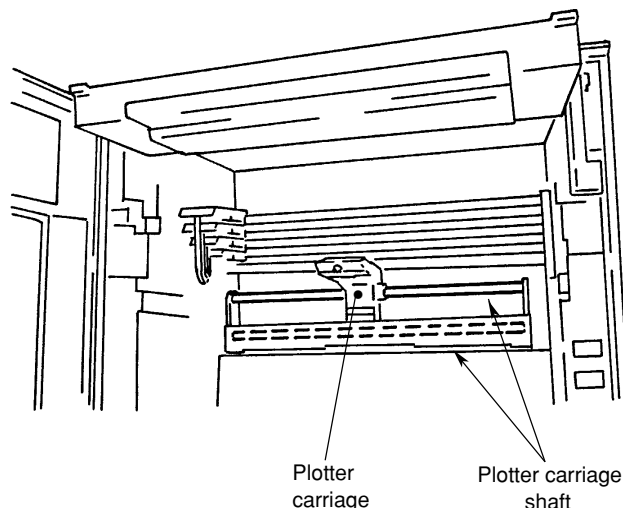
Plotter
carriage

Plotter carriage
shaft

Figure 11.7 Plotter Carriage Shafts

CAUTION

Exercise care not to damage the flexible wiring strip connected to the printer carriage. Do not apply any oil to the shafts.

11.7 Lubrication (Dot Model)

When using the recorder under normal operating conditions, periodically inspect the carriage shaft for adequate lubrication. It is recommended that the carriage shaft be lubricated at least every year.

To lubricate, proceed as follows (see figure 11.8):

1 Wipe off dirt and accumulated oil from the carriage shaft with a soft cloth (without fibers).
2 Use only the specified lubricating oil (spare B9901AZ).
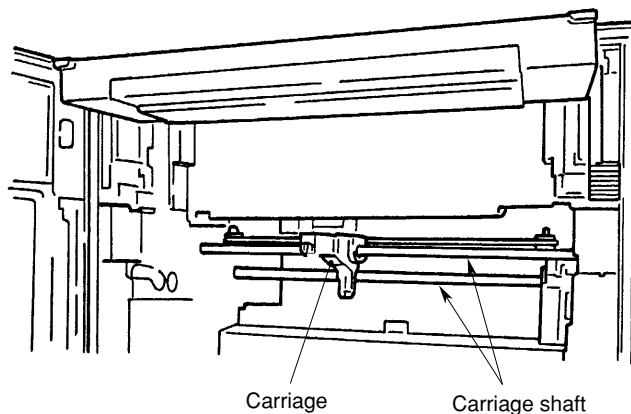3 Put a small amount of lubricating oil on the shaft. Wipe off any excess oil with a soft cloth (without fibers).

Carriage

Carriage shaft

Figure 11.8 Lubrication

11. MAINTENANCE

Chapter 12 TROUBLESHOOTING

This chapter describes the cause and countermeasures to be taken in case errors or failures occur.
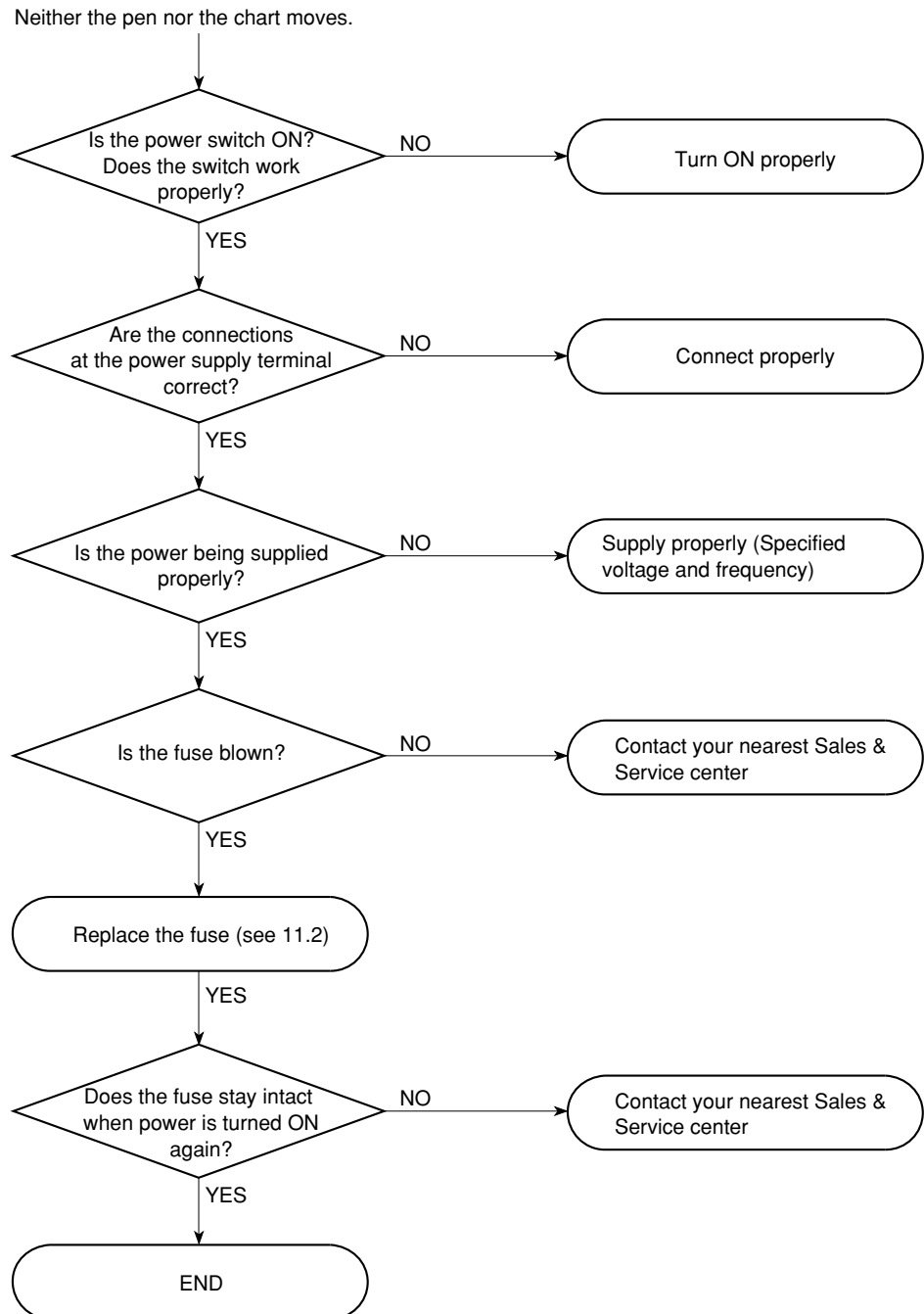
12.1   Error message table
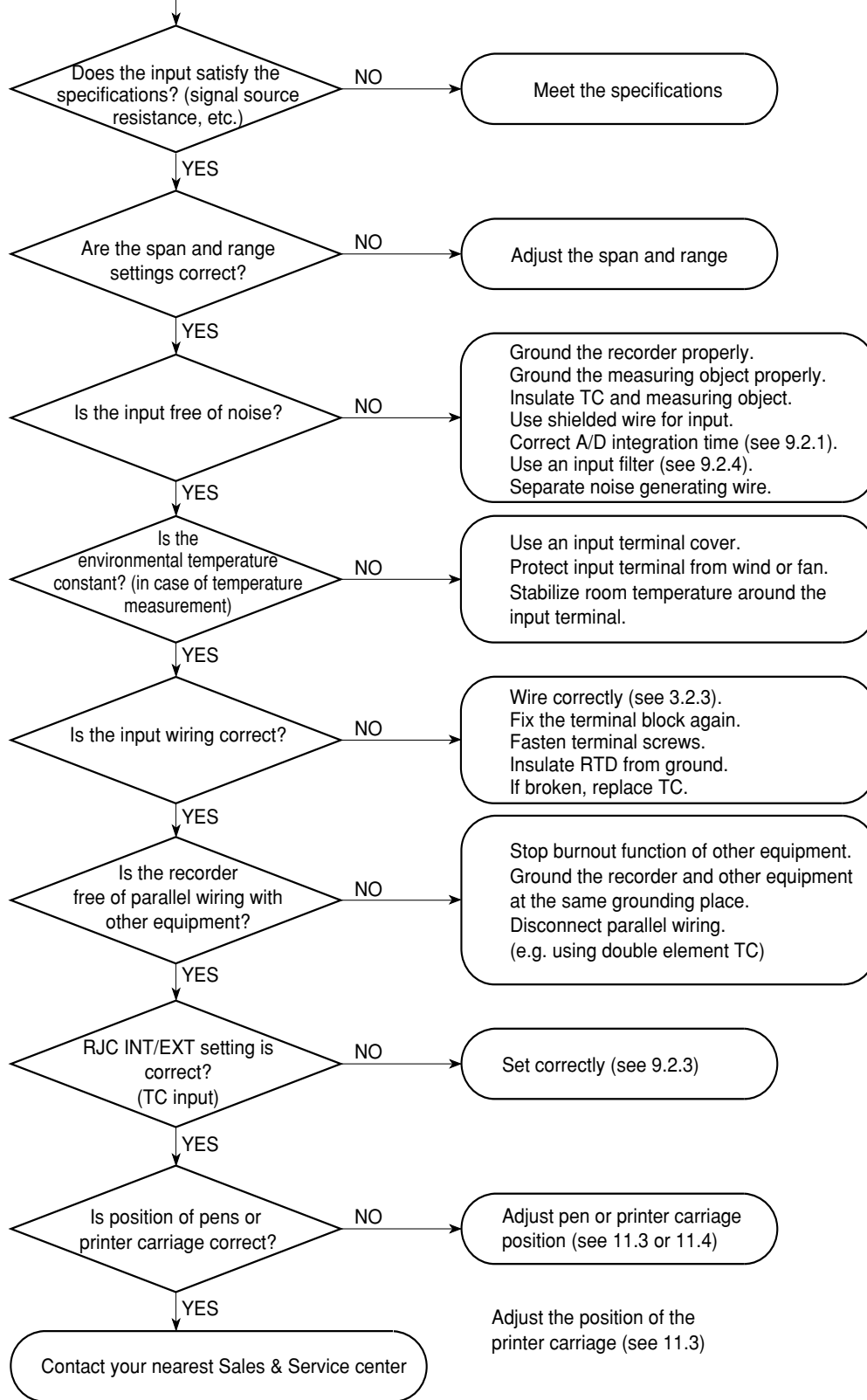12.2   Troubleshooting flow chart

12.1 Error Message Table

Error Message (on display)	Error Description	Countermeasure
ERROR 001	Main recorder related errors other than those below	contact your nearest Service center
ERROR 002	Value entered exceeds allowable setting range	enter correct value
ERROR 003	Time setting error	enter correct time
ERROR 004	Attempted to enter a channel which cannot be selected	enter correct channel
ERROR 005	Illegal parameter concerning IC Memory Card & Communication	see special option manuals IM 4H3B1-10E/ IM 4H3B1-30E
ERROR 006	Attempted to select illegal option	
ERROR 011	Attempted to perform a list, setup, manual or message printout when out of chart	insert chart, see 5.2.1
ERROR 012	Attempted to change pens while recording	stop recording, see 5.2.2
ERROR 040	Reference channel number is larger than the DELTA channel number	enter correct ref. channel, see 7.1.5
ERROR 041	DELTA reference channel set up for SKIP	change range setting, see 7.1
ERROR 042	DELTA reference channel set up for DI	change range setting, see 7.1
ERROR 043	DELTA reference channel set up for SCALE or SQRT	change range setting, see 7.1
ERROR 045	Left span value is same as right span value	change span value, see 7.1
ERROR 046	Left scale value is same as right scale value	change scale value, see 7.1.6
ERROR 060	Attempted to set alarm on SKIP channel	change range setting, see 7.1
ERROR 061	Attempted to set alarm on DI channel	change range setting, see 7.1
ERROR 083	Channel set to PARTIAL has a range set to SKIP	change range setting, see 7.1
ERROR 084	Channel set to PARTIAL has a range set to DI	change range setting, see 7.1
ERROR 086	Left zone value is same as right zone value	change zone value, see 8.1.1
ERROR 087	Left zone value is bigger than right zone value	change zone value, see 8.1.1
ERROR 088	Band between left and right zone values is less than 5mm	change zone value, see 8.1.1
ERROR 160	Communication related error	see special option manual IM 4H3B1-10E
ROM ERROR	System ROM failure	contact your nearest Service center
RAM ERROR	Main memory failure	contact your nearest Service center
NV ERROR 1	Main NV RAM failure	contact your nearest Service center
NV ERROR 2	All A/D NV RAM failure	contact your nearest Service center
AD NV ERR □	ch AD NV RAM failure (□ch will be skipped)	contact your nearest Service center
AD ADJ ERR□	ch A/D calibration data error (□ch will be skipped)	contact your nearest Service center
PLOTTER ERR	Plotter board failure	contact your nearest Service center
COMM ERR	Communication board error	contact your nearest Service center
COMM REMOVE	The communication function is now out of use	contact your nearest Service center

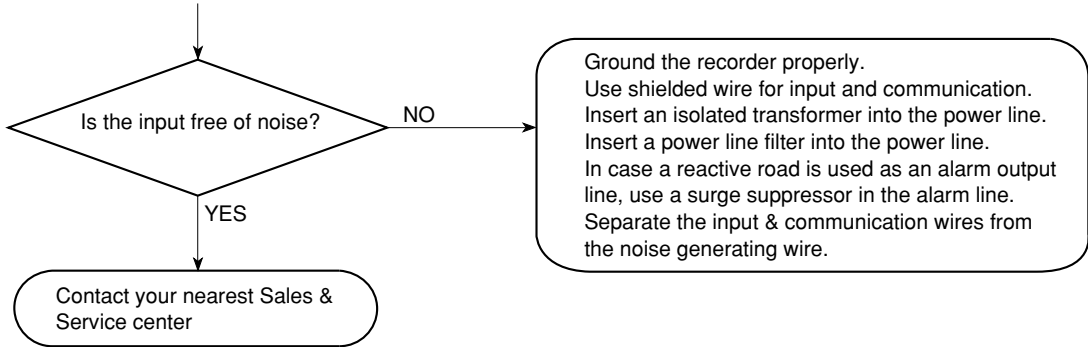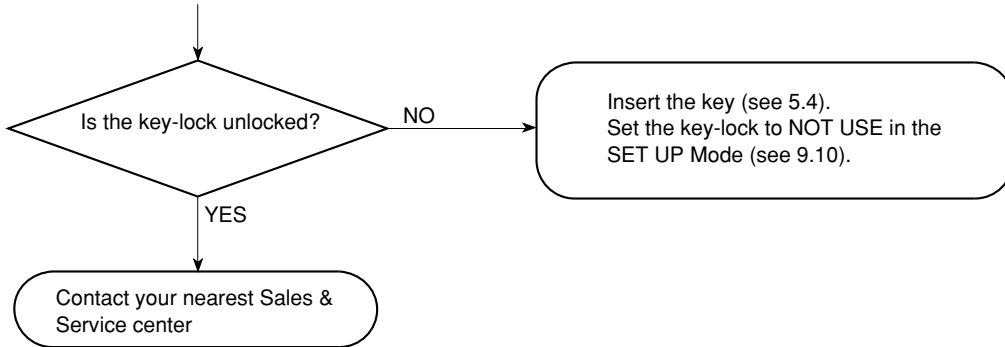| Self Diagnosis Message (printout)	Description
STORE SET UP SETTINGS AGAIN	SET UP settings must be reconfirmed to maintain reliability. Proceed as follows: Enter the SET UP Mode. Select the 'SETUP=END' display. Press the ENT-key and STORE. (see also chapter 9.)

12. TROUBLESHOOTING

12.2 Troubleshooting Flow Chart

Neither the pen nor the chart moves.

Is the power switch ON? Does the switch work properly? — NO → Turn ON properly

YES

Are the connections at the power supply terminal correct? — NO → Connect properly

YES

Is the power being supplied properly? — NO → Supply properly (Specified voltage and frequency)

YES

Is the fuse blown? — NO → Contact your nearest Sales & Service center

YES

Replace the fuse (see 11.2)

YES

Does the fuse stay intact when power is turned ON again? — NO → Contact your nearest Sales & Service center

YES

END

The input value and measured value are very different.
(e.g. pens are staying at 0% or 100% of the chart, big fluctuations.)

```
                    │
                    ▼
        ◇ Does the input satisfy the ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Meet the specifications ]
          specifications? (signal source
          resistance, etc.)
                    │ YES
                    ▼
        ◇ Are the span and range ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Adjust the span and range ]
          settings correct?
                    │ YES
                    ▼
        ◇ Is the input free of noise? ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Ground the recorder properly.
                    │                              Ground the measuring object properly.
                    │                              Insulate TC and measuring object.
                    │                              Use shielded wire for input.
                    │                              Correct A/D integration time (see 9.2.1).
                    │                              Use an input filter (see 9.2.4).
                    │ YES                          Separate noise generating wire. ]
                    ▼
        ◇ Is the environmental temperature ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Use an input terminal cover.
          constant? (in case of temperature             Protect input terminal from wind or fan.
          measurement)                                  Stabilize room temperature around the
                    │                                    input terminal. ]
                    │ YES
                    ▼
        ◇ Is the input wiring correct? ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Wire correctly (see 3.2.3).
                    │                                Fix the terminal block again.
                    │                                Fasten terminal screws.
                    │                                Insulate RTD from ground.
                    │ YES                            If broken, replace TC. ]
                    ▼
        ◇ Is the recorder free of parallel wiring with ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Stop burnout function of other equipment.
          other equipment?                                          Ground the recorder and other equipment
                    │                                                at the same grounding place.
                    │                                               Disconnect parallel wiring.
                    │ YES                                           (e.g. using double element TC) ]
                    ▼
        ◇ RJC INT/EXT setting is correct? ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Set correctly (see 9.2.3) ]
          (TC input)
                    │ YES
                    ▼
        ◇ Is position of pens or ◇ ──NO──▶ [ Adjust pen or printer carriage
          printer carriage correct?                position (see 11.3 or 11.4) ]
                    │ YES
                    ▼                          Adjust the position of the
        [ Contact your nearest Sales & Service center ]   printer carriage (see 11.3)
```

12. TROUBLESHOOTING

Display and functions do not work properly.

```
                    │
                    ▼
        ╱─────────────────────╲
       ╱  Is the input free of  ╲         NO        ┌──────────────────────────────────────────┐
       ╲      noise?            ╱ ──────────────▶   │ Ground the recorder properly.            │
        ╲─────────────────────╱                     │ Use shielded wire for input and          │
                    │                                │ communication.                           │
                   YES                               │ Insert an isolated transformer into the  │
                    │                                │ power line.                              │
                    ▼                                │ Insert a power line filter into the      │
        ┌─────────────────────┐                      │ power line.                              │
        │ Contact your nearest │                     │ In case a reactive road is used as an    │
        │ Sales & Service      │                     │ alarm output line, use a surge           │
        │ center               │                     │ suppressor in the alarm line.            │
        └─────────────────────┘                      │ Separate the input & communication wires │
                                                      │ from the noise generating wire.          │
                                                      └──────────────────────────────────────────┘
```

Panel key does not work properly.

```
                    │
                    ▼
        ╱─────────────────────╲
       ╱ Is the key-lock        ╲        NO         ┌──────────────────────────────────────────┐
       ╲     unlocked?          ╱ ──────────────▶   │ Insert the key (see 5.4).                │
        ╲─────────────────────╱                     │ Set the key-lock to NOT USE in the       │
                    │                                │ SET UP Mode (see 9.10).                  │
                   YES                               └──────────────────────────────────────────┘
                    │
                    ▼
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │ Contact your nearest │
        │ Sales & Service      │
        │ center               │
        └─────────────────────┘
```

TERMINOLOGY

allowable input voltage	The maximum input voltage that can be applied to the input terminals
burnout	Failure of a device due to excessive heat
common-mode rejection ratio	The ability of an amplifier to cancel a common-mode voltage
common-mode voltage	A voltage that appears equally and in phase from each signal conductor with respect to ground. Also known as common-mode noise. Power noise induced from a power transformer is a typical example of this noise (voltage)
dead band	In static characteristics, the range through which an input signal can be varied without initiating an observable change in output signal
DI	Digital Input (contact & voltage level)
dielectric strength	The potential gradient at which electric failure or breakdown occurs
EMI	An abbreviation for Electromagnetic Interference. Impairment of a wanted electromagnetic signal due to an electromagnetic disturbance
error	Any discrepancy between a measured quantity, set-point, or rated value and the ideal value of the measured signal
hysteresis	An effect wherein a given value of a parameter may result in multiple values
input resistance	Resistance measured at the input terminals of an instrument under operating conditions
input source resistance	Resistance of the measuring circuit outside the instrument
ISO	An abbreviation for International Organization for Standardization
noise	An unwanted disturbance superimposed upon an indicated or supplied value, which obscures its information content
normal mode rejection ratio	The ability of certain amplifiers to cancel a normal mode noise, usually expressed in decibels
normal mode voltage	An unwanted input (noise) voltage superimposed on the measurement voltage
reference junction	That thermocouple junction which is at a known or reference temperature
reference junction compensation	A means of counteracting the effect of temperature variations of the reference junction, when allowed to vary within specified limits
reflash	Function to indicate repeating alarm occurences among a group of alarms sharing the same output relay
resistance temperature detector	A detector for measuring temperatures with a change in electrical resistance that is a known function of temperature
resolution	The minimum detectable change of some variables in a measurement system, or a minimum change in supplied quantity that can be set
RS-422-A	The EIA (Electronics Industries Association) approved standard, which established the requirements for serial communications between computers

scaling	Recording of an input in terms of the engineering variable
shunt resistor	Resistor used at the input terminal to transfer a current into a voltage
step response	The behavior of a system when its input signal is zero before a certain time and is equal to a nonzero value after this time
thermocouple	A pair of dissimilar conductors joined at two points so that an electromotive force is developed by the thermoelectric effects when the junctions are different temperatures
TLOG	Time axis logging (MATH option)
TTL	An abbreviation for Transistor/Transistor Logic
VFD	Vacuum Fluorescent Display
warm-up time	The time (after power turn-on) required before its rated performance characteristics apply

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